#### NOTICE OF MEETING

### SHEBOYGAN COUNTY BOARD OF SUPERVISORS

Sheboygan County Courthouse 615 North 6<sup>th</sup> Street, 5<sup>th</sup> Floor Sheboygan WI

# TUESDAY, August 16, 2016 at 6:00 P.M.

In compliance with Rule V under the Rules of Order of the Sheboygan County Board of Supervisors, as County Clerk of Sheboygan County, I herewith submit the following AGENDA.

# **AGENDA**

CALL TO ORDER – Chairperson Thomas G. Wegner

CERTIFICATION OF COMPLIANCE WITH OPEN MEETING LAW

PLEDGE OF ALLEGIANCE

ROLL CALL

APPROVAL OF JULY 19, 2016 JOURNAL

#### CONSIDERATION OF APPOINTMENTS BY COUNTY ADMINISTRATOR.

Emergency Medical Services (EMS) Council
Randy Narbatovics, N1656W County Road A, Adell
(Representing Town Government)

Glacierland Resource Conservation and Development Advisory Board
Julie Stodolka, W4390N County Road A, Plymouth
(Citizen Member)

#### PRESENTATIONS

Judge L. Edward Stengel — Introduction of Judge Kent Hoffmann and Judge Daniel.

Borowski.

Bryan Grunewald, Schenck & Associates – 2015 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

Aaron Brault, Planning & Conservation Director — Update on the Nonmotorized Transportation Pilot Program.

# PUBLIC ADDRESSES

As of the preparation of this Agenda no one has requested to speak. County Board rules allow interested persons to register to speak until 5:00 pm on the Monday before the County Board Meeting.

\*POSTED\* 08.12.16 2:30 PM

# LETTERS, COMMUNICATIONS AND ANNOUNCEMENTS

Items introduced under this heading are either referred to a Committee for action, or received for information. No action is taken at this meeting.

# COUNTY ADMINISTRATOR'S REPORT

The County Administrator's Report is a summary of County activities for the previous month and planned for upcoming months.

# CONSIDERATION OF COMMITTEE REPORTS - EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE

Resolution No. 12 (2016/17) Re: Authorizing Application for Emerald Ash Borer

Mitigation Projects

Committee Recommendation: Adopt

Signed in Opposition: None

Resolution No. 14 (2016/17). Re: Approving Merger of Eastern Shores Library System.

with Mid-Wisconsin Library System.

Committee Recommendation: Adopt

Signed in Opposition: None

Ordinance No. 03 (2016/17) Re: Changing Supervisory District Boundaries to Reflect

Annexation:

Committee Recommendation: Enact

Signed in Opposition: None

Ordinance No. 04 (2016/17) Re: Amending Shoreland Ordinance in Section 30, Town

> of Wilson (.15 Acres of Property – Replacement of Existing Three-span Bridge on Marine Drive Over Barr Creek).

Committee Recommendation: Amend per the

Committee Report and Enact as Amended

Signed in Opposition: None

# CONSIDERATION OF COMMITTEE REPORTS - FINANCE COMMITTEE

Resolution No. 13 (2016/17) Re: Authorizing Sheboygan County to Become a Member.

of the Property Assessed Clean Energy (PACE)

Commission:

Committee Recommendation: Adopt

Signed in Opposition: None

# CONSIDERATION OF COMMITTEE REPORTS - HUMAN RESOURCES COMMITTEE

Resolution No. 11 (2016/17) Re: Dissolving Loss Prevention Committee

Committee Recommendation: Adopt

Signed in Opposition: None

# RESOLUTIONS INTRODUCED

Items introduced under this heading are referred to a Committee for recommendation. No formal action is taken at this meeting unless noted.

Resolution No. 15 (2016/17) (From Finance Committee)

Re: 2017 Five-Year Capital Plan.

Resolution No. 16 (2016/17) (From Law Committee)

Re: Supporting Drug Treatment Court for Sheboygan County

Resolution No. 17 (2016/17) (From Planning, Resources, Agriculture & Extension

Committee)

Re: Approving Land Swap at Amsterdam Dunes

# ORDINANCES INTRODUCED

Itams introduced under this heading are referred to a Committee for recommendation. No formal action is taken at this meeting unless noted.

Ordinance No. 05 (2016/17) (From Law Committee)

Re: Updating Portion of Peace and Good Order Ordinance

(Marijuana/Synthetic Cannablgoid Possession)

Ordinance No. 08 (2016/17) (From Planning, Resources, Agriculture & Extension

Committee)

Re: Repealing and Re-creating Chapter 72, Shoreland

Ordinance

# ADJOURNMENT

Respectfully submitted this 12th day of August, 2016.

NOTES:

Reminder: Expense sheets for the period ending August 15, 2016 are due in the County Clerk's Office no later than Tuesday, August 16, 2016.

The Legislative Breakfast will be held on September 12, 2016 at 8:00 A.M. at the Fountain Park Family Restaurant.

The Legislative Breakfast is a monthly informational question and answer session between Sheboygan County's federal and state legislative delegation and Sheboygan County Supervisors and department heads. Because a majority of the Board or a Committee may attend, it is a meeting open to the public under the Open Meeting law even though there is no formal agenda, no action will be taken, and no minutes are being kept.

Persons with desputies needing estimate to attend or participate are asked to notify the County Clerk's Office at 929,459,3003 prior to the meeting so that accommodalians may be arranged

# JOURNAL OF THE MEETING OF THE SHEBOYGAN COUNTY BOARD OF SUPERVISORS

# July 19, 2016

Pursuant to Wis. Stat. § 59.11, the July 19, 2016 session of the Shebbygan County Board was called to order by Chairperson Thomas Wegner at 6:00 p.m. Chairperson Wegner noted that the notice of meeting was posted on July 15, 2016 at 3:00 p.m. In compliance with the open meeting law. The meeting opened with the Pledge of Allegiance by all present.

The roll call was taken and recorded with 25 Supervisors present.

Supervisor Winkel moved for approval of the June 21, 2016 Journal, which was distributed to all supervisors prior to the meeting. The motion was seconded by Supervisor Glavan and carried on unanimous roll call vote of the board.

# PRESENTATIONS - NONE

#### PUBLIC ADDRESS

- Charles Born, W3224 State Highway 28, Sheboygan Falls One-half Percent County Sales Tax
- 2. Dave Aldag. 4904 Baronwood Way, Sheboygan One-half Percent County Sales Tax.
- Alan Rudnick, 611 Olto Way, Elkhart Lake One-half Percent County Sales Tax.
- Agnes Jackson, 3416 South 10<sup>th</sup> Street, Sheboygan One-half Percent County Sales Tax
- Kayle Gabrielse, N7867 Rangeline Road, Sheboygan One-half Percent County Sales Tax
- Briana Hesselink, 1163 Michigan Avenue, Oostburg One-half Percent County Sales Tax
- Micah Pearce, N4899 Linwood Lane, Sheboygan Falls One-half Percent County Sales Tax (Cancelled request to speak 7/18/16)
- Donald Pohlman, 130 North Bruns Avenue, Plymouth One-half Percent County Sales. Tax
- Jay Hoogstra, N6133 Resource Drive, Sheboygan Falls One-half Percent County Sales Tax
- Glenn Lemmenes, N3567 State Road 32, Sheboygan Falls One-half Percent County Sales Tax
- 11. John Belanger, 2622 North 3<sup>rd</sup> Street, Sheboygan One-half Percent County Sales Tax

#### LETTERS AND COMMUNICATIONS

The Clerk presented a copy of a letter from the Town of Holland Chairman in support of the proposed one-half percent county sales tax. By Chairperson received for information,

The Clerk presented a copy of a letter from Barbara Crosser, Plymouth in support of the proposed one-half percent county sales tax. By Chairperson received for information.

The Clerk presented a resolution from the St. Croix County Board of Supervisors urging the Governor and Legislature to agree upon sustainable funding for Wisconsin's transportation system. By Chairperson referred to the Transportation Committee.

The Clerk presented a resolution from the Polk County Board of Supervisors authorizing a request to the Wisconsin Department of Revenue for a walver from state mandated process concerning Act 261 (2015) and absentee ballots. By Chairperson referred to the Finance Committee.

The Clark presented a resolution from the Outegamie County Board of Supervisors regarding Act 261 (2015) dealing with absentee ballots. By Chairperson referred to the Finance Committee

The Clark presented a resolution from the Outagamie County Board of Supervisors regarding Act 261 (2015) dealing with election night returns. By Chairperson referred to the Finance Committee

The Clerk noted on the supervisors desks is a copy of the County's Comprehensive Annual Finance Report which will be presented by Schenck & Associates at the August 16, 2016 County Board meeting.

# COUNTY ADMINISTRATOR'S REPORT

County Administrator Adam Payne thanked and acknowledged all law enforcement officials, emergency responders and dispatchers for their bravery and public service. Our thoughts and prayers go out to the victims and their families in Dallas and Baton Rouge and those involved in the recent drowning's at the South Pier. Mr. Payne also addressed the County's Transportation Proposal and thanked staff for their role in gathering information, and the Transportation. Finance and Executive Committees' for their essential input and support. Mr. Payne also thanked the Heads of Local Government and the Sheboygan County Economic Development Corporation for their support.

During County Administrator Payne's report, Supervisor Urayner called a point of order on the grounds that the content of the report was outside of the scope of the agenda description. Chairperson Wegner denied her point. Supervisor Uraynar than appealed his decision but did not receive a second and Mr. Payne finished his report

# COMMITTEE REPORTS

The Clerk read the report of the Executive Committee regarding Resolution No. 10 (2016/17) Approving Easement for Shaboygan Water Utility at Esslingen Park recommending adoption.

Supervisor Goehring moved to adopt the resolution. The motion was seconded by Supervisor Winkel and carried on unanimous roll call vote of the board.

The Clerk read the report of the Joint Executive/Finance Committees regarding Ordinance No. 02 (2016/17) Enacting One-half Percent County Sales Tax to Maintain Sheboygan County's Transportation Infrastructure recommending amending as follows:

New Section 7.10 to be created as follows:

7.10 SEVEN-YEAR REVIEW. After January 1, 2024, at which time the sales and use tax will have been in place for seven (7) years, the County Administrator, together with the Finance Director and the Transportation Director, shall prepare a report to the County Board as to the amount of revenue received through the tax since its inception, the amount of debt service reduction realized since its inception, the impact that the tax revenue has had on the stated goal to maintain the County transportation system. The projected future transportation infrastructure needs after 2024, and such other aspects as may be deemed relevant. The report shall contain a recommendation as to whether this Chapter shall be continued and be presented to the County Board no later than June 1, 2024, so that the Board may act on the report's recommendations as it determines may be appropriate for implementation prior to the enactment of the budget for 2025.

The current Sections 7.10 and 7.11 are renumbered to 7.11 and 7.12.

And as so amended recommend the ordinance be enacted.

Supervisor Koch moved to enact the ordinance as amended per the committee report. Supervisor Te Stroete seconded the motion.

Supervisor Otten moved to amend the ordinance as follows: Lines 137 through 147 are amended to read as follows:

(2) The balance shall be assigned as revenue to the Transportation Department Highway Division In its annual budgets, for its use for repair and reconstruction of roads and bridges maintaining and improving its transportation system and capital equipment.

7.08 HIGHWAY CAPITAL BORROWING. In consideration of receiving the sales and use tax revenues, no annual budget of the Transportation Department Highway Division shall include bonding capital projects or—capital equipment related to road and bridge repairs, maintenance, or road and bridge reconstruction unless authorized by the County Board.

The motion was seconded by Supervisor Epping and was defeated on roll call vote of the board of Ayes: 2, Supervisors Bauer, and Otten; Noes: 23.

Ordinance No. 02 was enacted as amended on roll call vote of the board of Ayes; 18, Noes: 7, Supervisors Bauer, Damp, Hilbelink, Marthenze, Ogea, Otten, and Uraynar.

The Clark read the report of the Finance Committee regarding Resolution No. 07 (2016/17) Approving Sale of .68-acre Parce) from Taylor Park Complex to Adjacent Property Owners recommending adaption.

Supervisor Glavan moved to adopt the resolution. The motion was seconded by Supervisor Winkel and carried on unanimous roll call vote of the board.

The Clerk read the report of the Finance Committee regarding Resolution No. 08 (2016/17) Authorizing Purchase of Properties at 616, 618, and 622 Pennsylvania Avenue, Sheboygan recommending adoption.

Supervisor Winkel moved to adopt the resolution. Supervisor Damp seconded the motion which carried on roll call vote of the board of Ayes: 22; Noes: 3, Supervisors Hoffmann, Offen, and Uraynar.

The Clerk read the report of the Finance Committee regarding Resolution No. 09 (2016/17) Authorizing Sale of Elkhart Lake Shed Property recommending adoption.

Supervisor Winkel moved to adopt the resolution. The motion was seconded by Supervisor Glavan and carried on roll call vote of the board of Ayes: 21; Noes: 4, Supervisors Bauer, Beumgart, Otten, and Uraynar.

# (Vice-Chairperson Marthenze presiding)

Pursuant to Rule IV of the Rules of Order, the following resolutions and ordinances were introduced by the Clerk and referred by the Vice-Chairperson as indicated:

Resolution No. 11 (2016/17) Re: Dissolving Loss Prevention Committee referred to the Human-Resources Committee.

Resolution No. 12 (2016/17) Re: Authorizing Application for Emerald Ash Borer Mitigation Projects referred to the Executive Committee.

Resolution No. 13 (2016/17) Re: Authorizing Sheboygan County to Become a Member of the Property Assessed Clean Energy (PACE) Commission referred to the Finance Committee.

Resolution No. 14 (2016/17) Re: Approving Merger of Eastern Shores Library System with Mid-Wisconsin Library System referred to the Executive Committee.

Ordinance No. 03 (2016/17) Re: Changing Supervisory District Boundaries to Reflect Annexation referred to the Executive Committee.

Ordinance No. 04 (2016/17) Re: Amending Shoreland Ordinance in Section 30, Town of Wilson (.15 Acres of Property – Replacement of Existing Three-span Bridge on Marine Drive Over Barr Creek) referred to the Executive Committee.

# ADJOURNMENT

Supervisor Bernis moved to adjourn. Supervisor Winkel seconded the motion which carried on unanimous roll call vote of the board. The meeting was adjourned at 7:50 p.m. The next scheduled meeting is Tuesday, August 16, 2016 at 6:00 p.m.



# SHEBOYGAN COUNTY

Adam N. Payne County Administrator

# TO THE HONORABLE MEMBERS OF THE SHEBOYGAN COUNTY BOARD:

I, Adam Payne, Sheboygan County Administrator, pursuant to Section 43.05 and Ordinance No. 6 (2006/07) of the Sheboygan County Code, having conferred with the County Board Chairperson and the appropriate standing Committee of the County Board, hereby submit for your confirmation the following appointment to the Emergency Medical Services (EMS) Council for term expirations as listed below:

Appointment for remainder of 2-year term explring May, 2017

Randy Narbatovics, N1656W County Road A, Adell WI 53001 (Representing Town Government)

Respectfully submitted this 16th day of August, 2016

Adam N. Payne, County Administrator

# Randy Narbatovics

N1656W CTH A Adell, WI 53001 Phone. 262.343.1975 E-mail: Dmarb@aol.com

# Objectives

To join the county EMS board.

# Experience

Town of Scott Supervisor: For 9 years
Town of Scott Chairman: For 3.26 years
Batavia First Responders: For 9 years (Retired)
Beechwood Fire Department: For 13 years

# Skills

 Finding that happy medium to better the people of the Township while keeping that decision fiscally sound,



# SHEBOYGAN COUNTY

Adam N. Payne County Administrator

# TO THE HONORABLE MEMBERS OF THE SHEBOYGAN COUNTY BOARD:

I, Adam Payne, Sheboygan County Administrator, pursuant to Section 43.05 and Ordinance No. 6 (2006/07) of the Sheboygan County Code, having conferred with the County Board Chairperson and the appropriate standing Committee of the County Board, hereby submit for your confirmation the following appointment to the Glacierland Resource Conservation and Development Advisory Board for a two-year term expiring May, 2018:

Julie Stodolka, W4390 N County Road A, Plymouth WI 53073 (Cilizen Member)

Respectfully submitted this 16th day of August, 2016.

Adam N. Payne, County Administrator

Telephone (920) 459-3103

Encsimile (970) 459.3144

# Julie E. Furman Stodolke W4390 N County Road A Plymouth, W1 53073 920-838-3520; jefstodolka@gmail.com

June 7, 2016

Adam Payne
County Administrator
Sheboygan County Administration Building
508 New York Ave.
Sheboygan, WI 53081

Re: Glacierland Resource Conservation & Development

Dear Mr. Payne

My name is Julie Stodolka and I am a retired attorney living in the Town of Herman. I am writing this letter to tell you of my interest in serving on the Advisory Board for the Glacierland Resource Conservation and Development Council. Both your announcement in the Plymouth Review and my conversation with Kari Divine suggest that my interests and those of Glacierland are well aligned, and I would like to assist in their efforts.

My resume is enclosed. What I want to highlight is what a generalist this background has made me. Although I am not much of an outdoorswoman, and only mediacre even as a gardener, I developed a particular competency in farm bankruptcies during my professional life. I think that reflected my parents' (arm backgrounds, and my father's professional interests as a farm banker in Howards Grove from 1965 to 1989.

To my instinctive interest in farm life, I added a professional appreciation for scientific agriculture. You can't go very far in reorganizing a troubled farm operation without learning some of the large body of knowledge about the technical and managerial challenges of modern agriculture. I had to learn quickly, as I worked for large agri-businesses and also for small dairy farmers trying to modernize along with the big players. I found myself very interested in the subject matter and now I have both awareness of the difficulties of farming and appreciation for the parts of farming that are non-negotiable: the prices, the weather, sometimes the lenders. This seems like a good base from which to advise Glacierland on its projects.

To that farm knowledge base, I can add my personal experience as a business owner in California, and my direct observation of the difficulties of my individual bankruptcy clients, many of whom were involved in traditional Wisconsin manufacturing or public sector jobs. Finally, you can't get much done as a bankruptcy lawyer without interaction with regulatory agencies, and I have always enjoyed that work: Public agencies can be your best ally in getting things done, and I look forward to making more connections in that area.

On the personal side, I am "from here" – born and raised in Southeastern Wisconsin, graduating from Sheboygan North in 1967. Although I went to college, graduate school and law school out of state, and worked the early part of my career as a lawyer in California, my husband Joseph Stodolka and I eventually decided to retire to Wisconsin. We moved here in 2006. I decided to keep on working for a white, particularly as excellent positions became available, and worked as a lawyer in Wisconsin until the beginning of 2015 before I actually retired.

Right now, I am eager to approach problems like job growth, income growth and smart resource use with a commitment to practical workability. Bankruptcy lawyers, more than most lawyers, work with scarce resources and practical limitations, and our actions often have strong, often negative, effects on third parties. I have learned to respect my opponents, and feel humbled by the sacrifices they sometimes have to make to resolve the problems of an insolvent company. It would be a pleasure to put my knowledge base and professional attitudes to work on making and preserving wealth and resources in Northeastern Wisconsin.

Sincerely:

15/

Julie E. Furman Stodolke

# JULIE E. FURMAN STODOLKA

W4390 N Co Rd A Plymouth, WI 53073 (920) B38-3520; <u>lefstodolka@gmail.com</u>

EDUCATION & LICENSES UCLA SCHOOL OF LAW

J.D. 1987; Law Review; Teaching Assistant

UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA, BERKELEY

M.A., 1973; European history

CORNELL UNIVERSITY

A.B., 1971; English & comparative literature; Phi Beta Kappa

Admitted to practice law in California in 1987 and Wisconsin in 2006.

WISCONSIN EXPERIENCE Associate Attorney, Steinhilber, Swanson, Mares, Marone & McDermott, Oshkosh, 2008-2015 and Kerkman & Dunn, Milwaukee, 2006-2008. At both firms I worked on large business bankruptcies; at the Steinhilber firm, I also had a full range of consumer and mortgage cases and developed a specialty in farm bankruptcies. I retired from active practice in January of 2015.

PREVIOUS EXPERIENCE Solo practice, bankruptcy & debtor/creditor law, 1995-2005, in Merced, California Representing individual and business debtors and creditors in all phases of bankruptcy and workouts

Before opening my own office, I held several junior attorney positions in California, always in the bankruptcy area -- Associate Attorney at Sheppard, Mullin, Richter & Hampton (a large multi-national firm) in San Diego from 1987-1988; Law Clerk to the Honorable Joseph W. Hedrick, Jr. at the U.S. Bankruptcy Court in Modesto, from 1988-1991 and Associate Attorney at the Allen, Polgar, Projetti & Fagalde in Merced, from 1991-1995.

Before I went to law school, I was a legal secretary at a small real estate law firm in Los Angeles from 1980-1984, and Assistant to the Dean of a small, independent psychology graduate school in Berkeley, California, from 1973-1980.

COMMUNITY INVOLVEMENT

I was active in local and professional Bar Associations, and on church boards, in the early part of my career in California. My legal work in Wisconsin involved substantial commuting, which limited community involvement – except in music and poetry, where I participate in community choirs and poetry readings whenever I can. I have also started attending local town government meetings in my area; local government is important!

# REFERENCES

Mary Lynne Donohue 418 St. Clair Sheboygan, WI 53081 920-458-1027 Attorney Paul G. Swanson Steinbüber, Swanson et al. 107 Church Avenue Oshkush, WI 54901 920-235-6690 Keith & Lisa Brunner 5253 Larsenville Rd Denmark, WI 54208 920-863-8255

# SHEBOYGAN COUNTY RESOLUTION NO. 12 (2016/17)

Re: Authorizing Application for Emerald Ash Borer Mitigation Projects

WHEREAS, Sheboygan County is interested in obtaining a cost-share grant from the Bay-Lake Regional Planning Commission for the purpose of funding Emerald Ash Borer mitigation projects under funding originating from the U.S. Forest Service, Great Lakes Restoration Initiative, and

WHEREAS, over one-half (1/2) of the mature trees in the Broughton Sheboygan Marsh. Park are ash trees that will need to be replaced, and

WHEREAS, it is in the best interests of Sheboygan County to enter into a Grant Agreement to carry out a tree planting project, and

**WHEREAS**, Sheboygan County attests to the validity and veracity of the statements and representations contained in the Grant Application;

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED that Sheboygan County is authorized and does hereby apply for the cost-share grant as described herein.

**BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED** that Sheboygan County will comply with all local, state, and federal rules, regulations, and ordinances relating to this project and the cost-sharing agreement.

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that Sheboygan County will budget a sum sufficient to fully and satisfactorily complete the project and hereby authorizes and empowers the Planning & Conservation Director or his designee, to act on his behalf to:

- Sign and submit the Grant Application;
- Sign a Grant Agreement between Sheboygan County and the Bay-Lake Regional Planning Commission;
- Submit interim and/or final reports to the Bay-Lake Regional Planning.
   Commission to satisfy the Grant Agreement;

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- 4. Submit reimbursement requests and, if applicable, contractor involces to the Bay-Lake Regional Planning Commission; and
  - Sign and submit other required documentation.

Respectfully submitted this 19th day of July, 2018.

PLANNING, RESOURCES, AGRICULTURE, AND EXTENSION COMMITTEE*  Keith Apler, Chairperson  Frad Damp, Vice-Chairperson  Libby Ogea, Secretary
James Baumgart Opposed to Introduction:

\*County Board Members signing only

RACHENT/08299/08018/00100745.00CX

# FISCAL NOTE July 2016

Resolution No. 12 (2016/17) Re: Authorizing Application for Emerald Ash Borer Mitigation Projects

This resolution is to provide authority to submit an application for the cost share Grant with Bay-Lake Regional Planning Commission for the purpose of funding Emerald Ash Borer mitigation projects. The structure of the cost share grant is 75/25, with the 25% County Share to include in-kind transactions. If approved, this grant would be part of the 2017 Budget year.

# Funding:

If approved, it is anticipated that \$3,000 will be included in the Planning and Conservation 2017 hudget proposal.

Respectfully Submitted,

Weady A. Charnon, Finance Director

July 15, 2016

# SHEBOYGAN COUNTY RESOLUTION NO. 14 (2016/17)

Re: Approving Merger of Eastern Shores Library System with Mid-Wisconsin Library System

WHEREAS, Sheboygan County and Ozaukee County have partnered to establish a federated public library system known as the Eastern Shores Library System pursuant to Wis. Stat. § 43.15(4), and

WHEREAS, Eastern Shores Library System board has been approached by the Mid-Wisconsin Library System board, the federated library system serving Dodge and Washington Counties, which proposed a merger of the two systems, and

WHEREAS each system board appointed representatives to a joint Merger Committee which evaluated the potential benefits or pitfalls of a merger, and the Committee recommended a merger of the systems, and

WHEREAS, the Eastern Shores Library System board has determined that a merger is in the best interests of both systems and is requesting County approval, a copy of which request is on file with the County Clerk, and

WHEREAS, approval is required of all County Boards impacted by the proposed merger.

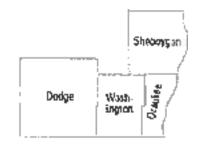
NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED that the Sheboygan County Board gives its approval to the merger of the Eastern Shores Library System with the Mid-Wisconsin Library System pursuant to the terms of the proposed Merger Agreement, a copy of which is on file with the Clerk.

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that the County Clerk is directed to submit certified copies of this Resolution to the Eastern Shores Library System and Mid-Wisconsin Library System and auch other entities as may be necessary to effectuate the merger.

Dated this 19th day of July, 2016.

William C. Goehring

# Proposed Merger Eastern Shores Library System Mid Wisconsin Federated Public Library Fact Sheet



- 1. Counties involved: Dodge, Ozaukee, Sheboygan, and Washington County.
- Number of Libraries involved: Eastern Shores Library System = 15 (this includes the ESLS
  Bookmobile and Lakeland University); Mid Wisconsin Federated Library System = 18; Total = 33
  Libraries
- Combined State Aid: \$1,069,766.00
- 4. Libraries will save approximately \$98,000 due to economy of scale in 2017.
- Full IT Technology Services: 'Cradle to grave' PC support; Managing all aspects of both staff and patron PCs located in member fibraries; support at no additional charge to the member libraries: (License fees and technology equipment charges will still apply.) Technology planning Ch 43.24 (2) (m)
- Integrated Library System (ILS): Polaris (EasiCat).
- 7. Additional (L5 services Social, Outreach, and Leap modules.)
- ILS Database maintenance.
- System Headquarters: Sheboygan, Wisconsin.
- 10. Delivery: Two routes; 5 day delivery; System aid will cover 100% of cost Ch. 43-24 (2) ((m)
- 11. Continuing education opportunities in house/in system Ch. 43.24 (2) (e)
- 12. WisCat, Inter Library Loan, is paid 100% by State aid Ch. 43.24 (2) (b).
- Resource library contract: Mead Public Library, Sheboygan. Ch 43.24 (2) (b).
- Mileage for directors to attend system director's meetings.
- 15. Staffing/consulting (Ch 43.24 (2) (h)) at system would consist of
  - System Director Ch 43.17 [4].
  - Administrative Assistant/HR/Accountant/Delivery coordinator.
  - Database Maintenance/ (LS admin.)
  - d. Asst. Database maintenance/trainer/ ILS (\* new)
  - e. IT Specialist
  - f. IT PC Tech Support
  - g. 6 delivery drivers
  - h. .75 FTE Public Information Specialist Ch 43.24 (2)(i); Ch 43.24 (2)(b).
  - 2 FTE Special Services: Youth and Special Needs Ch. 43.24 (2) (k)

# Eastern Shores Library System Mid Wisconsin Federated Library System Merger Process

On February 29, 2016, Mid Wisconsin Federated Library System (MWFLS) and Eastern Shores Library System (ESLS) began working to see if they were compatible to form a new system. Over the next four months, key services were discussed and negotiations continued. Compromises and changes to agreements led to the creation of a Merger Plan.

The Joint Merger Committee, Internal Merger Committee, as well as the ESLS System Board and MWALS System Board, believe the Merger Plan is the beginning of a new system in Wisconsin. Joint merger committee voted unanimously in favor of the merger as did ESLS and MWALS System Boards. The internal ESLS merger committee voted yes=9; no=1; and 1 abstention. This would be the first merger between two systems in the history of Wisconsin.

Public Library Systems in Wisconsin have been experiencing the impact of reduced or flat system ald funding from the state while expenses continue to increase. A merged system will see cost savings due to economy of scale and the desire to see improved services for both libraries and patrons.

# Joint Merger Committee

Eastern Shores Representatives	MId Wisconsin Representatives
Amy Birtell, ESLS	Michael Gelhausen, MWFL\$
Robert Nitsch, E5L5	Patrick Busch, MWFLS
Steve Ruggieri, (Board) Ozaukee County	Margaret McFadden, (Board) Washington
Linda Bendix, (Frank L. Weyenberg Library of	County
Mequon-Thlensville) Ozaukee County	Amy Becker, (West Bend Library) Washington
Jim Hughes, (Board President)	County
Garrett Erickson, (Mead Public Library)	Mark Hanson, (Board President) Dodge County
Sheboygan County	Bret Jaeger, (Waupun Library), Dodge County

# ESLS Internal Merger Committee

Amy Birtell, (ESLS)	Bill Goehring, {Sheboygan County Supervisor}
Robert Nitsch, (ESLS)	Tom Richart, (Ozaukee County Supervisor)
Steve Ruggieri, (Board) Ozaukee	John Hanson, (U.S.S. Liberty Memorial Public
Linda Bendix, (Frank L. Weyenberg Library of	Library) Ozaukee
Mequon-Thiensville) Ozaukee	Martha Rosche, (Plymouth Public Library)
Jim Hughes, (Board President) Sheboygan	Sheboygan
Garrett Erickson, (Mead Public Library)	Sherry Speth, (Board) Sheboygan
Sheboygan	Nancy Szatkowski, (Board) Ozaukee

# EASTERN SHORES LIBRARY SYSTEM & MID-WISCONSIN FEDERATED LIBRARY SYSTEM JOINT MERGER COMMITTEE RECOMMENDATION REPORT

JUNE 16, 2016

# Recommendation

The Joint Merger Negotiation Committee of the Eastern Shores Library System (ESLS) and Mid-Wisconsin Federated Library System (MWFLS) voted on June 16, 2016 to recommend that the two systems merge together to become a new four county public library system effective January 1, 2017. The committee requests that the boards of both systems and the boards of county supervisors in the four counties of Dodge, Ozaukee, Sheboygan and Washington consider and approve a resolution supporting this merger. See Appendix I for an example of a potential resolution.

# Background

After the Mid-Wisconsin Federated Library System engaged in an exploratory process in the second half of 2015 to identify potential system merger partners, the Eastern Shores Library System and Mid-Wisconsin Federated Library System began discussions in February of 2016 to determine the feasibility of a merger between the two systems. This process was led by a Joint Merger Negotiation Committee made up of six representatives from each system. WiLS (Wisconsin Library Services) was hired as a consultant to help develop the negotiation process and facilitate meetings of the committee. The Joint Merger Negotiation Committee was made up of the (ollowing individuals.

Eastern Shores Library System Representatives:

- Linda Bendix, Director, Frank L. Weyenberg Library of Meguon-Thionsville.
- Amy Birtell, ESLS Director.
- · Garrett Erickson, Director, Mead Public Library (Sheboygan)
- Jim Hughes, ESLS Board President (Sheboygan County)
- Robert Nitsch, ESLS IT Specialist
- Steve Ruggieri, ESLS Board Member (Ozaukee County).

Mid-Wisconsin Federated Library System Representatives:

- Amy Becker, Director, West Bend Public Library
- Patrick Busch, MWFLS IT Director.
- Michael Gelhausen, MWFLS Director.
- Mark Hanson, MWFLS Board President (Dodge County).
- Bret Jaeger, Director, Waupun Public Library
- Margaret McFadden, MWFLS Board Member (Washington County).

On February 15, 2016, the systems directors and a board representative from each system met to discuss a roadmap for the negotiation process. The full Joint Merger Negotiation Committee first met on February 29<sup>th</sup>, in addition to the following dates: March 14<sup>th</sup>, March 28<sup>th</sup>, April 11<sup>th</sup>, April 25<sup>th</sup>, May 25<sup>th</sup>, June 2<sup>th</sup> and June 13<sup>th</sup>.

The committee focused on key service and system topics that it determined needed to be addressed during this process. More detailed information, findings and agreement information about these topics can be found starting on Page 3. As the committee would come to agreements around a topic, the topic would be taken back by each system for discussion by each system's internal merger committees

to discuss the potential impact to their members, in addition to holding other discussions through other system communication with members or at other system committee meetings. These internal merger committees served as the bodies for discussion and decision-making within a system. This process is where various options related to a topic would be redeveloped to propose new compromises or changes until an agreement was reached that both the Joint Merger Negotiation Committee and internal system merger committees would support.

In addition to the committee meeting and decision-making process, other meetings were held to help inform the process. This includes a demonstration of Polaris, the shared catalog platform, for the MWFLS libraries. Also, the circulation committees from both systems met to find common ground among their policies and procedures to identify areas of agreement that would exist in the new system around circulation through the shared catalog.

# Why is a merger being considered?

Particularly over the last five years, public library systems around Wisconsin have been experiencing the impact of reduced or flat system aid (unding from the state while expenses continue to increase. Changes in system membership and less revenue have put both systems in the position of having to reduce staff and/or services. The result, to different degrees in both systems, has been a reduction in services to libraries.

The goal of this negotiation process was to determine the following:

 If, due to an increased economy of scale and greater purchasing leverage with vendors, services, could be provided at a similar or less expense to the system and member libraries.

#### And/or

2 Services would minimally be provided just as effectively, but preferably would be improved for both libraries and patrons.

Due to the differences in funding formulas and various policies and procedures, there were a number of challenges and ideas for the committee to consider and work through. Through continued discussion and compromise from both systems, the committee came to agreements about services they determined at the beginning of the process needed to be addressed to determine the feasibility of a merger.

There is still more to do related to operational decisions and new agreements to form the new system. This includes strategic planning to identify how the new system will lead and innovate moving forward, how the system will communicate and how it will to continue to find opportunities to provide improved service as a four-county system. While not every service in the new system will bring the same benefits to each library, the sum equates to a significant gain in value in the services that can be provided as a merged system, specifically those the patrons value most.

The agreements the committee came to include recommendations about what services will be provided, how they will be provided, how services will be funded and how decisions about the services will be

made in a new system. Based on the agreements and compromises made during this process and resulting service recommendations, it is the determination of this committee that the merger of the two systems will:

- Improve services to patrons through easier and more efficient access to more resources. The shared catalog will contain more than 1.1 million holdings (currently ESLS has more than 600,000 holdings and MWFLS has nearly 500,000)
- Save libraries approximately \$98,000 cumulatively system fees being paid by member libraries for shared services.
- 3. Improve the sustainability of and in key areas improve system services to libraries.
  - Increase in in-system continuing education opportunities for library staff.
  - Improved technology support and expertise
  - Maintaining the same levels of delivery service to each library, but funded fully by system aid

In the fall of 2015, as part of the MWFLS merger exploration process, libraries in both systems responded to a survey regarding the importance they place on system services provided to them and their satisfaction with those services. The services both systems placed the highest importance on were the shared catalog available to patrons, technology (both support and innovation) to libraries, delivery and a strong administration

As noted in the three benefits listed above and documented in the following sections providing more detail about the areas of service agreements the committee reached during this process, the areas of improved services to libraries and patrons through this merger reflect the service areas the libraries in both systems indicate are most important to them.

# Recommendation outcomes of services and topics addressed by the committee

The following are recommendations of service and system agreements, with additional details, the representatives from the two systems agreed on and used as a basis for determining its recommendation to the two system boards and four boards of county supervisors for the merger of the two systems. These form the basis of a system plan the committee recommends the new system board use for the operation of the system the first year, and beyond if the new board so chooses. The committee does recognize these are only recommendations to help the new board with its work of starting a newly merged system and that the new board will become the decision-making body for the operation of the new system.

System program budget, staffing, resource library agreement, library fees for shared services and merger expenses.

# Agreement of service.

 The committee agreed on a proposed system program budget that was developed for a merged system, both the structure and allocations (See Appendix A).

- Also, the committee accepted the recommended staffing structure for the new system (See Appendix B).
- As part of the service plan the system will contract with a Resource Library, Mead Public Library (Sheboygan). The committee agrees to funding of the contract and the services (see Appendix C) Mead will provide for the contract.
- The committee approved a member library fee formula for shared services. The breakdown of these fees by fibrary can be seen on Appendix D.
- Lastly, there will be one-time costs to merge the systems. The two systems currently have a
  combined \$330,000 in available reserve funds to fund these expenses, which are estimated to
  cost approximately \$240,000. The committee accepts these cost estimates (see Appendix E) as
  an indication there is sufficient funds to fund this merger and that, especially after the MWFLS
  headquarters is sold, the new system will begin with adequate reserves.

#### Considerations:

- The budget reflects the plan for services in the new system and these services fulfill the statutory requirements (see Appendix F).
- An additional delivery truck will be purchased through the Commission of Public Land Loans if
  the new System Board approves the use of loaned funds. The proposed budget includes loan
  payments to cover both vehicles, this new one and another previously purchased with a loan.
- Grants to libraries will be evaluated at a later date following completion of the merger process.
- The Resource Library contract total is \$100,000 of which 70% will spent on content and 30% will
  fund the staff support for this collection work.
- As previously noted the total fees to libraries will be \$98,000 less than they currently total in each system. It needs to be noted that not every library will see their total share of system fees be reduced, either due to the recommended formula change or a change in funds going to the libraries through grants, etc.
- When the MWFLS headquarters is sold, not only will the funds from the sale go into the system
  reserve fund, the new system will save approximately \$25,000 per year in ongoing expenses
  that has been put into the budget to maintain the facility while it's on the market. The most
  recent audit lists the building value at \$299,000.00.

### Impact:

- This budget results in overall less fees to libraries and the system fully funding delivery and it support.
- The gain in staffing levels, particularly in IT, provides opportunities to improve service to libraries.

#### Governance

Agreement of service: The library director advisory council in the system will work on a consensus governance model. When it is not possible or feasible to reach consensus, the council of directors will use a weighted voting model based on a reverse of state librarian certification levels, which are based on population. A Grade 1 library will have 3 votes, a Grade 2 library will have 2 votes and a Grade 3

library will have 1 votes (see Appendix D) for vote distribution information). A threshold of 75% of total votes will need to be reached for approval of an Item, which will require the support of more than 50% of the libraries in the new system.

- Grade 1 certification is required at libraries with populations of 6,000 or more.
- Grade II certification is required at libraries with populations of 3,000-5,999.
- Grade III certification at libraries with populations of up to 2,999 persons.

Considerations: A number of different ideas were proposed for a voting structure in the new system. The challenge was to find compromise in the development of a new fee formula when the two system currently have significantly different models for determine cost shares of system fees. Due to the potential fiscal impact of decisions, libraries with a higher share of fees sought more weight in voting as a balance to the higher fee amount. Libraries with smaller populations, and often lower fees, wanted to ensure their voice is still equally heard and that just a few libraries would not be controlling decisions. This is certainly the area that all libraries had to compromise to find a solution most can support.

A new board will be selected for the new system. The representation will be allocated among the counties based on population:

- Washington County S.
- Sheboygan County 4
- Dodge County = 3.
- Ozaukee County 3.

Per WI state statute Chapter 43, system board members shall be nominated by the county executive in each county in the system, or by the county board chairperson in a county without a county executive, and approved by each county board in the system. Each county board may appoint one county board member to the system board. The public library board governing the designated resource library shall have at least one member on the system board. The remaining system board members shall include such representatives of the library boards governing public libraries of participating municipalities and counties and public members appointed from the counties at large as the county board determines.

Impact: While both systems have typically been able to handle the majority of their decision-making through consensus, the switch to a weighted voting system with a 75% threshold for passing an item will be new for both systems. This will be something the new system will need to monitor to determine how it is working for them.

# Integrated Library System (ILS - shared library catalog)

Agreement of service: Based on the information reviewed and the demonstration of the ILS platform to MWFLS libraries, the committee unanimously agreed that the shared catalog platform in the new system will be the Polaris system currently used in ESLS. This was agreed upon with the conditions that sufficient and timely training is provided to MWFLS libraries, including organizing it so MWFLS libraries can shadow ESLS libraries, and that the migration is completed by December 1, 2016.

# Considerations

- While the determination has been made for the shared catalog in the new system to be Polaris, libraries in both systems indicated a desire for the new system to explore next generation platforms in the future.
- See Appendix G for information about cataloging in the new system.
- The two circulation committees met and identified that most libraries share similar circulation
  policies. It was agreed that in the new systems circulation policies would try to be standardized,
  but that current policies at libraries, including loan periods, will be allowed to exist as they
  currently are at member libraries.
- The system will use the local holds feature.

Impact: The biggest impact will be to the patrons in the four countles. As noted earlier in the report, the combination of the catalogs will provide patrons with significantly more resources at their disposal. The next biggest impact will be to the MWFLS libraries. MWFLS libraries and patrons have went through a couple of ILS and resources sharing changes the past few years. ILS changes are significant to libraries with a migration to a new platform.

# Technology

<u>Agreement of service</u>: The system will provide technology services and support as detailed in Appendix . H.

<u>Considerations</u>: The new system technology team will work with each library to determine additional technology products and services, such as virus protection, etc., each library will want and will provide libraries with alternatives and fees for their share of any coordinated technology product they choose to get from the system.

<u>Impact</u>: While there may be little impact for a handful of libranes, depending on how much technology support they handle themselves, this is an area of service where improvements could have a significant impact for libraries and the services they provide patrons.

- Currently MWFLS employs a full-time employee with duties split up between being the IT
  Director and ILS Administrator and ESLS employs a full-time employee that is a dedicated IT
  Specialist. In the proposed staffing model for the new system, these positions exist as two full-time staff dedicated to IT.
- In addition, the proposed model and budget also calls for a third IT staff person. This person may not be hired until needs are identified in the new system.
- Lastly, there is \$20,000 allocated through state aid for research and development for technology in the proposed 2017 budget.

# **Delivery**

<u>Agreement of service</u>: The committee unanimously approved that delivery be a system run service with two routes providing delivery five days a week, daily sorting for the next day's deliveries, holds pulled by

each library at least once a day and arranged delivery for interlibrary loans through the Wisconsin Libraries' Delivery Network as currently provided by the South Central Library System. The system will perform a study of delivery after 18 months to determine if there is any potential need for a third route and to do a comparison of costs between system run services versus contracting with a private courier. Following this study, the service should be studied every 5 years or less.

#### Considerations:

- The system will need a second garage location for the second van and route. This will be located
  in the West Bend area. It was recommended that any lease for this space be short enough to
  allow flexibility should the system need to make changes after a service study.
- The two-route configuration will have one route run from the system headquarters in Sheboygan and will serve Ozaukee and Sheboygan libraries and the second route from the second garage serving Dodge and Washington counties.
- Due to the uncertainty regarding delivery volume after the catalogs are merged, the new board and staff will need to monitor route capacity to determine if a third route needs to be considered before a delivery service study is done at 18 months.
- Sorting of outgoing materials will be organized to be flexible to allow each library to sort within available library space.
- The system will work with the hold sequence to balance loads for libraries to best manage costs
  at the libraries for staff time handling incoming and outgoing delivery.

<u>Impact</u>: The result will be more access to resources through an expanded shared catalog. This will increase delivery volume; however, it is not possible to predict this with any certain accuracy. This increase in volume will be due to patrons finding more resources with the expanded catalog.

#### **Headquarters**

Agreement of service: This topic was originally discussed at the February 29th meeting. At the March 14, 2016 meeting of the Joint Merger Negotiation Committee, MWFLS presented that they recommend the headquarters for the new system be in Sheboygan at the current ESLS headquarters. They also recommended that the new system would use the remainder of the lease to do an in-depth study as to the future need for a headquarters including location, space needs, staffing, system services and delivery option. After more discussion at the March 28th meeting, the recommendation was unanimously approved by the committee at the April 11, 2016 meeting.

Considerations: The current ESLS headquarters lease has an exit clause that would require the system to pay the building owner all the rent owed through the remainder of the 7-year lease. This currently would cost approximately \$260,000. This exit clause is the main reason the committee determined the new system would need to be headquartered at ESLS's current location. The current MWFLS facility, which is owned and paid for in full by MWFLS, will be put up for sale upon the agreement to merge being completed. The funds from this sale will become part of the new system's reserve budget.

<u>Impact</u>: Sheboygan is not a central location for the four counties and will be located at the far northeast point of the new system. While this is not ideal, it is something that can be managed until it is feasible

for the new system to consider a more central location. A new, central location will have the positive impact of balancing out distances between member libraries and the system headquarters, allow for a search to seek a space with a larger meeting room to accommodate the larger system and increased attendance at meetings, and centralize delivery to be done out of one location, which will increase both service efficiency and service transit time within the system.

# Continuing Education

Agreement of service: The new system will continue a relationship with Southeast Wisconsin Consortia for continuing education for library personnel and board members. The Bridges Library System, SEWI Consortia coordinators, will work with the new system to provide CE in our boundaries. This will allow more library personnel to take advantage of continuing education within a reasonable distance. Continuing Education and consulting has \$18,000 allocated for workshops and courses for system library members.

# Consulting

<u>Agreement of service</u>: The committee did not discuss consulting as a key topic for determining the feasibility of a merger other than to discuss that consulting services will be provided by the new system to fulfill statutory requirements. Consulting services and expertise outside of those required will be provided according to the abilities of the new system staff and their area of expertise.

#### implementation process and timeline

The Joint Merger Negotiation team recommends that the ESLS and MWFLS boards approve the creation of an implementation board to be established in July 2016. This board would be empowered by both system boards with decision-making authority to approve necessary actions for the formation of the new system, including, but not limited to, the creation of new system board bylaws, the creation of an employee handbook and other new system decisions. This implementation board would be in effect from July 2016, through December 31, 2016 or the formation of a new system board, whichever occurs sooner.

The following is a draft of timeline projections for completing the merger process:

#### June

- June 27<sup>th</sup> ESLS system board votes on committee recommendation to merge systems.
- June 28th MWFL5 system board votes on committee recommendation to merge systems.

#### July

- Begin presentations to county supervisors.
- Meet with network vendor to plan the network changes.
- Talk to Bob Fish about purchasing another truck
- Send Purchase order to Polaris. Schedule migration and Go Live date
- Create EasiCat agreement/fee structure out to all libraries and their boards for approval.

- Create new system membership documents for member libraries to sign and approve.
- Naming contest
- New System Board constructed.
- Contact South Central for arranging delivery in December.

# August

- Continue to meet with Supervisors for approval of merger.
- Joint circulation committee created: circulation policy.
- Member library Boards reviewing/voting to approve membership agreements.
- Begin process of obtaining a new name.
- Computers updated to handle Polaris, etc.
- Migration work begins/ Authority Control upload.
- Put building on the market (Once Dodge and Washington Counties have approved plan).

# September

- Computers updated
- File paperwork with Commission of Public Lands for funds to purchase new delivery truck.?
- Member library 80ards reviewing/voting to approve membership agreements.
- Begin designing logo
- Begin Polaris training once training server is set up/established.
- Order new truck due to system in November.
- Develop press release announcing the formation of the newly merged system.

#### October

- Board approves new member agreements with updates of additional county and new name.
- Hiring of three delivery drivers for new route.
- October 15, 2016 System Plan to DPI
- Board approves contract for Storage Bay for Delivery truck

#### November

Purchase a new truck

#### December

- Go Live
- Begin Delivery
- Receive State payment for new system.

# January 2017

## Network migration complete

# Appendix A

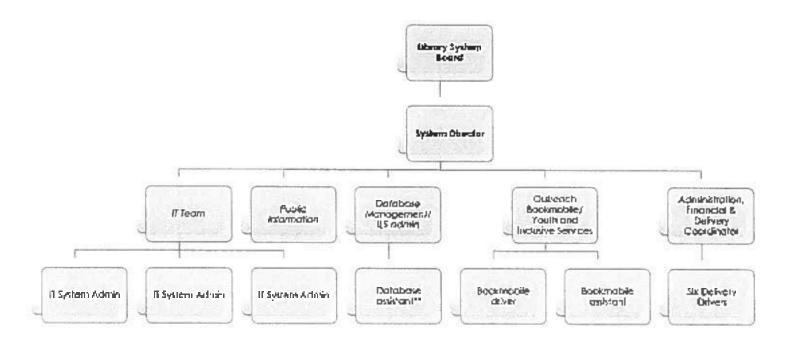
The following is the proposed 2017 program expenditure budget for the new system followed by the revenue budget.

CT P DESCRIPTION		Total	M BLIDGET FOR 2017  BLEGGE Narading
D.D.L. ADMINISTRATIVE SALARY	Š	67,936 00	
0.02 PROGRAMISTAFF SALARIES	Ś	471,317,43	
0.00 SICKLEAVE	Š	9,017.00	
0.06 FICA	Š	32,362 00	
O.D7 WAS	5		Wiscaruin retirement
0.08 LIFE	5		wheinsprance
O OS HEACTH/OESTAL	S		Hgalih/Sental Imp
0.16 WORKERS COMPUNSATION	\$		Worker's comp
0.11 UNEMPLOYMENT	<u>s</u>	500 00	(Amengalayanen)
0.12 LIBRARY WATERWAS	\$	85,429.30	Delivery Bino/Cataloging materials/ WPLC
0.13 PAYMENTS TO MEMBERS	\$		See-County lunding spreadsheers
0.14 CONTRACT SERVICES	\$	200,400.00	WisCat Subscriptions/Resource Literary/computer-network incenses/ Polaris
0.15 ACCOVNTIKG/AUDIT	\$		Audin experne
0.16 PROFESSIONAL SERVICES	5	100,320.00	South Central Delivery/OCLC/Backstage Nothardy Control/ VALS/Bluehast/EAP/ arterney/QC
0.17 BANK FEES	\$		Wing figgs
0.18 OFFICE EQUIPMENT REATAL	5	3,189.00	Postage machine/copyer
0.19 VEHICLE MAINTENANCE	5	5,000 00	Pensile maintenance contract for two delivery tracks
0.20 VÉHICEÉ FUEL	\$	20,000.00	Fuel for delivery Cucks
0.21 OFFICE EQUIPMENT MAINT.	\$		
0.32 COMPUTER EQUIPMENT MAINT.	\$		System computer (network maintenance
O 23 PROFESSIONAL DVES	5	3,000.00	Does for system staff/SRLAAW/NDG
9 24 CONFÉRENCES AND CONT. FID.	5	18,500 00	□ €. for member Shraries
0.25 WORKSHOPS	\$		C.E. for system staff
0.76 TRAVEL	5	17,450 00	Mileage and travel expenses
0.27 ADVERTISING/DISPLAYS	5	-	
0.25 PRINTING SUPPLIES	\$		Printing cost
D 29 OFFICE SUPPLIES	\$	3,500.00	Tollet paper, cases of paper, post ic noies, pens, pensils, etc.
D 30 POSTAGE	5	585.00	Postage
0 91 INSURANCE	5		I newwise for building and equipment/verticles/Data equipment/hined auto
0.32 OFFICE RENT	\$	43,265.00	bests of building and additional bay for delivery truck
0.33 TELEPHONE	\$	2,070.00	Telephone
D.34 ELECTRICITY	\$	8,819 00	Electricity
0.35 GAS	5	2,678.00	
0.36 WATER/SEWER	\$	The second section	Wate-/Sewer
0.37 CLEANING/MAINTENANCE	5		Cleaning/maintenance
0.38 GARBAGE/RECYCUMS	5		Garbage/recycling
0.39 MWHS BUILDING UPKEEP		\$25,000	
0.40 CAFITAL EIGENSES			
D 41 OFFICE FUNNITURE/EQUIP		No. 444 47	Inflamma form
0.47 OFFICE AUTOMATICAL  A.43 AUTOMATICAL EXPENSES	5	20,900.00	1.5 reservé fund
0.43 BUILDING CAPITAL EXPENSE	,	26 000 00	torrest contrata de la contrata
B ON VEHICLE CAPITAL EXPENSE	5	527000.00	Econ payment for two debyesy souchs
0.45 SYSTEMAUTOMATION PROJECTS			
0 45 TOTAL CAPITAL ESPENSES		75 888 55	IETA
0 47 SPECIAL PROJECT EXPENSES LISTA 0 48 SPECIAL PROJECT EXPENSES NOT LISTA	\$	25,000 00	₩.
A = 0 3-4P-5r x MP(15/2 SYX 64/2F2-MOLE2   h			

	System Revenue for 2017				
Acct.#	Description	Total			
401	LSTA Grants	\$	25,000		
402	State of Wisconsin System Aid	\$	1,069,766		
409	Library payments for shared services				
	OCLC	\$	64,000		
	Overdrive	\$	83,929		
	ILS admin	\$	50,000		
	ILS	\$	94,000		
	ILS Ugrade	\$	20,000		
		\$	1,406,695		

# Appendix B

The following shows the recommended staffing organizational chart in the new system followed by brief position descriptions.



# System Director

Responsible for the administration and management of the Library System subject to the policies of the System Board and State Statutes

Information Technology System Administration

Responsible for administration of the system's technology and ILS platform, and serve as the technical advisor and liaison with libraries within the system.

# Database Management/ILS

Responsible for the administration of the shared library automation system for the participating libraries, monitors and manages the integrity of the shared library automation bibliographic database, catalogs, and classifies all types of library materials for the system, bookmobile and member libraries, monitors and manages the digitization program, and serves as interlibrary loan services coordinator for the system.

# Database Assistant \*\*\*

Responsible for assisting in managing the integrity of the shared library automation bibliographic database for the system, bookmobile and member libraries.

Outreach Bookmobile Librarian and Inclusive Services Librarian.

Responsible for serving Sheboygan and Ozaukee County residents by means of a bookmobile. Responsible for the administration of youth and special needs as required by the State Statutes for the system.

Admin/Delivery/Finance Coordinator

Responsible for the administration of the System office, management of System funds, and the coordination of business and personnel department functions. Responsible for operating delivery service among member libraries, maintains records of the service and maintains delivery vehicle.

Public Information Designer

Responsible for designing and producing art and copy layouts to promote the understanding and use of public library and system services. Utilize designs for visual communications media such as brochures, bookmarks, signs, electronic media and packaging.

# Appendix C

The following information provides more details about the collection development being done as part of the Resource Library contract.

# In-Demand Collection

Mead Public Library will implement an "in-demand" collection on behalf of the new system, contingent on agreement and implementation of "local holds first" policy. The amount of money allocated for the "in-demand" collection will be prorated based on the start date of local holds policy.

# Process

The new system will allocate funds to Mead Public Library, its Resource Library, as part of their Resource Library contract to purchase in Demand items to be shared by all system libraries. Using ratio reports, Mead staff will select, order, catalog, link, and processes in Demand items. They are identifiable via a unique barcode range as well as a colored label-lock. Once there are no more holds on a title, the in demand copies are returned to Mead. Mead keeps some copies and distributes the rest to the system libraries.

Member libraries also agree to adhere to member purchasing obligations.

Monies will be divided by collection percentage (physical material accounts for 70% of the Resource Library Contracted amount):

Nonfiction: 30% (includes reference)

Fiction: 35% E-content: 15%

Books on CO/Playaways: 2%

Music CO's 3% DVD's: 15%

# Current in Demand Purchasing Formulas

Print: Nonfiction 1 capy/6 halds; Fiction 1/7 holds

Not to exceed 30 copies

Books on CO/Playaways 1 copy/10 holds. Not to exceed 10 Copies

Music ED:1 copy/10 holds Not to exceed 10 copies

DVD: 1 copy/20 holds

Not to exceed 5 copies

Exceptions may be made due to high demand titles.

# Appendix D

Recommended 2017 system fees to libraries for shared services and voting allocations both for libraries and total votes for shared service.

Note: these fees are based on current prices provided to ESLS.

	Population	Pop %	Geontains		00.0		كاا	ī	S replace	7	LS admin		Total		Pa <b>id</b> 2006		Difference	Vate:
hieboygan	48,997	0173 \$	13,956 90	\$	3,047,64	5	4.522 68	5	962.20	5	2,385 CU	\$	24,854 42	\$	16,152.00		8,712.42	
West Bervil	31,531	0.132 \$	9,000 04	\$	3,047,64	\$	4,522,68	5	952,20	5	2,385.00	\$	19,907.56	\$	34,188.00	\$	(14,223.44)	
Beaver Dam	16,572	0.059 \$	4,730 22	5	3,047,64							\$	7,777.86	5	10,013.00	5	12,235 M)	
Meguan	26,609	0.094 \$	7,595 13	5	3,047,64	5	4.522.68	5	952,20	5	2,385.00	\$	12,502,65	5	16,669 00	\$	1,833 65	
Gentanlawa	19,851	0.078 \$	5,677 58	\$	3,047,64	\$	4.522.68	5	952.20	5	2,385.00	\$	16,585.10	5	22,362.00	\$	(5,776.90)	
Grafiton	15,592	0.055 \$	4,450 50	5	3,047,64	9	4.522.68	5	952.20	3	2,385.00	\$	15,358 02	5	14,545 00	\$	413 02	
Hartlord	14,320	0.051 \$	4,087.42	\$	3,047,61	Ś	4,522,68	\$	952.20	5	2,325.00	\$	14,994,94	\$	20.697.00	\$	(5,702 06)	
Waspun	2,502	0.030 \$	2,426,77	5	3,647 64	Ś	4,522.68	5	952 20	Ś	2,385.00	\$	13,354.29	5	13,139 00	\$	195 19	
Cedarburg	13,479	0.045 \$	\$,276.50	5	3,047,63	5	4,522.08	5	952.20	5	2,385.00	\$	14,384.02	\$	15,576.00	5	(1.391.98)	
Pt.Washington	11,439	0.041 \$	3,285.09	5	3,047,64	5	4,522,68	5	952.20	\$	2,385.00	5	14, 172 60	\$	15,32A on	5	(L 155 59)	
Phymouth	8,428	0.030 \$	2,405,61	5	3 047 54	5	4,522,68	5	952,20	S	2,335.00	5	13,312.16	\$	14,945.00	\$	[1,631 84]	
Sheboygan Falls	7,361	C.028 \$	2243 (0)	5	3,047,64	5	4,522,68	5	\$52,20	\$	2,385.00	5	13,151.32	\$	14,945.00	\$	[1,793 68]	
Random Lake	5,473	0.019.5	1547.91	5	2,031,76	5	3,015,12	S	634.60	\$	1,590 00	5	8,039.99	5	13,997 00	5	[4,777,4]]	
Sheger	5,140	0.018 \$	1.467.13	5	2.031.76	5	3,015.12	\$	634,80	5	1,990.00	\$	8,738.81	;	30,234 (0)	\$	11,495,191	
Margolle	5,109	0.018 \$	1,458.29	5	2.031 76	5	3,015.12	5	634,87	5	1,590.00	Ś	8,729 97	5	9,163,00	5	(432.03)	
SaukviRe	4,465	0.016 \$	1,274.75	5	2.031.76	5	3,015.12	5	634,80	5	1,590.00	\$	8,546 43	5	13,597.00	5	15,050 571	
Kewasitian	4,015	0.014 \$	1.146 02	\$	2.031.76	.5	3,015,12	5	634.80	\$	1,590.00	\$	3,417.70	5	B 264 00	s	153.70	
Horicon	3,696	0.013.5	2.054.97	5	2.031.76	5	3.015.12	ç	634,80	\$	1,590.00	\$	2,376 65	5	8 792,00	\$	(465.35)	
Goktb.rg	2,921	0 010 \$	830.75	\$	1,015 #8	5	1,507,56	5	317.40	5	795.00	\$	4,468 59	5	12,149,00	5	(2,779.41)	
Juneau	7,736	0.010 5	780 95	5	1.015 88	S	1.507.56	5	337,40	5	795.00	\$	4,416.79	\$	B)(G3E DC)	5	(3,621,21)	
Hushsfiord	1,499	0.009 \$	713 30	5	1.015 88	5	1,507.56	5	317 40	5	795.00	\$	4,349.14	\$	7,418.00	1	(3,068.46)	
somira	1,438	0.009 5	69149	5	1,015 88	5	1,507.56	5	317.40	\$	795.00	\$	4,325,73	\$	6,609.00	5	(2,279,17)	
Theresa	2, 83.8	0.008 \$	665 92	5	1,015 89	\$	1,507.56	5	317.40	5	795.00	\$	4,301.76	\$	6,407,00	5	(2,305.14)	
Kohlige	7.117	0.001 5	604 27	5	1,015.88	5	1,507.56	5	317.40	5	795 00	5	4,240.11	\$	12,249.00		(8,008.89)	
Cedar Grove	7,002	n-onzi 5	599 98	5	1 015 88	5	1,507.56	S	317,49	5	795.00	\$	4,235.82	\$	17,249,00	\$	16,013,181	
Fox Lake	1,507	0.006 \$	430 15	5	1,015.8%	5	1,507.56	5	217.40	\$	795.00	5	4/065.99	\$	5,897,00	\$	[1.131.01]	i
Elkham talog	956	0 303 5	272 59	5	L015 88	3	1,507.56	S	217,40	\$	795.00	5	3,906.43	s	12,249,00	5	18,340,57	-
Iron Ridge	933	0.006 5	266 31	5	LOLS BB	5	1,507.56	5	317.40	\$	795.00	5	3,902.15	\$	6.175-00	\$	[2,226 95]	•
Reeseable	203	0.000 3	201 09	5	L015 88	5	1,507,56	5	317.40	\$	735.00	\$	3,837.93	5	5,340,400	9	11504 07	)
Brownsalle	5.84	0.002 \$	166 69	5	1,015 88	5	2,507,56	5	317.40	\$	795.00	\$	3,807.58	5	6,493.00	Ś	[2,690,47]	
Lowell	336	0.001 8	45 91	5	1.015.48	5	1,507.56	5	317.40	3	795,00	\$	3,73L75	5	4,962.00		[1,230,25]	
Book Mobile	4506	0.017 5	3,972,97	5	2.031.76	5	3,015 12	5	634 60	Ś	1.590.00	\$	5,644 (5	5	12,697,00	-	[4,252.95]	
Labeland Colleg	6016	0.021 5	1,717.17			5	4,522.68	5	952.20	Ś	2,385.00	\$	3,577.05	5	14,166.00	-	(6,548.95	
TOTALS		5	60,480.00	5	64,000 44	S	94,976.28	5	19,996 20	Ś	\$0,085.00	\$	309,537.92	\$			[98,361.08]	
i	251955		65 Vbles		43×6669		62 votes		62 votes		62 votes	•	-					

# Appendix E

The following are the expected one-time estimated expenses to combine the two systems and the reserves available in each system to fund these costs.

(Merger f	Sud.	get - one tir	ne ex	penses to combine :	systems	
		ESES		MWFLS	Total	
Polaris - Data Services Migration			\$	58,975.00	\$	58,975.00
Polaris Staff CALs -120 licenses			\$	81,000.00	\$	\$1,000.00
Microsoft CALs - 120 licenses			\$	1,080.00	\$	1,080.00
Simply Reports - 7 licenses			\$	3,150.00	5	3,150.00
Training onsite & Polaris travel			5	8,600.00	\$	8,500.00
Backstage Authority Control			\$	15,000.00	\$	15,000.00
Polaris Social	\$	12,076.00	\$	10,299.64	\$	22,375.64
Polaris Outreach	\$	1,080.00	5	921.00	\$	2,001.00
Polaris Leap	\$	13,607.00	5	11,605.00	\$	25,213.00
Relocation						
EnvisionWare Ecommerce	\$	6,355 10	\$	5,984.90	\$	12,340.00
Legal/Auditor	\$	3,400.00	\$	3,200.00	\$	6,600.00
Deposit on truck rental space	5	1,030.00	\$	970.00	\$	2,000.00
Logo/new name	\$	1,030.00	\$	970.00	S	2,000.00
Total	5	38,578	\$	201,756.54	\$	240,334.64

Reserves for me	rged system		
	ESLS	MWFLS	
State Aid*	\$397,370.15		
Bookmobile Automation *	\$ 8,354.31		
Vehicle replacement*	\$ 7,795.47		
Automation Reserve	5 17,897.85		
Contingency Fund*	\$ 70,116.48		
Slok Leave*	\$ 29,285.86		
EasiCat Upgrade	\$ 47,700 74		
Bookmobile replacement reserve*	\$ 47,055.91		
General*		5446,452.65	
Future ILS Purchase		\$90,611.79	
Library Replacement Fund		\$173,876.56	
Grand total	\$625,576.77	5710,941.00	\$ 1.336,517.77
Available funds for merger expense	\$ 65,598.59		\$ 330,086.94
MWFLS as of 09/15/15			
* = ESLS Monles unavailable for merger expenses As of May 2016	11 - 2 - 2		

# Appendix F

# WI State Statute Chapter 43 requirements of library system services or agreements

- Backup reference, information and interlibrary loan services from the system resource library, including the development of and access to specialized collections, as evidenced by a written agreement with that library.
- Referral or routing of reference and interlibrary loan requests from libraries within the system
  to libraries within and outside the system.
- In-service training for participating public library personnel and trustees.
- Electronic delivery of information and physical delivery of library materials to participating libraries.
- Service agreements with all adjacent library systems.
- Professional consultant services to participating public libraries.
- Any other service programs designed to meet the needs of participating public libraries and the
  residents of the system area, as determined by the public library system board after
  consultation with participating public libraries.
- Promotion and facilitation of library service to users with special needs
- Cooperation and continuous planning with other types of libraries in the system area, which
  results in agreements with those libraries for the appropriate sharing of library resources to
  benefit the clientele of all libraries in the system area.
- Planning with the division and with participating public libraries and other types of libraries in the area in regard to library technology and the sharing of resources. By January 1, 2000, and by every 5th January 1 thereafter, the public library system shall submit to the division a written plan for library technology and the sharing of resources.

# Appendix G

The following is information related to how cataloging will be handled in the new system.

How will be original and copy cataloging handled? Is this all centrally done or are libraries
responsible?

Original cataloging will be handled by the system's cataloging/ILL librarian, though member library staff may enter a brief record by filling in a template, so they do not need to wait to start circulating the material.

Copy cataloging is a mix. Member libraries first search EasiCat and then search OCLC via a Z39.50 link within Polaris If there is no already existing match. If a match is found in OCLC, they click the save button, and the record is in EasiCat for their use. Member libraries are fully responsible for and in control of their holdings records.

Member libraries are more responsible for verifying initial copy catalog records information – checking titles and number of discs and whether applicable series are present. There will be at least one annual cataloging meeting and refresher training for member library cataloging staff. Final cleanup and overall database maintenance and standardization will continue to be centralized with the cataloging/ILL librarian.

Who works on authorities and cleanup efforts?

Backstage will be used for outsourced authority control. The system's cataloging/ILL librarian will be responsible for that processing as well as any other authority and cleanup efforts – though feedback and head's ups from member libraries of areas that need attention or priority will \*always\* be welcomed and encouraged.

# Appendix H

# The following covers the IT support that can be provided by the system.

Technology services from NEW-SYSTEM are provided by two full-time technology professionals.

NOTE: \*\* Items that are being worked on and intend to provide in the new system.

#### PC Support

NEW-SYSTEM offers "cradle to grave" PC support, managing all aspects of both the staff and patron PCs. located in member libraries

- Purchasing—NEW-SYSTEM coordinates the purchases of PCs through Dell and handles all aspects of the ordering and receiving process. "NEW-SYSTEM provides inventory reports of supported PCs which include PC age, model, windows version, etc.
- ✓ Installation—NEW-SYSTEM preps and installs each library computer for our member libraries, including a transfer of data from the old PC to the new one, saving significant library staff time.
- Repair & Warranties—NEW-SYSTEM coordinates warranty repair work for PCs under warranty, and repairs PCs for cost of parts for PCs out of warranty.
- ✓ Peripherals—NEW-SYSTEM researches network printers, spine label and receipt printers, as well as barcode scanners for member libraries, recommending optimal models. NEW-SYSTEM also installs the appropriate software on NEW-SYSTEM-supported PCs
- ✓ Help Desk—NEW-SYSTEM offers a Help Desk staffed 8:00 a.m. to 4:00 p.m. weekdays, with additional pager support provided during all other library hours. The Help Desk can remote into any NEW-SYSTEM network computer and fix most issues at the time of any call. If the problem cannot be rectified remotely, NEW-SYSTEM will arrange the transportation of the PC back to NEW-SYSTEM headquarters for repair.
- Centralized antivirus service—NEW-SYSTEM maintains a central antivirus service which
  automatically updates all network clients. The annual cost of the antivirus software is a pass through
  expense that is dependent on the number of PC's.
- Microsoft Office—Through our Microsoft Office 365 agreement, we're able to offer the full Microsoft Office Professional Suite on every patron and staff computer. NEW-SYSTEM maintains all aspects of the licensing, upgrade and maintenance of the software as well.
- ✓ Software updates NEW-SYSTEM provides automatic updates for Staff and Patron PC software, including updates to the operating system, web browsers, applications specific to the shared ILS, and add-ons such as Flash, Java, Adobe Reader, and Silverlight, Firefox browser.
- ✓ Patron PC expertise including PC locking software NEW-SYSTEM has extensive experience maintaining PCs for public (patron) use. Each PC is securely locked down, while making sure that all patron data is secure and removed after each use. NEW-SYSTEM also purchases proprietary PC locking software, that is a pass through expense that is dependent on the number of PC's.
- ✓ PC Time Management software (optional service)—NEW-SYSTEM provides installation, configuration, and support for PC Time Management software ("EnvisionWare") for public PCs. This is a purchase that the library is responsible for.

Technology planning and consulting—NEW-SYSTEM staff can provide libraries assistance with a wide range of technology planning, from "What printer should I buy?" to "What will we need for cabling in our new building?"

### Network Support

- ✓ Subsidized TEACH lines and WiscNet membership—Each library benefits from a BadgerNet TEACH Internet connection to their library (costs included in membership). In addition, NEW-SYSTEM and its member libraries have collective membership in the WiscNet consortium, our Internet Service Provider. NEW-SYSTEM Technology staff serve as the primary contacts for both BadgerNet and WiscNet and support the network technologies on the libraries' behalf.
- ✓ Firewall Outsource vendor (\*\*NEW-SYSTEM) maintains and supports a firewall on behalf of member libraries and their supported PCs.
- √ \*\*Standardized network equipment—Each library and branch supported by NEW-SYSTEM utilizes switches and routers maintained by outsourced vendor (\*\*NEW-SYSTEM)
- Windows Active Directory environment—NEW-SYSTEM maintains a complex Windows environment, connecting all member library PCs to a centralized network.
- \*\*Inventory of spare Network hardware NEW-SYSTEM maintains a complete inventory of all switches and routers, and can swap out any defective piece of equipment in a matter of hours.

#### Web Hosting

NEW-SYSTEM provides web hosting through a third party vendor and assist in support of libraries web pages. The costs of the third party hosting will be passed through to the libraries.

# Email and mailing lists

NEW-SYSTEM provides the Office365 web-based e-mail and calendaring solution at no cost for all member libraries, along with a mailing list service for library staff.

### Wireless support

NEW-SYSTEM supports an enterprise-grade wireless service for our members. Monthly statistical reports of wireless activity are delivered via email, and the service includes multiple signals for patrons, staff, and library owned devices.

#### Database Authentication

NEW-5YSTEM provides authentication for databases that libraries subscribe to through WiLS. Vendor requirements and NEW-5YSTEM staff availability will determine authentication set up time and NEW-SYSTEM may reject databases with requirements that will cause technical difficulties.

# **Technology Lending**

NEW-SYSTEM will lend technology devices as available. A listing of these devices will be sent out each year.

# Appendix I

The following is an example of a potential resolution.

(INSERT COUNTY NAME) COUNTY RESOLUTION NO. \_\_\_\_ (2016/17)

Ra: Approving Marger of {Eastern Shores Library System with Mid-Wisconsin Federated Library System OR Mid-Wisconsin Federated Library System with Eastern Shores Library System}

WHEREAS, {Sheboygan County and Ozaukee County OR Dodge County and Washington County} have partnered to establish a federated public library system known as the {Eastern Shores Library System or Mid-Wisconsin Federated Library System) pursuant to Wis. Stat. § 43.15(4), and

WHEREAS, Eastern Shores Library System board has been approached by the Mid-Wisconsin Federated Library System board, the federated library system serving Dodge and Washington Counties, which proposed a merger of the two systems, and

WHEREAS each system board appointed representatives to a Joint Merger Negotiation Committee which evaluated the potential benefits or pitfalls of a merger, and the Committee recommended a marger of the systems, and

WHEREAS, the (Eastern Shores Library System or Mid-Wisconsin Federated Library System) board has determined that a merger is in the best interests of both systems and is requesting County approval, a copy of which request is on file with the County Clark, and

WHEREAS, approval is required of all County Boards impacted by the proposed merger;

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED that the (INSERT COUNTY NAME) County Board gives its approval to the merger of the (Eastern Shores Library System with Mid-Wisconsin Federated Library System with Eastern Shores Library System) pursuant to the terms of the proposed Merger Agreement, a copy of which is on file with the Clerk.

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that the County Clerk is directed to submit certified copies of this Resolution to the Eastern Shores Library System and Mid-Wisconsin Federated Library System and such other entities as may be necessary to effectuate the marger.

Dated this (DATE) day of (MONTH), 2016.

	EXECUTIV	ECOMMITTEE	
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 - 18.0		3	
	Opposed t	a Introduction:	

# FISCAL NOTE July 2016

Resolution No. 11 (2016/17) Re: Dissolving Loss Prevention Committee

Resolution No. 14 (2016/17) Re: Approving Merger of Eastern Shores Library System

withy Mid-Wisconsin Library System

Ordinance No. 03 (2016/17) Re: Changing Supervisory District Boundaries to Reflect

Annexation

Ordinance No. 04 (2016/17) Re: Amending Shoreland Ordinance in Section 30, Town

of Wilson (.15 Acres of Property - Replacement of Existing Three-span Bridge on Marine Drive Over

Barr Creek)

### Funding:

No additional funding is required.

Respectfully Submitted,

Wendy A. Chamon, Finance Director

July 15, 2016



# SHEBOYGAN COUNTY

William C. Gnehring County Board Supervisor

Date: July 19, 2016

To: Sheboygan County Board of Supervisors

From: Supervisor William Guehring

Re: Resolution No. 14 (2016/17) Approving Merger of Eastern Shores Library System with

Mid-Wisconsin Library System

I am introducing Resolution No. 14 (2016/17) Approving Merger of Eastern Shores Library System with Mid-Wisconsin Library System as an individual County Board member rather than the standard procedure of a committee introducing the legislation. As you know, I am the County Board Supervisor currently assigned to represent Sheboygan County on the Eastern Shores Library Board. While this is not the usual method by which legislation is introduced to the County Board, due to the timing of events I have chosen this course of action.

Approval of the merger of the two fibrary systems requires individual county approval by the four counties served by the two systems: Sheboygan, Ozaukee, Washington and Dodge. Based upon when the two library system boards approved the merger (Eastern Shores on June 27 and Mid-Wisconsin June 28) Dodge County will bring the legislation to their Board in July for final approval and Ozaukee and Washington counties will do the same in August. Without my introducing the legislation as an individual, final approval by the Sheboygan County Board would not take place until September if we wait for a committee to introduce the resolution. By State law, such library system mergers can only be effective the first of any year. Although a great deal of study has gone into the possible merger, some major decisions can only be made once all counties have approved the merger. Introducing this legislation as an individual provides the potential merged system an extra month in preparing for the 1/1/17 effective date.

Please feel free to contact me if you have any questions about the patential merger or why I am introducing the legislation myself.

# SHEBOYGAN COUNTY ORDINANCE NO. <u>03</u> (2016/17)

Re: Changing Supervisory District Boundaries to Reflect Annexation:

WHEREAS, the Sheboygan County Board established its current supervisory district boundaries by enactment of Ordinance No. 3 (2011/12) on September 20, 2011, and which was subsequently amended in part by Ordinance No. 12 (2015/16), and

WHEREAS, the boundaries as amended provided that the entire City of Plymouth as it existed on September 20, 2012, plus that portion of former Town of Plymouth and annexed by Plymouth City Ordinance No. 2 of 2015 was to be in Supervisory Districts 16 and 17, and the entire Town of Plymouth was to be in Supervisory District No. 15, and

WHEREAS, on May 10, 2016, the City of Plymouth enacted Ordinance No. 13 of 2016 in which it annexed certain additional territory from the Town of Plymouth into the City of Plymouth, and

WHEREAS, on June 6, 2016, the City of Plymouth Clerk-Treasurer, on behalf of the City, requested that the newly-annexed territory be included into Supervisory District No. 17 and excluded from Supervisory District No. 15, and

WHEREAS, Wis. Stat. § 59.10(3)(c) authorizes county boards to amend their supervisory district plans to reflect municipal annexations, and such an amendment to address the City of Plymouth annexation would be in the best interests of Sheboygan County;

NOW, THEREFORE, the County Board of Supervisors of the County of Sheboygan does ordain as follows:

Section 1. <u>Amending Supervisory Districts No. 15 and 17</u>. Section 1.02 of the Sheboygan County Code of Ordinances is hereby amended as follows (additions indicated by radlining):

#### SUPERVISORY DISTRICT NO. 15:

Town of Lyndon Ward 1 – That portion of the Town of Lyndon North and West of the tine commencing at the Western boundary of the Town of Lyndon and State Highway 28, Northeast on State Highway 28 to County Road E, North on County Road E to County Road N, East on County Road N to Blueberry Lane, North on Blueberry Lane to the Northern boundary of the Town of Lyndon. The entire Town of Plymouth, less that portion annexed to the City of Pfymouth by City Ordinance No. 2 of 2015, and by City Ordinance No. 13 of 2016, and the entire Village of Cascade.

#### SUPERVISORY DISTRICT NO. 17:

City of Plymouth Wards 7 through 12 - That portion of the City of Plymouth South of the line commencing at the Western boundary of the

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88 89 90 91 92 93 94 95 96

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City of Plymouth and Summit Street, East on Summit Street to North Pleasant Street, North on North Pleasant Street to West/East Mill Street, East on Mill Street to Eastern Avenue, East on Eastern Avenue to South Pleasantview Road to Valley Road, East on Valley Road to the Eastern boundary of the City of Plymouth, and including that portion annexed by City Ordinance No. 13 of 2016.

Section 2. <u>Effective Date</u>. The herein Ordinance shall take effect upon enactment.

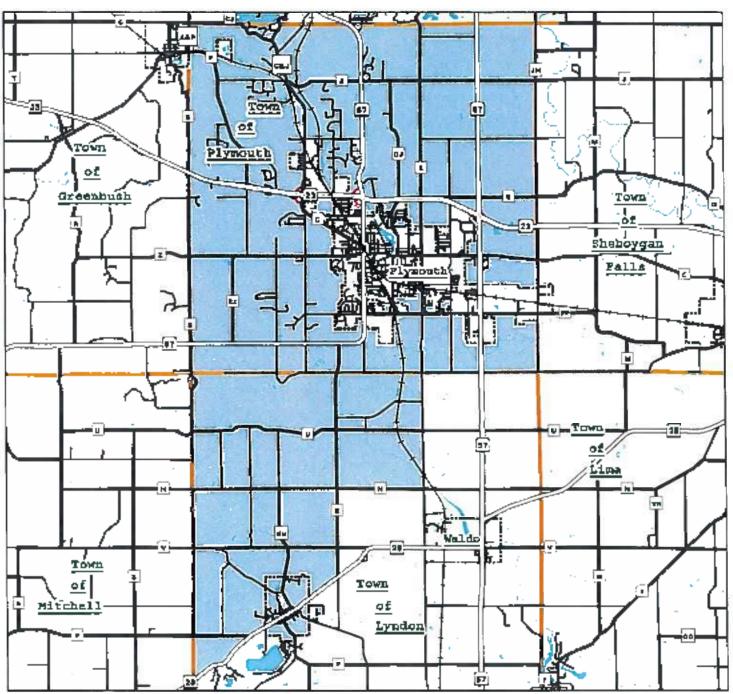
Respectfully submitted this 19th day of July, 2016.

FINANCE COMMITTEE,
March March
Gregory Weggeman, Charles son
Musical Wark
George Warthenze Vice-Chaingerson
Machel World
Mark S. Winkel, Secretary
William Contract
William C. Goehring
togen Zo Mell
Roger Té Stroete
Opposed to Introduction:

Thomas Wegner, Chairperson

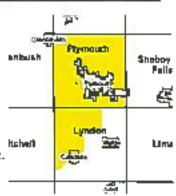
Countersigned by:

# Sheboygan County Supervisory District No 15



# District Description:

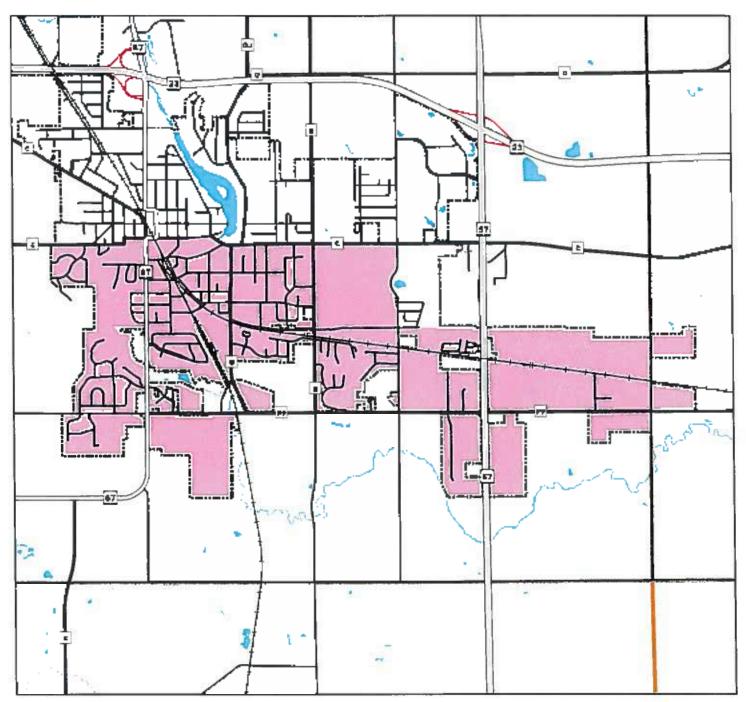
Town of Lyndon Ward 1 - That portion of the Town of Lyndon North and West of the line commencing at the Western boundary of the Town of Lyndon and State Highway 28, Northeast on State Highway 28 to County Road E, North on County Road E to County Road N, East on County Road N to Blueberry Lane, North on Blueberry Lane to the Northern boundary of the Town of Lyndon. The entire Town of Plymouth, less that portion annexed to the City of Plymouth by City Ordinance No. 2 of 2015, and by City Ordinance No. 13 of 2016, and the entire Village of Cascade.





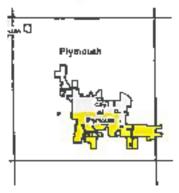


# Sheboygan County Supervisory District No 17



# District Description:

City of Plymouth Wards 7-12 - That portion of the City of Plymouth South of the line commencing at the Western boundary of the City of Plymouth and Summit Street, East on Summit Street to North Pleasant Street, North on North Pleasant Street to West / East Mill Street. East on Mill Street to Eastern Avenue, East on Eastern Avenue to South Pleasantview Road, South on South Pleasantview Road to Valley Road, East on Valley Road to the Eastern boundary of the City of Plymouth, and include that portion annexed by City Ordinance No. 13 of 2016.







# FISCAL NOTE July 2016

Resolution No. 11 (2016/17) Re: Dissolving Loss Prevention Committee

Resolution No. 14 (2016/17) Re: Approving Merger of Eastern Shores Library System

withy Mid-Wisconsin Library System

Ordinance No. 03 (2016/17) Re: Changing Supervisory District Boundaries to Reflect

Annexation

Ordinance No. 04 (2016/17) Re: Amending Shoreland Ordinance in Section 30, Town

of Wilson (.15 Acres of Property - Replacement of Existing Three-span Bridge on Marine Drive Over

Barr Creek)

# Funding:

No additional funding is required.

Respectfully Submitted,

Wendy A. Chamon, Finance Director

July 15, 2016

# COMMITTEE REPORT TO THE COUNTY BOARD

WE,	THE [	EX	ECUTIVE	<u> </u>	COMM	IITTEE
,	то who	M WAS REFERRED ORD	INANCE NO	): 04		
RE:	of Prop	ing Shoreland Ordinance terty - Replacement of Ex arr Creek)				
HAVE	CONSI	DERED THE SAME AND R	ECOMMEN	D:		
	<u></u>	ADDITIONAL TIME BE G THE ORDINANCE BE EN FILING WITH THE CLER AMENDING THE ORDIN	NACTED RK		THE MATTER	
	Amend	the title by replacing "Tow	n of Wilson"	with "Town of	Holland*	
	And as	so amended, recommend	the ordinan-	ce be enacted		
RESI	PECTFUI	LLY SUBMITTED THIS _	16th	_DAY OF	August	2015
		EXECU	TIVE CON	MITTEE		
<u>OPP</u>	OSED T	O THE REPORT:		CONCURR	ING IN THE R	eport:
THOI	MAS WE	GNER		THOMASAN	EGNER	
GEO	RGE MÁ	RTHENZE		GEORGE/M	ARTHENZE	Q
WILL	JAMIC, G	COEHRING		WILLIAM C.	GOEHRING	<u> </u>
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EDW	/ARD J. A	PROCEK		EOWARDU	PROCEK	

# SHEBOYGAN COUNTY ORDINANCE NO. 04 (2016/17)

Re: Amending Shoreland Ordinance in Section 30, Town of Wilson (.15 Acres of Property – Replacement of Existing Three-span Bridge on Marine Orive Over Barr Creek)

WHEREAS, Sheboygan County wishes to rezone 0.15 acres of wetlands in Section 30, T13N-R23E. Town of Holland currently zoned "Shoreland-Wetland District" to be zoned in the "Shoreland District" as described in the proposal on file in the office of the Planning and Conservation Department to allow for replacement of the existing three-span bridge on Marine Drive over Barr Creek, and

WHEREAS, in compliance with the Shoreland Ordinance (Chapter 72, Sheboygan County Code), the required procedural steps have been properly completed and the public hearing held on June 14, 2016, and

WHEREAS, this Committee concludes that the public interest will be served by enactment of this Ordinance in that conservation and environmental protection interests will be carefully honored and monitored;

**NOW, THEREFORE,** the County Board of Supervisors of the County of Sheboygan does ordain as follows:

Section 1. <u>Amendment of Shoreland Zoning Map</u>. The "Shoreland Zoning Map, Sheboygan County, Wisconsin' referred to in Section 72.07 of the Sheboygan County Code of General Ordinances is hereby amended to reflect that the district use classification (boundaries) of the above-described property be changed from the "Shoreland-Wetland District" to the "Shoreland District."

Section 2. <u>Amending Section 72.07</u>. Section 72.07 of the Sheboygan County Code is amended as follows (redlining indicates additions; strikeouts indicate deletions):

SHORELAND DISTRICTS AND BOUNDARIES. The areas of Sheboygan County regulated by this Ordinance as described in Section 72.05 and 72.06 of this Code are hereby divided into two (2) districts as defined and described in Sections 72.09 and 72.10.

The boundaries of the districts shall follow the boundaries illustrated on the following maps which are hereby adopted and made a part of this Ordinance and which are on file with the Department: "Shoreland Zoning Map. Sheboygan County, Wisconsin" and the supporting Wisconsin Wetland Inventory Maps for Sheboygan County as revised by the DNR and as amended through the enactment of Ordinance Nos. 2 and 3 (2013/14), Ordinance No. 12 (2013/14), and the revisions presented most

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recently at the public hearing held by the Sheboygen County Planning, Resources, Agriculture, and Extension Committee on June 9, 2015 June 14, 2016 [this Ordinance].

Section 3. <u>Effective Date</u>. The herein Ordinance shall take effect upon enactment and publication.

Respectfully submitted this 19th day of July, 2016.

PLAN	IING, RES	SOURCES, AC	BRIÇUL	TURE, AND	EXTENSIO	N COMMITTEE
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Libby Ogea, Secretary	Steven Bauer
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	James Baumgart

Opposed to Introduction:

Countersigned by:

Thomas Wegner, Chairperson

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<sup>\*</sup>County Board members signing only

### FISCAL NOTE July 2016

Resolution No. 11 (2016/17) Re: Dissolving Loss Prevention Committee

Resolution No. 14 (2016/17) Re: Approving Merger of Eastern Shores Library System

withy Mid-Wisconsin Library System

Ordinance No. 03 (2016/17) Re: Changing Supervisory District Boundaries to Reflect

Annexation

Ordinance No. 04 (2016/17) Re: Amending Shoreland Ordinance In Section 30, Town

of Wilson (.15 Acres of Property - Replacement of Existing Three-span Bridge on Marine Drive Over

Barr Creck)

### Funding:

No additional funding is required.

Respectfully Submitted,

Wendy A. Chamon, Finance Director

July 15, 2016 /

# SHEBOYGAN COUNTY RESOLUTION NO. 13 (2016/17)

Re: Authorizing Sheboygan County to Become a Member of the Property
Assessed Clean Energy (PACE) Commission

WHEREAS, pursuant to Wis. Stat. § 66.0301, two or more municipalities of the State of Wisconsin may by contract create a commission for the joint exercise of any power or duty required or authorized by law, and

WHEREAS, Shebbygan County is a "municipality" as that term is defined in Wis. Stat. § 66.0301, and a political subdivision located in the State of Wisconsin, and

WHEREAS, Sheboygan County is empowered by law to promote economic, cultural, and community development including, without limitation, the promotion of opportunities for the creation or retention of employment, the stimulation of economic activity, the increase of the tax base, and the promotion of opportunities for education, cultural improvement, public health, safety, and general welfare which may be accomplished by various means, and

WHEREAS. Wis. Stat. § 66 0627(8) authorizes a city, a village, a town, and a county in this state to, among other things, make a loan to or otherwise arrange, participate in, or facilitate the financing of an energy improvement, a water efficiency improvement, or a renewable resource application to a real property within its jurisdiction and to provide for such financing through the imposition of a special charge against the property benefitted by the energy or water efficiency improvement or renewable resource project, and

WHEREAS, such financings are commonly referred to as "Property Assessed Clean Energy" or PACE financings, and

WHEREAS, Sheboygan County has determined that it is in the public interest to provide real property owners, lessees, lenders, and other transaction parties in Sheboygan County with access to a uniformly-administered program for PACE financing, and

WHEREAS, the Wisconsin Counties Association, League of Wisconsin Municipalities, Green Tier Legacy Communities, and other stakeholders have studied the possibility of creating a commission pursuant to Wis. Stat. § 68 0301 to be known as the Wisconsin PACE Commission (Commission), and

WHEREAS, Sheboygan County has evaluated joining the Commission and the benefits of PACE financing and has determined that it is in the County's best interests to join the Wisconsin PACE Commission and authorize the execution of the Commission Agreement; and

WHEREAS, the PACE Commission would be formed and operated in accordance with a Joint Exercise of Powers Agreement Relating to Wisconsin PACE Commission, and

WHEREAS, it is the Intent of this Resolution to authorize Sheboygan County to become a member of the Commission and authorize the County Board Administrator and County Clerk to execute a Commission Agreement;

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED that the Sheboygen County Board of Supervisors hereby supports the PACE program, authorizes entering into the PACE Commission Agreement, and authorizes the Sheboygen County Administrator and County Clerk to sign such document after receipt of preliminary approval from the other participating municipalities, approval from the official duly-appointed to approve the final form of the Commission Agreement, and approval of the Corporation Counsel.

**SE IT FURTHER RESOLVED** that the County Administrator is hereby directed to appoint the Planning & Conservation Director to act as Sheboygan County's official representative in relation to the final approval of the form of the Commission Agreement and to otherwise take all action necessary to effectuate the intent of this Resolution.

Respectfully submitted this 19th day of July, 2016.

	PLANNING, RESOURCES, AGRICULTURE,
	AND EXTENSION COMMITTEE*
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	Keith/Abler, Cheirperson
	Remy Acies, Champerson
	Jamis Baunigant
	F/ah Damp, Vice-Chairperson
	Jubbert Ouce
	Libby Ogea, Secretary
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	Opposed to Introduction:
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*County Board Members signing only	

# FISCAL NOTE July 2016

Resolution No. 13 (2016/17) Re: Authorizing Sheboygan County to Become a Member of the Property Assessed Clean Energy (PACE)

Commission

This resolution is to provide authority to enter into a PACE Commission Agreement and authorizes the County Administrator to appoint the Planning and Conservation Director to act as the Sheboygan County's official representative in relation to the final approval of the form of the Commission Agreement.

How PACE Works. PACE is a voluntary program and stands for Property Assessed Clean Energy. It enables interested Cities or Counties to set up special Clean Energy Development Boards capable of issuing low-interest bonds, and the bond money is used to cover the costs of a loan program.

In the current drafted form of the PACE Commission Agreement on file with Corporation Counsel, loans to the property owner will be provided by the PACE Commission, with any defaults being collected by the County through special charges to the property owner.

#### Funding:

At this time, it is not defined if there is a financial obligation due from the members of the PACE Commission. What is also unclear is the administrative burden that would be associated with this program.

Respectfully Submitted,

Wendy A. Charnon, Finance Director

July 15, 2016

#### RESOLUTION NO. \_ / / (2016/17) 1 SHEBOYGAN COUNTY 2 3 Re: Dissolving Loss Prevention Committee 4 5 6 WHEREAS, through the adoption of Resolution No. 47 (1990/91) and Resolution No. 10. (1992/93), the County Board created a County Loss Prevention Committee to provide management and education for the purpose of preventing, reducing, and controlling claims against Sheboygan County, and 9 10 WHEREAS, through the years, this Committee has become dormant in that the duties of 11 12 the Committee have been taken over by the Safety Committee that has been established at the 13 direction of the County Administrator and which has been led by the Human Resources Director. and the Director of Emergency Management together with representatives of various County 15 Departments, and 16 17 WHEREAS, under the circumstances, it is in the best interests of the County that the 18 Loss Prevention Committee be dissolved: 19 20 NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED that the County's Loss Prevention Committee adopted pursuant to Resolution No. 47 (1990/91) and Resolution No. 10 (1992/93) is hereby 21 22 dissolved. 23 24 25 Respectfully submitted this 19th day of July, 2016. 28 27 28 EXECUTIVE COMMITTES 29 30 31 32 Thomas Wegner. hairperson 33 34 35 William C. Goehring, Secretary 36 37 38 39 40 Opposed to Introduction: 41 42 43 44 45

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# FISCAL NOTE July 2016

Resolution No. 11 (2016/17) Re: Dissolving Loss Prevention Committee

Resolution No. 14 (2016/17) Re: Approving Merger of Eastern Shores Library System

withy Mid-Wisconsin Library System

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Annexation

Ordinance No. 04 (2016/17) Re: Amending Shoreland Ordinance in Section 30, Town

of Wilson (.15 Acres of Property - Replacement of Existing Three-span Bridge on Marine Drive Over

Barr Creck)

### Funding:

No additional funding is required.

Respectfully Submitted,

Wendy A. Charnoh, Finance Director

July 15, 2016

# SHEBOYGAN COUNTY RESOLUTION NO. 15 (2016/17)

Re: 2017 Five-Year Capital Plan

WHEREAS, Section 5.06(b) of the County Code requires the Finance Committee to propose a Five-Year Capital Plan for submission to the County Board at its August monthly meeting, and

WHEREAS, the Finance Committee has considered the capital projects of \$100,000.00 or more included in the budget requests of the Liaison Committees and has placed each project which it endorses into the upcoming budget year or into any budget year for the following four (4) years of the Five-Year Capital Plan, and

WHEREAS, the attached Exhibit A is the proposed Five-Year Capital Plan of the Finance Committee;

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED, that the attached Exhibit A be adopted as the Five-Year Capital Plan for Sheboygan County and that pursuant to Section 5.06(b)(6) of the County Code of Ordinances, that portion of the Five-Year Capital Plan as adopted by the Board at its September meeting which identifies the capital projects approved for the upcoming budget year shall constitute the capital projects portion of the full budget for 2017.

Respectfully submitted this 16th day of August, 2016.

#### FINANCE COMMITTEE

Greg Weggernan, Chairperson	George J. Marthenze, Vice-Chairperson
Mark S. Winkel, Secretary	William C. Goehring
	Roger L Te Stroele
Opposed t	to Introduction:

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# SHEBOYGAN COUNTY RESOLUTION NO. 16 (2016/17)

#### Re Supporting Drug Treatment Court for Sheboygan County

WHEREAS, particularly since 2011. Sheboygan County has experienced a marked increase in prosecutions (or possession and delivery of heroin and other opiates, and

WHEREAS, Shaboygan County has also experienced a marked increase in properly crimes related to heroin and opiate addictions, including burglary, retail theft, robberies, prescription fraud, and other comes committed to obtain heroin and opiate drugs; and

WHEREAS, in addition to the foll that heroin and opiate abuse is putting on the criminal justice system, the abuse of heroin and opiates has significant human costs as reflected by a marked increase in heroin and opiate overdoses and deaths in Sheboygan County since 2011, and

WHEREAS, heroin and other opiates are highly addictive and require intensive and long-term treatment;

WHEREAS, because of the particular challenges of heroin and opiate abuse, various. Sheboygan County entities including the Department of Health and Human Services, the District Attorney's Office, the Public Defender's Office, the Department of Corrections (Probation & Parole), private counseling providers, and our Circuit Judges have joined to establish a Sheboygan County Drug Treatment Court to collaboratively and hollistically apply the full power of the criminal justice system to address this powerful addiction;

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED that the Sheboygan County Board of Supervisors hereby supports the Drug Treatment Court endeavor to provide a long-term and intensive treatment program.

Respectfully submitted this 16th day of August, 2016.

#### LAW COMMITTEE

Vemon Koch, Chairperson	Thomas V. Epping, Vice-Chairperson
Fay Uraynar, Secretary	Libby Ogea
	Mark S. Winkel
Opposed to Ini	Iroduction:

### FISCAL NOTE August 2016

Resolution No. 16 (2016/17) Re: Supporting Drug Treatment Court for Shehoygan

County

Resolution No. 17 (2016/17) Re: Approving Land Swap at Amsterdam Dunes

Ordinance No. 05 (2016/17) Re: Updating Portion of Peace and Good Order

Ordinance

(Marijuana/Synthetic Cannabinoid

Possessian

Ordinance No. 06 (2016/17) Re: Repealing and Re-creating Chapter 72, Shoreland

Ordinance

### Funding:

No additional funding is required.

Respectfully Submitted,

Wendy A. Charnon, Finance Director

August 12, 2016

# SHEBOYGAN COUNTY RESOLUTION NO. 17 (2018/17)

Re: Approving Land Swap at Amsterdam Dunes

WHEREAS, within the Amsterdam Dunes Preservation and Welland Mitigation Area ("Amsterdam Dunes") is a small parcel of land of approximately 5.2 acres that is privately owned and completely surrounded by Amsterdam Dunes, and

WHEREAS, the owners of a portion of the surrounded parcel comprising approximately .53 acres are willing to swap their .53-acre parcel in exchange for an 8.5-foot wide sliver of Amsterdam Dunes totaling .5 acre along Lake Michigan adjacent to another parcel of land that they own to merge title, and

WHEREAS, the 8.5-foot wide sliver is not subject to restrictive covenants that would otherwise preclude its conveyance out of Amsterdam Dunes, and

WHEREAS, it is in the best interests of Sheboygen County and Amsterdam Dunes to make this exchange;

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED that Sheboygan County makes the exchange described above based on the negotiated Offer to Purchase, a copy of which is on file with the County Clerk.

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that the County Board Chairperson and the County Clerk are authorized and directed to sign any documents necessary to close this exchange.

Respectfully submitted this 16th day of August, 2016.

# PLANNING, RESOURCES, AGRICULTURE, AND EXTENSION COMMITTEE<sup>4</sup>

Keith Abler, Chairperson	Fran Damp, Vice-Chairperson
Libby Ogea, Secretary	Steven Bauer
	James Baumgart
{	Opposed to Introduction:
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\*County Board members signing only

### FISCAL NOTE August 2016

Resolution No. 16 (2016/17) Re: Supporting Drug Treatment Court for Sheboygan

County

Resolution No. 17 (2016/17) Re: Approving Land Swap at Amsterdam Dunes

Ordinance No. 05 (2016/17) Re: Updating Portion of Peace and Good Order

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Possession

Ordinance No. 06 (2016/17) Re: Repealing and Re-creating Chapter 72, Shoreland

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### Funding:

No additional funding is required.

Respectfully Submitted,

Wendy A. Charnon, Finance Director

Wind A Mane

August 12, 2016

# SHEBOYGAN COUNTY ORDINANCE NO. 05 (2016/17)

Re: Updating Portion of Peace and Good Order Ordinance (Marijuana/Synthetic Cannabinoid Possession)

WHEREAS, the County Peace and Good Order Ordinance was last updated in a comprehensive manner by the enactment of Ordinance No. 8 (2002/03) on September 17, 2002, and

WHEREAS, because of legislative changes, the Ordinanca requires updating;

NDW, THEREFORE, the County Board of Supervisors of the County of Sheboygan does ordain as follows:

Section 1. <u>Updating Section 38.25(a)</u>. Section 38.25(a) of the Sheboygan County Code of Ordinances is hereby amended as follows (deletions indicated by strikeouts, additions by redlining):

- (a) Pursuant to the authority granted to the County Board by Wis. Stat. §§ 59 54(25) and (25g), the statutory provisions of Wis. Stat. § 961.41(3g)(e) prohibiting the possession or attempted possession of tetrahydrocannabinols included under Wis. Stat. § 961.14(4)(t) or a controlled substance analog of tetrahydrocannabinols are hereby enacted by reference and made a part of this Ordinancethe possession of madjuana as defined at Wis. Stat. § 961.01(14) or the possession of a synthetic cannabinoid as defined at Wis Stat. § 961.14(4)(tb) is prohibited, subject to the following limitations:
  - (1) This Ordinance is only applicable to circumstances where the possession is in an amount of twenty-five (25) grams or less.
  - (2) This Ordinance is only applicable if the defendant has not previously been convicted of a violation of Wis. Stat. § 961.41(3g)(e) or this Ordinance provision
  - (3) This Ordinance does not apply in any Sheboygan County municipality that has enacted a similar Ordinance prohibiting the possession of marijuana.
  - (4) This Ordinance does not apply where the person has obtained the substance or the analog directly from or pursuant to a valid prescription or order of a practitioner who is acting in the course of

ner professional practice, or unless the person is otherwise zed by Wis. Stat. ch. 961 to possess the substance or

Effective Date. The herein Ordinance shall take effect upon

d this 16<sup>th</sup> day of August, 2016.

#### LAW COMMITTEE

Vemon Koch, Chairperson
Thomas V. Epping, Vice-Chalrperson
Fay Uraynar, Secretary
Libby Ogea
Mark S. Winkel
Opposed to Introduction:

CX

August 4, 2016, draft

### FISCAL NOTE August 2016

Resolution No. 16 (2016/17) Re: Supporting Drug Treatment Court for Sheboygan

County

Resolution No. 17 (2016/17) Re: Approving Land Swap at Amsterdam Dunes

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Ordinance |

(Marijuana/Synthetic Cannabinoid

Possession

Ordinance No. 06 (2016/17) Re: Repealing and Re-creating Chapter 72, Shoreland

Ordinance:

#### Funding:

No additional funding is required.

Respectfully Submitted,

Wendy A. Charnon, Finance Director

Wind A Mans

August 12, 2016

# SHEBOYGAN COUNTY ORDINANCE NO. O (2016/17)

Re: Repealing and Re-creating Chapter 72, Shoreland Ordinance

WHEREAS, the Wisconsin legislature, by the enactment of 2015 Wisconsin Act 55, 2015 Wisconsin Act 176, and 2015 Wisconsin Act 291, has made changes to the Wisconsin shoreland zoning laws which require Sheboygan County to make changes to its Shoreland Ordinance, and

WHEREAS, consistent with these requirements, Sheboygan County has made proposed modifications to its Shoreland Ordinance, as set forth hereafter, and

WHEREAS, Sheboygan County has held a public hearing on July 26, 2016, in which the proposed changes were presented to the public

NOW, THEREFORE, the County Board of Supervisors of the County of Sheboygan does ordain as follows:

Section 1. Repealing and Re-creating Chapter 72. Chapter 72 of the Sheboygan County Code of Ordinances is hereby repealed and recreated as follows:

#### CHAPTER 72 SHORELAND ORDINANCE

- 72.01 STATUTORY AUTHORITY. This Ordinance is edopted under the authorization at Wis. Stat. § 59.692 to implement Wis. Stat. §§ 59.692 and 281.31.
- 72.02 FINDING OF FACT. Uncontrolled use of the shorelands and wetlands and pollution of the navigable waters of Sheboygan County will adversely affect the public health, safety, convenience, and general welfare, and impair the tax base. The Wisconsin legislature has delegated to the County responsibility to further the maintenance of safe and healthful conditions; to prevent and control water pollution; to protect spawning grounds, fish and equatic life; to control building sites, placement of structures and land uses; to discourage development in erosion hazard areas, particularly along the coast of Lake Michigan; and to preserve shore cover and natural beauty. This responsibility is hereby recognized by Sheboygan County.
- 72.03 STATEMENT OF PURPOSE. The purpose of this Ordinance is to promote the public health, safety, convenience, and welfare, and promote and protect the public trust in navigable waters in the following manner:
  - (1) Furthering the maintenance of safe and healthful conditions and preventing and controlling water pollution through:
    - (a) Limiting structures to those areas where soil and geological conditions with provide a safe foundation;
    - Establishing minimum lot sizes to provide adequate area for private on-site waste treatment systems;
    - (c) Controlling filling and grading to prevent soil erosion problems; and
    - (d) Limiting Impervious surfaces to control runoff which carries pollutants:
  - (2) Protecting spawning grounds and fish and equatic life through:

- (a) Preserving wetlands and other fish and equatic habitat;
- (b) Regulating pollution sources; and
- (c) Controlling shoreline alterations, dredging and lagooning;
- (3) Controlling building sites, placement of structures, and land uses through:
  - (a) Prohibiting certain uses detrimental to the shoreland-wetlands;
  - (b) Setting minimum lot sizes and widths:
  - (c) Setting minimum building setbacks from waterways, and
  - (d) Setting the maximum height of near shore structures;
- (4) Preserving and restoring shoreland vegetation and natural scenic beauty through:
  - (a) Restricting the removal of natural shoreland cover;
  - (b) Preventing shoreline encroachment by structures;
  - (c) Controlling shoreland excavation and other earth-moving activities; and
  - (d) Regulating the use and placement of boathouses and other structures.
- 72.04 TITLE. This Ordinance shall be known, cited, and referenced to as: CHAPTER 72, SHORELAND ORDINANCE, SHEBOYGAN COUNTY, WISCONSIN. As used herein, it may be referred to as "this Ordinance."
- 72.05 JURISDICTION. Areas regulated by this Ordinance shall include shorelands and wellands of all navigable waters, as "navigable waters" is defined in Wis Stat. § 281.31(2)(d) in the unincorporated areas of Sheboygan County which are:
  - (1) Within one thousand feet (1,000') of the Ordinary High Water Mark (OHWM) of navigable takes, ponds, or flowages.
  - (2) Within three hundred (set (300') of the OHWM of navigable waterways, or to the landward side of a floodplain, whichever is greater.
  - (3) The provisions of this Chapter apply to regulation of the use and development of unincorporated shoreland areas. Unless specifically exempted by law, all cities, villages, towns, counties and, when Wis. Stat. § 13.48(13) applies, state agencies are required to comply with and obtain all necessary permits under, local shoreland ordinances. The construction, reconstruction, maintenance, or repair of state highways and bridges carried out under the direction and supervision of the Wisconsin Department of Transportation is not subject to local shoreland zoning ordinances if. Wis. Stat. § 30.2022(1) applies. Shoreland zoning requirements in annexed or incorporated areas are provided in Wis. Stat. § 61,353 and 62,233.
  - Lakes, ponds, flowages, or waterways in Sheboygan County shall be presumed to be navigable if they are designated on the shoreland and welland maps described in Section 72.07 of this Ordinance. If evidence to the contrary is presented (i.e. that they are navigable or that they are not navigable), the Department shall make the determination as to whether or not the waters in question are navigable under the laws of Wisconsin. The Department shall also make the determination of the location of the OHWM. The Department may contact the appropriate office of the DNR for assistance in the determination of navigability or the location of the OHWM.
  - (5) Notwithstanding any other provision of law or administrative rule promulgated thereunder pursuant to Wis. Stat. § 281.31(2a), this Shoreland Zoning Ordinance does not apply to:

- (a) Lands adjacent to farm drainage ditches if:
  - Such lands are not adjacent to a natural stream or over;
  - Those parts of such drainage ditches adjacent to such lands were not navigable streams before ditching, and
- (b) Lands adjacent to artificially constructed drainage ditches, ponds, or stormwater retention besins that are not hydrologically connected to a natural navigable water body...

#### 72.06 COMPLIANCE.

- (1) The use of any land or water; the size, shape, and placement of lots; the use, size, type, and location of structures on lots, the installation and maintenance of water supply and waste disposal facilities; the filling, grading, lagooning, and dredging of any lands; the cutting or removal of shoreland vegetation; and, the subdivision of lots on any area within the boundaries of the districts created and regulated by this Ordinance shall be in full compliance with the terms of this Ordinance and all other applicable local, state, or federal regulations. (See Section 72.20 of this Ordinance for standards applicable to pre-existing, non-conforming uses and structures.) Property owners, builders, and contractors are responsible for all Ordinance and code compliance and for reasonable care in construction or other development.
- Unless specifically exempted by law, all cities, villages, towns, and countles are required to comply with this Ordinance and obtain all necessary permits. State agencies are required to comply Wis. Stat. § 13.48(13). Activities that are carried out under the direction and supervision of the Department of Transportation in connection with highway bridge or other transportation project design, location, construction, reconstruction, maintenance, and repair are not subject to the provisions of this Ordinance, provided the requirements of Wis. Stat. § 30.2022 are complied with. Activity where not exempt under Wis. Stat. § 30.2022 and the activity of County and local highways and bridges shall comply with this Ordinance and follow the procedure established in Wis. Admin. Code Ch. Trans 207, pursuant to an agreement with the DNR, and a Shoreland Zoning Permit shall not be required.

Notwithstanding the above, the permit and hearing fees set may be waived for such governmental applicants or agencies thereof, including special purpose units of government (e.g. sanitary and utility districts, lake management districts, school districts, housing authorities, public utilities).

- (3) Unless specifically exempted or prohibited by law, all maps, plats, or descriptions which are prepared by Sheboygan County or which are prepared by individuals or entities pursuant to this Chapter shall be oriented and referenced to the Sheboygan County Coordinate Grid as defined as the Sheboygan County Coordinate Monumentation System at Section 71.26 of the Sheboygan County Code of Ordinances.
- 72.07 SHORELAND DISTRICTS AND BOUNDARIES. The areas of Sheboygan County regulated by this Ordinance as described in Section 72.05 and 72.06 of this Code are hereby divided into two (2) districts as defined and described in Sections 72.09 and 72.10.

The boundaries of the districts shall follow the boundaries illustrated on the following maps which are hereby adopted and made a part of this Ordinance and which are on file with the Department:

 "Shoreland Zoning Map, Sheboygan County, Wisconsin" and the supporting Wisconsin Wetland Inventory Maps for Sheboygan County as found on the Wisconsin Department of Natural Resources Surface Water Data Viewer as of the date of enactment.

- 72.08 LOCATING BOUNDARIES. Where an apparent discrepancy exists between the boundaries shown on the maps described in Section 72,07 and actual field conditions at the time the maps were adopted, the Department shall contact the appropriate office of the DNR to determine if the boundaries as mapped are in error. If the DNR staff concur with the Department that a particular area was incorrectly mapped, the Department shall have the authority to immediately grant or deny a Shoreland Zoning Permit in accordance with the regulations applicable to the correct zoning district. In order to correct walland mapping errors on the zoning map described in Section 72.07, the Department shall be responsible for initiating a map amendment within a reasonable period of time, but not to exceed one (1) year following the determination.
- 72.09 SHORELAND-WETLAND DISTRICT. This District Includes all shorelands subject to regulation under Section 72.05 which are designated as wetlands on the wetland inventory maps referred to in Section 72.07 or by application of Section 72.08.
  - PURPOSE. The purpose of the Shoreland-Wetland District is to maintain sate and healthful conditions, to prevent water pollution, to protect (ish spawning grounds and wildlife habital, to preserve shore cover and natural beauty, and to control building and development in wetlands whenever possible. Development in wetlands should be limited and, when development is permitted, it shall occur in a magner that minimizes the adverse impacts upon the wetland.
    - (a) Wetlands are seldom suitable as building sites for the following reasons:
      - On-site sewage disposal systems will not function because of high ground water,
      - Water supplies are often polluted by septic tank wastes that have not been adequately absorbed and purified by the soil.
      - Foundations, roads, and other pavements crack due to poor support capabilities and (rost action.
      - Flooding is common in spring and other times of high water.
    - (b) Wetlands provide fish spawning grounds and wildlife habital, and the natural plant and animal communities found in wetlands provide ecological belance to a watercourse.
    - (c) Wellands serve as water storage areas and, therefore, minimize flooding and costly flooding damages.
    - (d) Wetlands biologically treat and purify water and, therefore, prevent water pollution.
  - (2) PERMITTED USES. The following uses shall be allowed, subject to the other general shoreland zoning regulations as applicable throughout this Ordinance, the provisions of Wis Stat. chs. 30 and 31, Wis. Stat. §§ 281.35 and 281.37, and the provisions of other local, state, and federal laws, if applicable.

- (a) Activities and uses which do not require the issuance of a Shoreland Zoning Permit, but which must be carried out without filling, flooding, draining, dredging, ditching, tilling, or excavating;
  - Hiking, fishing, trapping, swimming, boating, and fruitting, including the construction and maintenance of blinds for water fowling.
  - The harvesting of wild crops, such as marsh hay, ferns, moss, wild rice, barries, tree fruits, and tree seeds, in a manner that is not injurious to the natural reproduction of such crops.
  - The practice of silviculture, including the planting, thinning, and harvesting of timber.
  - The pasturing of livestock.
  - The cultivation of agricultural crops.
- (b) Uses which do not require the issuance of a Shoreland Zoning Permit and which may knowled limited falling, flooding, draining, dredging, ditching, falling, or excavating but only to the extent specifically provided below:
  - Temporary water level slabilization measures necessary to alleviate abnormally wet or dry conditions that would have an adverse impact on silvicultural activities if not corrected.
  - The cultivation of cranberries including flooding, dike and dam construction, or ditching necessary for the growing and harvesting of cranberries.
  - 3. The maintenance and repair of existing agricultural drainage systems including ditching, filling, dredging, excavating, and filling necessary to maintain the level of drainage required to continue the existing agricultural use. This includes the minimum filling necessary for disposal of dredged spoil adjacent to the drainage system provided that dredged spoil is placed on existing spoil banks where possible.
  - The construction or maintenance of fences for the pasturing of livestock including limited excavating and filling necessary for such construction or maintenance.
  - The construction or maintenance of piers, docks or walkways built on pllings including limited excavating and filling necessary for such construction and maintenance.
  - 6. The maintenance, repair, replacement, or reconstruction of existing town and county highways and bridges including limited excavating and filling necessary for such maintenance, repair, replacement, or reconstruction.
- (c) Uses which require the issuance of a zoning permit and which may include limited filling, flooding, draining, dredging, tiling, or excavating, but only to the extent specifically provided below:

- The construction and maintenance of roads which are necessary to conduct silvicultural activities or are necessary for agricultural cultivation provided that:
  - A. The road cannot, as a practical matter, be located outside the wetland
  - B. The road is designed and constructed to minimize the adverse impact upon the natural functions of the welland enumerated in Section 72,09(4)(b)1 through 7;
  - C. The road is designed and constructed with the minimum cross-sectional area practical to serve the intended use;
  - Road construction activities are carried out in the immediate area of the roadbed only.
- The construction and maintenance of non-residential buildings provided that:
  - A The building is essential (or and used solely in conjunction with the raising of waterfowl, minnows, or other wetland or aquatic animals or some other use permitted in the Shoreland-Wetland District:
  - B. The building cannot, as a practical matter, be located outside the wetland:
  - Such bullding is not designed for human habitation and does not exceed five hundred (500) square feet in floor area; and
  - Filling or excavating is authorized only to that which is necessary to provide structural support for the building.
- 3. The establishment of public and private parks and recreation areas, natural and outdoor education areas, historic and scientific areas, wildtife refuges, game preserves, and animal farms, fish hatcheries, and public boot launching remps and attendant access roads, provided that:
  - A. Any private development is used exclusively for the permitted purpose and the applicant has received a permit or license under Wis. Stat. ch. 29, where applicable.
  - B. Filling or excavating necessary for the construction or maintenance of boat faunching ramps or attendant access roads is allowed only where such construction or maintenance meets the criteria of Section 72.09(2)(c); and
  - C. Disching, excavating, dredging, or dike and dam construction in public and private parks and recreation areas, natural and outdoor educational areas, historic and scientific areas, wildlife refuges, game, bird, and animal farms, and fish hatcheries is allowed only for the purpose of improving wildlife habitat or to otherwise enhance wetland values.

- 4. The construction or maintenance of electric, gas, telephone, water and sewer transmission and distribution facilities by public utilities and cooperative associations organized for the purpose of producing or furnishing heat, light, power, or water to their members, and the construction or maintenance of railroad lines, provided that;
  - A. The transmission and distribution facilities and railroad lines cannot, as a practical matter, be located outside the welland; and
  - B Such construction or maintenance is done in a manner designed to minimize adverse impacts upon the natural functions of the wetlands enumerated in Section 72.09(4)(b): through 7.
- (3) PROHIBITED USES. Any use not listed in Section 72.09(2), above, is prohibited, unless the welland or a portion of the wetland is rezoned by an emendment of this Ordinance in accordance with the requirements of Wis. Stat. § 59.59(5)(e), Wis. Admin. Code Ch. NR 115, and Section 72.09(4)
- (4) REZONING OF LANDS IN THE SHORELAND-WETLAND DISTRICT.
  - (a) For all proposed text and map amendments to the Shoreland-Wetland District, the appropriate office of the DNR shall be provided with the following:
    - A copy of every petition for a text or map amendment to the Shoreland-Wetland District within five (5) days of the filling of such petition with the County Clerk with a copy to the Department. Such petition shall include a copy of the Wisconsin Wetland Inventory Map adopted and referred to at Section 72.07 describing the proposed rezoning of a shoreland-wetland;
    - Written notice of the public hearing to be held on a proposed amendment at least ten (10) days prior to such hearing;
    - A copy of the Department's findings and recommendations on each proposed amendment, within ten (10) days after the submission of those findings and recommendations to the County Board; and
    - Written notice of the County Board's enactment or other action, within ten (10) days after it is issued.
  - (b) A welland or a portion thereof in the Shoreland-Welland District shall not be rezoned if the proposed rezoning may result in a significant adverse impact upon any of the following:
    - Storm and flood water storage capacity;
    - Meintenance of dry season stream flow, the discharge of groundwater to a wetland, the recharge of groundwater from a wetland to another area, or the flow of groundwater through a wetland;
    - Filtering or storage of sediments, nutrients, heavy metals, or organic compounds that would otherwise drain into navigable waters;

- Shoreline protection against soll erosion:
- Fish spawning, breeding, nursery, or feeding grounds:
- Wildlife habitat; or
- 7. Wellands both within the boundary of designated areas of special natural resource interest and those wellands which are in proximity to or have a direct hydrologic connection to such designated areas as defined in Wis. Admin. Code § NR 103.04 which can be accessed at the following web site:

#### http://www.legis.state.wi.us/rsb/codg/re/nr103.pdf.

(c) If the DNR has notified the Department that a proposed text or map amendment to the Shoreland-Wetland District may have a significant adverse impact upon any of the criteria listed in Subsection (b), above, that amendment, if approved by the County Board, shall contain the following provision: "This amendment shall not take effect until more than thirty (30) days have elapsed since written notice of the County Board's approval of this amendment was malled to the DNR. During that thirty- (30-) day period, the DNR may notify the County Board that it will adopt a superseding shoreland ordinance for the County under Wis. Stat. § 59.692(6). If the DNR does so notify the County Board, the effect of this amendment shall be steyed until the adoption procedure under Wis. Stat. § 59.692(6) is completed or otherwise terminated. If the DNR does not so notify the County Board, the amendment shall take effect upon publication." The Department shall notify the property owner that the amendment has been stayed.

#### 72.10 SHORELAND DISTRICT,

- (1) DESIGNATION. This District includes all shorelands subject to regulation under Section 72.05 which are not designated as wellands on the "Shoreland Zoning Map" and welland inventory maps cited in Section 72.07.
- (2) PURPOSE. The purpose of the Shoreland District is to protect waters by providing for safe and orderly shoreland development. In this District, residential, recreational, and conservancy uses are permitted and a limited number of commercial uses are allowed as conditional uses. All permitted uses or conditional uses are subject to the general provisions of this Ordinance and all other applicable laws and regulations.
- (3) PERMITTED USES.
  - (a) Any use permitted under Section 72.09(2), except that if the use requires the issuance of a Shoreland Zoning Permit under Section 72.09, it requires a Shoreland Zoning Permit under this Section as well.
  - (b) Single-family detached dwellings, including mobile homes that meet the definition and standards set forth in Section 72.31(35), provided a Shoreland Zoning Permit under Section 72.23 is issued.
  - (c) Parks and playgrounds, provided a Shoreland Zoning Permit under Section 72.23 is issued.

- (d) Accessory uses, provided a Shoreland Zoning Permit under Section 72.23 is issued.
- (e) Boathouses, provided they meet the standards of Section 72,15(2)(a), and provided a Shoreland Zoning Permit under Section 72,23 is issued.
- (f) Signs that meet the Shoreland setback requirement if approved by the Town in which they are located.
- (4) CONDITIONAL USES. The following uses, if permitted or approved pursuant to the underlying municipal zoning and other land use ordinances, are permitted upon the issuance of a Conditional Use Permit according to the procedure set forth in Saction 72.24.
  - (a) Two- (2-) family dwellings.
  - (b) Multiple-family dwellings.
  - (c) Planned Unit Developments, planned, designed, and developed in conformance with Section 71.24 of the Sheboygan County Code of Ordinances. The County Board may, at its discretion, upon its own motion or upon petition, approve a Planned Residential Unit Development Overlay District upon finding, after a public hearing, that all of the following facts exist:
    - Area. The area proposed for the Planned Residential Unit Development shall be at least two (2) acres in size or have a minimum of two hundred (200) feet of frontage on navigable water
    - 2 Lots. Any proposed lot in the Planned Residential Unit Development that does not meet the minimum size standards of Section 72.14 and as otherwise may be required shall be a non-riparran lot.
    - 3. Vegetative buffer zone and preservation of ground cover. The location of lots and the dedication of part of the land for use by the public or residents of the Planned Residential Unit Development shall preserve the vegetative buffer zone and ground cover of the shoreland to enhance scenic beauty of the navigable water, prevent erosion, and provide wildlife habitat. In cases where the vegetative buffer does not exist it shall be re-established. All lands not used for lots and streets shall be dedicated in perpetuity to remain in open space. This may be accomplished by conveyance in common to each of the owners of lots in the development or to a corporation formed by them, or by dedication to the County, Town, or municipality. Lands dedicated to the public must be accepted by action of the governing body of the accepting unit of government. If the land is to be conveyed to owners of lots in the development, a homeowner's association, or similar legally constituted body shall be created to maintain the open space land. Any restriction placed on platted land by covenant, grant of easement, or any other manner which was required by a public body or which names a public body as grantee, promises, or beneficiary, shall yest in the public body the right to enforce the restriction at faw or in equity against anyone who has or acquires an interest in the land subject to the restriction,

- 4. Density. The number of platted lots shall not exceed those which would have been possible if the same land were platted in accordance with the minimum lot sizes and widths provided by the applicable provisions of the zoning ordinance. This figure shall be determined by dividing the total area of the subdivision by the minimum lot size requirement by Section 72.14.
- 5. Lot sizes, widths, selbacks, and vegetation removel. When considering approval of a Planned Residential Unit Development, the governing body shall consider whether proposed lot sizes, widths, and setbacks are of adequate size and distance to prevent pollution or erosion along streets or other public ways and waterways. Increased shoreland setbacks shall be a condition of approval as a way of minimizing adverse impacts of development. Shore cover provisions shall apply, except that maximum width of a take frontage opening shall be one hundred (100) teet and minimum vegetative buffer depth shall be increased to offset the impact of the proposed development.
- (d) Public, parochial, and private schools.
- (e) Churches and similar places of religious worship.
- (f) Professional offices.
- (g) Governmental and cultural uses such as fire and police stations, community centers, municipal buildings, libraries, cemeteries, and museums.
- (h) Golf courses and country clubs.
- (i) Hotels, resorts [including two (2) or more seasonal dwelling units on a single lot for rent or lease], motels, restaurants, dinner clubs, taverns, and other private or public clubs.
- (i) Recreational camps and campgrounds. Recreational camps shall conform to Wis. Admin. Code Ch. H 75 and campgrounds shall conform to Wis. Admin. Code Ch. H 78.
- (k) Individual gift and retail specialty shops.
- (i) Marinas, boat liveries, barr shops, sports equipment stores, watercraft and marine motor sales and service stores, and fish farms.
- (m) Agricultural uses, provided that the following conditions shall apply in addition to any other conditions that may be established by the Committee:
  - New farm buildings housing animals, and all new barryards or feedlots shall be located so that manure will not drain into any navigable water. (Waste collection and disposal systems may be required to prevent manure from draining into any navigable water.)
  - The floodplain zoning standards set forth in Chapter 73 of the Sheboygan County Code of Ordinances shall apply hereto.

- (n) Warehouses, provided that the underlying zoning is industrial or commercial and that the following conditions shall apply in addition to any other conditions that may be established by the Committee:
  - Stormwater management and erosion control plans (prepared in accordance with Wis. Admin. Code Chs. NR 151 and NR 152 or Chapter 78 of the Sheboygan County Code of Ordinances regardless of whether a permit might otherwise be required, whichever is more restrictive) shall be submitted for developments in which parking lots, support and accessory facilities, and other impervious surfaces, in the aggregate, exceed ten thousand (10,000) square feet in area. Such plans shall discourage direct stormwater discharge to the navigable waters, or shall provide for adequate detention/retention or pretreatment.
  - The storage, processing, or manufacture of any materials hazardous, explosive, or otherwise injurious to humans, animals, vegetation, ground, and surface waters shall be prohibited.
  - Motor vehicle service and repair facilities shall be prohibited.
- (a) Light Industry, provided that the following conditions shall apply in addition to any other conditions that may be established by the Committee:
  - The underlying municipal zoning is industrial or commercial.
  - 2. Stormwater management and erosion control plans for the site. shall be required and implemented. The plans and implementation shall be reviewed and approved by the Department for existing developments in which perking lots, support and accessory facilities, and other impervious surfaces, in the appregate, exceed ten thousand (10,000) square feet in area. The plans and their implementation shall be based on Best Management Practices (BMPs) and shall be designed and installed to handle the largest storm event possible considering the physical constraints of the existing property prior to the planning and construction of additional impervious surfaces. The plans shall discourage direct stormwater discharge to the waters. OΓ shall provide far detention/retention or pretreatment. In addition, the plans shall include an "Operation and Maintenance Plan" that establishes monitoring and maintenance requirements for the BMPs to ensure the BMPs will operate as designed and thereby protect the waters of the state. BMPs shall be constructed prior to the start of the industrial/manufacturing operation pending soil and weather conditions.
  - Outdoor storage of raw materials, finished products, and waste materials/process by-products shall be prohibited or otherwise screened from view and covered to prevent off-site migration via wind or water.
  - 4 The storage, processing, or manufacture of any materials which are hazardous, explosive, or otherwise injurious to humans.

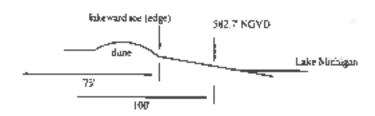
animals, vegetation, ground, and surface waters shall be prohibited

- Molor vehicle service and repair facilities shall be prohibited.
- (p) Non-metallic mining, provided all provisions of Chapter 78 of the Sheboygan County Code of Ordinances are adhered to regardless of whether a permit is required and provided that the activity has a set-back of three hundred (300') feet from the OHWM.
- 72.11 LAND DIVISION REVIEW. In addition to the zoning provisions sel forth herein, all land divisions involving land in the Shoreland-Wetland District and/or in the Shoreland District are subject to the requirements of Chapter 71 of the Sheboygan County Code of Ordinances, including Section 71.16 thereof.
- 72.12 RESERVED.
- 72.13 SANITARY REGULATIONS. In addition to the zoning provisions set forth herein, all land in the Shoreland-Welland District and/or in the Shoreland District are subject to the sanitary regulations of Chapter 70 of the Sheboygan County Code of Ordinances.
- 72.14 BUILDING SITES AND DIMENSIONS. Any Shoreland Zorung Permit or Conditional Use Permit issued heraunder shall have as applicable these additional requirements:
  - (1) The dimensions of all building lots hereinafter created shall be subject to Chapter 71 of the Sheboygan County Code of Ordinances, and in addition, in order to afford protection against danger to health, safety, and welfare and protection against pollution of adjacent bodies of water:
    - (a) "Sewered lots." Lots served by a public sanitary sewer shall have a minimum width of sixty-five feet (65') and len thousand (10,000) square feet of area. If abulting a nevigable waterway, it shall have at least sixty-five feet (65') of frontage at the OHWM.
    - (b) "Unsewered lots." Lots not served by a public sanitary sewer shall have a minimum width of one hundred feet (100"), and twenty thousand (20,000) square feet of area. If abutting a navigable waterway, it shall also have at least one hundred feet (100") of frontage at the OHWM.
  - (2) A legally-created lot or parcel that met minimum area and minimum average width requirements when created but does not meet current lot size requirements may be used as a building site if all of the following apply:
    - (a) The substandard lot or parcel was never reconfigured or combined with another lot or parcel by plat, survey, or consolidation by the owner into one (1) parcel;
    - (b) The substandard lot or parcel has never been developed with one (1) or more of its structures placed partly upon an adjacent lot or parcel; and
    - (c) The substandard lot or percel is developed to comply with all other ordinance requirements.

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- (3) Except for lots which meet the requirements of Section 72.14(1) and (2), a Shoreland Zoning Permit for the improvement of a lot having lesser dimensions than those stated herein shall be issued only if a variance is granted by the Board of Adjustments.
- (4) Only one (1) principal structure and one (1) principal use shall be permitted on a single parcel, lot, or tract of land unless expressly approved on an individual basis for such uses as Planned Unit Developments, condominiums, or other clustered projects, in accordance with the provisions of Sections 72.10, 72.11, and 72.13.
- (5) Accessory structures shall not be constructed or placed until their principal structure is present or under construction.
- 72.15 SETBACKS. In order to conform to health and safety concerns, preserve natural beauty, reduce flood hazards, and avoid water pollution, any use of property within a Shoreland-Wetland District or a Shoreland District shall have as applicable these additional regularements:
  - (1) SETBACKS FROM THE OHWM. [NOTE: Setbacks hereunder are to be measured at right engles from lot lines or the OHWM, horizontally, to the closest projection of the structure or integral part thereof, including attached decks, porches, balconles, attached covered stairs and tandings, chimneys, such architectural projections as sills, eaves, and belt courses, and attached garages.]
    - (a) Inland Navigable Waters, except if exempt or reduced as hereafter provided.
      - Required Setbacks. All structures shall require a setback of at least seventy-five feet (75') from the OHWM although a greater setback may be required where otherwise regulated by the floodplain provisions of Chapter 73 of the County Code of Ordinances or other more restrictive ordinances.
    - (b) Lake Michigan.
      - Findings of Fact. Lake Michigán possesses unique ecological characterístics, water level fluctuations, and erosion hazards, not found on other surface waters in Sheboygan County.
      - Required Setbacks. All structures shall be set back at least one hundred feet (100') from the OHWM elevation of 582.7' National Geodetic Vertical Datum (NGVD) or Mean Sea Level (MSL) or 75' from the fakeward toe of the natural primary dune, whichever is tess.

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- (c) Reduced Setback for New Principal Structures. A setback less than the seventy-five foot (75') required setback from the OHWM shall be permitted for a proposed principal structure and shall be determined as follows:
  - Where there are existing principal structures in both directions, the setback shall equal the average of the distances the two existing principal structures are set back from the OHWM provided all of the following are met:
    - A. Both of the existing principal structures are located on an adjacent lot to the proposed principal structure:
    - Both of the existing principal structures are located within two hundred fifty feet (250') of the proposed principal structure;
    - C. Both of the existing principal structures are located less than seventy-five feet (75") from the OHWM, and
    - The average setback shall not be reduced to less than thirty-five feet (35') from the OHWM of any navigable water.

Functional appurtenances such as decks or porches that are attached to the proposed principal structure must comply with the reduced principal structure setback but shall not be used in the calculation of the reduced principal structure setback.

- (2) EXEMPT STRUCTURES. All of the following structures are exempt from the setback standards in Subsection (1), above:
  - (a) Boathouses located entirely above the OHWM and entirely within the access and viewing comidor that do not contain plumbing and are not used for human habitation, subject to the following:
    - Boathouses shall be designed and constructed solely for the storage of watercraft and related equipment.
    - Only one boathouse is permitted on a lot as an accessory structure.
    - Boathouses shall not exceed one (1) story in height.
    - Boathouses shall not extend below the OHWM or more than thirty feet (30') landward of the OHWM and shall be constructed in conformity with all floodplain zoning standards.
    - The sidewall height of boathouses shall not exceed ten feet (10")
    - The main door must face or open towards the lake.
    - The roof of a boathouse may be used as a deck provided that:
      - A. The boathouse has a flat roof.
      - B. The roof has no side walls or screens; and

- C. The roof may have a railing that meets the Department of Safety and Professional Services standards.
- (b) Open-sided and screened structures such as gazebos, decks, perios, and screen houses in the shoreland setback area that satisfy the requirements in Wis. Ster. § 59.692(1v).
  - The part of the structure that is nearest to the water is located at least thirty-five feet (35") landward from the OHWM.
  - The floor area of all the structures in the shoreland setback area will not exceed two hundred (200) square feet excepting starways, walkways, and boalhouses.
  - 3 The structure that is the subject of the request for special zorung permission has no sides or has open or screened sides.
  - 4. The Department must approve a plan that will be implemented by the owner of the properly to preserve or establish a vegetative buffer zone that covers at least seventy percent (70%) of the half of the shoreland setback area that is nearest to the water.
  - A Department-approved effidavit must be filed by the property owner with the Register of Deeds prior to construction acknowledging the limitations on the vegetation required above which shall run with the land.
  - The structure must be free-standing and more than five feet (5') from a principal structure.
- (c) Broadcast signal receivers, including satellite dishes or entennas that are one (1) meter or less in diameter and satellite earth station antennas that are two (2) meters or less in diameter, and small, moveable structures at the discretion of Department staff.
- (d) Utility transmission and distribution lines, poles, towers, water lowers, pumping stations, wall pumphouse covers, private on-site wastewater treatment systems that comply with Wis. Admin. Code Ch. SPS 383, and other utility structures that have no feasible alternative location outside of the minimum setback and that employ best management practices to infiltrate or otherwise control storm water funoff from the structure.
- (e) Walkways, stairways, or rail systems that are necessary to provide pedestrian access to the shoreline and are a maximum of sixty (80) inches in width. One (1) walkway is allowed per single-family residential property; two (2) walkways are allowed for a two-family residence. For all other uses, one (1) walkway is allowed per one hundred feet (100') of frontage.
- (f) Devices or systems used to treat runoff from impervious surfaces.
- (3) EXISTING EXEMPT STRUCTURES. Existing exempt structures that were legally constructed may be maintained, repaired, replaced, restored, rebuilt, and remodeled provided the activity does not expand the footprint and does not go beyond the three-dimensional building envelope of the existing structure without permit, fee, or

- miligation. Expansion of a structure beyond the existing footprint is allowed if the expansion is necessary to comply with applicable state or federal requirements
- (4) FLOODPLAIN STRUCTURES Suildings and structures to be constructed or placed in a floodplain shall be required to comply with Chapter 73 of the Sheboygan County Code of Ordinances.
- (5) BLUFF SETBACKS. From the north City of Shaboygan limit to the north County line the coast of Lake Michigan consists almost entirely of steep bluffs ±50 feet in height; long-term recession (erosion) rates of ±2 feet per year have been recorded along this coastal reach. To protect properly and life and minimize costly damage, the structure setback in this erea is based upon the long-term recession rate of two feet (2") per year and a fifty-(50-) year period as the useful life of the structure. As such, all new principal structures must be setback at least one hundred feet (100") from the edge of the bluff. New accessory structures must meet the setback found in Section 72.15 (1)(a)1.

The Board of Adjustment may approve, as a variance under the provisions of Section 72.25, a reduction of the bluff setback upon presentation by the applicant of acceptable engineering studies documenting:

- A. Lower recession rates:
- 8. More stable slope conditions:
- Plans for structural protection against wave attack; and
- Plans for stabilization of the bluff or shoreling.

#### 72.16 VEGETATION

- (1) Purpose. To protect water quality, fish and wildlife habitat and natural scenic beauty, and to promote preservation and restoration of native vegetation, owners of properly in shoreland-welland zones and/or shoreland zones must consider sound (orestry and soil conservation practices and the effect of vegetation removal on water quality, including soil erosion, and the flow of effluents, sediments and nutrients.
- (2) Limitations. Land that extends from the ordinary high water mark to a minimum of thirty-five feet (35") inland shall be designated as a vegetative buffer zone and removal of vegetation in the vegetative buffer zone is prohibited except as follows:
  - (a) Routine maintenance of vegetation is allowed.
  - (b) Removal of trees and shrubs in the vegetative buffer zone is allowed to create access and viewing corridors. The viewing corridor may be thirty-five feet (95') wide for every one hundred feet (100') of shoreline frontage or a maximum of thirty-five percent (35%) of the frontage. The viewing corridor may run contiguously for the entire maximum width of shoreline frontage owned.
  - (c) Removal of trees and shrubs in the vegetative buffer zone on a parcel with ten (10) or more acres of forested land consistent with "generally accepted forestry management practices" as defined in Wis. Admin. Code § NR 1.25(2)(b) and described in DNR publication Wisconsin Forest Management Guidelines (publication FR-226), provided that vegetation removal be consistent with these practices.
  - (d) Removal of vegetation within the vegetative buffer zone is allowed to manage exotic or invasive species, damaged vegetation, vegetation that must be

removed to control disease, or vegetation creating an imminent safety hezard, provided that any vegetation removed under the permit be replaced by replanting in the same area as soon as practicable. The Department may require documentation from a qualified professional supporting the need for removal of the additional vegetation.

- (e) Additional vegetation management activities in the vegetative buffer zone may be authorized by permit. The permit shall require that all management activities comply with detailed plans approved by the Department and designed to control erosion by limiting sedimentation into the waterbody, to improve the plant community by replanting in the same area, and to maintain and monitor the newly-restored area. The permit also shall require an enforceable restriction to preserve the newly-restored area. The Department may require documentation from a qualified professional supporting the need for additional vegetation management activities.
- (3) Culting More than Thirty-five Feet (35') Inland. From the inland edge of the thirty-five-foot (35') area to the outer limits of the shoreland, the cutting of vegetation shall be allowed when accomplished using accepted forest management and soil conservation practices which protect water quality.
- 72.17 FILLING, DREDGING, LAGOONING, GRADING, DITCHING, AND EXCAVATING. Any filling, grading, lagooning, dredging, ditching, and excavaling on property within a Shoreland-Wetland District or a Shoreland District shall be permitted only in accordance with the provisions of Wis. Admin. Code § NR 115.04, the requirements of Wis. Stat. chs. 30 and 31 and only if done in a manner designed to minimize erosion, sedimentation, and impairment of fish and wildlife habitat and natural scenic beauty, and these additional requirements:
  - (1) GENERAL STANDARDS. Filling, dredging, lagooning, grading, ditching, or excavating which does not require a Shoreland Zoning Permit is allowed, provided that:
    - (a) It is done in a manner designed to minimize erosion, sedimentation, and impairment of fish and wildlife habitat.
    - (b) Filling, dradging, lagooning, grading, ditching, or excavating in a shoreland-wetland area meats the requirements of Section 72,09(2)(b)
    - (c) A local, state, or federal permit is obtained if local, state, or federal laws require the issuance of a permit for the filling, dredging, lagooning, grading, dilching, or excavating that is proposed.
    - (d) Any fill placed in the shoreland area is protected against erosion by the use of riprapping, vegetative cover, or a bulkhead.
  - (2) PERMIT REQUIRED. Except as provided in Section 72.17(4), a Shoreland Zoning Pérmit is required:
    - (a) For development anywhere to a mapped floodplain under the jurisdiction of Chapter 73 of the Sheboygan County Code of Ordinances.
    - (b) For any (Illing or grading of any area which is within three hundred feet (300') of the OHVM of a navigable waterway and which has surface drainage toward the water and on which there is either:

- Any filling or grading on slopes of twenty percent (20%) or more; or
- Filling or grading of more than one thousand (1,000) square feet on slopes of livelye percent (12%) to twenty percent (20%); or
- Filling or grading of more than two thousand (2,000) square feet on slopes of twelve percent (12%) or less.
- (c) For construction or dredging commenced on any artificial waterway, canal, ditch, lagoon, pond, take, or similar waterway which is within three hundred feet (300') of the OHVM of a navigable body of water or where the purpose is the ultimate connection with a navigable body of water.
- (3) PERMIT CONDITIONS. In granting a permit under Subsection (2), above, the Department shall attach the following conditions, where appropriate, in addition to those provisions specified in Sections 72.23.
  - (a) The smallest amount of bare ground shall be exposed for as short a time as feasible.
  - (b) Temporary ground cover (such as mulch or jute neiting) shall be used and permanent vegetative cover shall be established.
  - (c) Diversion berms or bales, silting basine, terraces, filter fabric fencing, and other methods shall be used to prevent erosion.
  - (d) Lagoons shall be constructed to avoid fish trap conditions.
  - Fill shall be stabilized according to accepted engineering standards.
  - (f) Filling shall comply with any local floodplain zoning ordinance and shall not restrict a floodway or destroy the flood storage capacity of a floodplain.
  - (g) Channels or artificial watercourses shall be constructed with side slopes of two (2) units horizontal distance to one (1) unit vertical or flatter which shall be promptly vegetated, unless bulkheads or norab are provided.
- (4) SOIL CONSERVATION PRACTICES AND AGRICULTURAL DRAINAGE MAINTENANCE.
  - (a) Soil conservation practices such as tiled terraces, runoff diversions and grassed waterways used for erosion control shall not require a permit when designed and constructed to Natural Resources Conservation Service technical standards.
  - (b) The maintenance of existing agricultural drainage systems shall be permitted in conformity with the following construction standards:
    - The maintenance dredging of farm drainage ditches is limited to reestablishing the original ditch cross section unless a permit under Section 72.17(2) is obtained.
    - Ditch banks shall be constructed at a slope of 2 horizontal to 1 vertical (50% grade) or flatter.

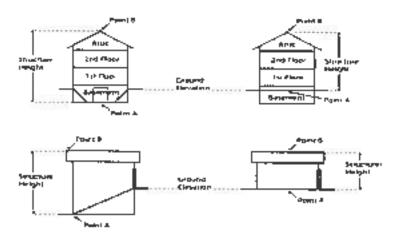
- 3 Ditch banks shall be maintained in a sod cover and free of woody vegetation.
- A minimum thirty-five- (35-) foot wide buffer strip of untilted, ungrazed sod cover shall be maintained adjacent to the dilch bank.

#### 72.18 IMPERVIOUS SURFACE STANDARDS.

- (1) PURPOSE. To protect water quality and fish and wildlife habital and to protect against pollution of navigable waters, these impervious surface standards are established and shall apply to the construction, reconstruction, expansion, replacement, or relocation of any impervious surface on a nearlan lot or parcel and any nonriparian lot or parcel that is located entirely within three hundred feet (300") of the OHWM of any navigable waterway. These standards are in addition to and do not supersede any other applicable provisions of this Ordinance.
- (2) CALCULATION OF IMPERVIOUS SURFACE. The percentage of impervious surface shell be calculated by dividing the surface erea of existing and proposed impervious surfaces on the portion of a lot or parcel that is within three hundred feet (300') of the OHWM by the total surface area of the lot or parcel and multiplying by one hundred (100). The Department may require a survey of existing impervious surfaces to be included as part of the permit application.
- (3) IMPERVIOUS SURFACE STANDARD. Up to fifteen percent (15%) impervious surface can be permitted on the portion of a lot or parcel that is within three hundred feet (300') of the OHWM.
- (4) MAXIMUM IMPERVIOUS SURFACE. More than filteen percent (15%) but not more than thirty percent (30%) impervious surface can be permitted on the portion of a fot or parcel that is within three hundred feet (300") of the OHWM, but for that portion of the development that exceeds fifteen percent (15%) impervious surface but not more than thirty (30%) impervious surface, a permit shall be required which includes a mitigation plan that meets the standards found in Section 72.21.
- (5) TREATED IMPERVIOUS SURFACES. Impervious surfaces that can be documented to show they must meet either of the following standards shall be excluded from the impervious surface calculations under Section 72.18(2) of this Code.
  - (a) The Impervious surface is treated by devices such as stormwater ponds, constructed wetlands, infiltration basins, rain gardens, bio-swales, or other engineered systems and a maintenance plan is signed by the property owner and recorded with the Register of Deeds.
  - (b) The runoff from the impervious surface discharges to an internally drained pervious area that retains the runoff on or off the parcel and allows infiltration into the soil. If the internally drained area is located off the parcel, written permission must be granted from owner of the property to receive the runoff and submitted to the Department.
- (6) EXISTING IMPERVIOUS SURFACES. For existing impervious surfaces that were lawfully placed when constructed but that do not comply with the impervious surface standards provided herein, the property owner may do any of the following:
  - (a) maintain and repair the existing Impervious surfaces.

103B

- replace existing impervious surfaces with similar surfaces within the existing impervious surface footprint;
- (c) relocate or modify an existing impervious surface with similar or different impervious surface, provided that the relocation or modification does not result in an increase in the percentage of impervious surface that existed on the effective date of this Ordinance, and the impervious surface meets the applicable setback requirements in Section 72.15.
- (7) CONSTRUCTION. This Section of the Ordinance shall not be construed to supersede the other provisions in this Ordinance. Maintenance, reconstruction, relocation, and expension of existing structures must comply with other provisions in this Ordinance, including the shoreland setback and non-conforming structures provisions.
- 72.19 HEIGHT. To protect and preserve wildlife habital and natural scenic beauty, construction shall not be permitted that results in a structure taller than thirty-five feet (35') within seventy-five feet (75) of the OHWM of any navigable waters. Structure height shall be measured as follows: The measurement of the vertical line segment starting at the lowest point of any exposed wall and its intersect with the ground (Point A in the following diagram) to a line horizontal to the highest point of a structure (Point B in the following diagram) unless specified under other Sections of this Ordinance.



72.20 NONCONFORMING USES AND STRUCTURES AND STRUCTURES AUTHORIZED BY VARIANCE.

- (1) DISCONTINUED NONCONFORMING USE. If a nonconforming use is discontinued for a period of twelve (12) months, any future use of the building, structure, or property shall conform to this Ordinance.
- (2) MAINTENANCE, REPAIR, REPLACEMENT, OR VERTICAL EXPANSION OF NONCONFORMING STRUCTURES. An existing structure that was lawfully placed when constructed but that does not comply with the required shoreland selback may be maintained, repaired, replaced, restored, rebuilt, or remodeled if the activity does not expand the foolprint of the nonconforming structure without permit, fee, or mitigation. Further, an existing structure that was tawfully placed when constructed but that does not comply with the required shoreland selback may be vertically expanded without permit fee or mitigation unless the vertical expansion would extend more than thirty-five feet

- (35') above grade level. The expansion of a structure beyond the existing footprint may be allowed if the expansion is necessary to comply with applicable state or federal requirements.
- (3) LATERAL EXPANSION OF NONCONFORMING PRINCIPAL STRUCTURE WITHIN THE SETBACK. An existing principal structure that was fawfully placed when constructed but that does not comply with the required building setback pursuant to Section 72.15 of this Code may be expanded laterally, provided that all of the following requirements are met:
  - (a) The use of the structure has not been discontinued for a period of twelve (12) months or more if a nonconforming use.
  - (b) The existing principal structure is at least thirty-five feet (35') from the OHWM.
  - (c) Lateral expansions are limited to a maximum of two hundred (200) square feet over the life of the structure.
  - (d) No portion of the expansion may be any closer to the OHWM than the closest point of the existing principal structure.
  - (e) The County shall Issue a permit that requires a mitigation plan that shall be approved by the County and implemented by the property owner by the date specified in the permit. The mitigation plan shall meet the standards found in Section 72.21 of this Code
  - (f) All other provisions of this Ordinance shall be met.
- (4) EXPANSION OF A NONCONFORMING PRINCIPAL STRUCTURE BEYOND SETBACK. An existing principal structure that was lawfully placed when constructed but that does not comply with the required building setback under Section 72.15, may be expanded horizontally, landward, or vertically provided that the expanded area meets the building setback requirements of Section 72.15 and that all other provisions of this Ordinance are met. A mitigation plan is not required solely for expansion under this Subsection but may be required under Section 72.18.
- (5) RELOCATION OF NONCONFORMING PRINCIPAL STRUCTURE. An existing principal structure that was lawfully placed when constructed but that does not comply with the required building setback per Section 72.15 may be relocated on the property provided at of the following requirements are met:
  - (a) The use of the structure has not been discontinued for a period of twelve (12) months or more if a nonconforming use.
  - (b) The existing principal structure is at least thirty-five feet (35') from the OHWM.
  - (c) No portion of the relocated structure is located any closer to the OHWM than the closest point of the existing principal structure.
  - (d) The Department determines that no other location is available on the property taking into consideration other site constraints such as vegetation, lot line and road setbacks, and topography and utilities to build a principal structure of a comparable size to the structure proposed for relocation that will result in compliance with the shoreland setback requirement per Section 72.15.

- (a) The Department shall issue a penntit that requires an approved mitigation plan which shall be implemented by the property owner by the dale specified in the permit. The mitigation plan shall meet the standards found in Section 72.21 and shall include enforceable obligations of the property owner to establish or maintain measures that the Department determines are adequate to offset the impacts of the permitted construction on water quality, near-shore aquatic habitat, upland wildlife habitat, and natural scenic beauty. The mitigation measures shall be proportional to the amount and impacts of the replaced or relocated structure being permitted. The obligations of the property owner under the mitigation plan shall be evidenced by an instrument approved by the Department and recorded by the owner in the office of the Register of Deeds.
- All other provisions of this Ordinance shall be met.
- (6) WET BOATHOUSES. The maintenance and repair of nonconforming boalhouses which extend landward of the OHWM of any navigable waters shall comply with Wis, Stal. § 30.121.
- 72.21 MAINTENANCE, REPAIR, REPLACEMENT, OR VERTICAL EXPANSION OF STRUCTURES THAT WERE AUTHORIZED BY VARIANCE. A structure of which any part has been authorized to be located within the shoreland setback area by a variance granted before July 15, 2015, may be maintained, repaired, replaced, restored, rebuill, or remodeled without permit, fee, or mitigation if the activity does not expand the footprint of the authorized structure. Additionally, the structure may be vertically expanded without permit, fee, or mitigation unless the vertical expansion would extend more than thirty-five feet (35") above grade level. Expansion of a structure beyond the existing footprint may be allowed if the expansion is necessary to comply with applicable state or federal requirements.
- 72.22 MITIGATION. Before the Department issues a permit requiring mitigation under Sections 72.18 and 72.20, the property owner must submit, along with the application, a complete mitigation plan that complies with the Sheboygan County Shoreland Mitigation Handbook as has been adopted by the Committee and which may be modified from time to time. The mitigation plan shall include the following:
  - A site plan that describes the proposed mitigation measures.
    - (a) The site plan shall be designed and implemented to restore natural functions lost through development and human activities.
    - (b) The mitigation measures shall be proportional in scope to the Impacts on water quality, near-shore equatio habitat, upland wildlife habitat, and natural scenic beauty
  - (2) An implementation schedule and enforceable obtigation on the property owner to establish and maintain the mitigation measures. The enforceable obtigations shall be evidenced by an instrument approved by the Department and recorded by the owner in the office of the Register of Deeds prior to Issuance of the permit.

### 72.23 ADMINISTRATION.

(1) This Ordinance shall be administered in accordance with Wis. Stat. §§ 59.69, 59,692, and 87.30, as amended, and in conformance with Wis. Admin. Code Ch. NR 115 and NR 116, as amended.

- (2) The duties of administering this Ordinance are assigned to the Planning and Conservation Department (called "Department") employing a full-time professional planner and his/her duty appointed professional planning and zoning administration staff.
- (3) The Department shall have the authority and power to:
  - (a) Advise applicants and answer any question about the provisions of this Ordinance.
  - (b) At all times during reasonable hours, enter upon and inspect any private or public premises for compliance, being clearly in the performance of their duty. If entry is refused after presentation of proper identification, a special inspection warrant may be procured in accordance with Wis, Stat. § 66.0119.
  - (c) Issue permits and approvals where appropriate unless prohibited by Wis. Stat. § 59.692(1k).
  - (d) Keep the official records of all water surface profiles, documentations of certified elevation, shoreland, wetland, or floodplain zoning maps and ordinances, permits and permit applications, appeals, variances, and amendments related to this Ordinance.
  - (e) Report uncorrected violations of this Ordinance or other applicable regulations to the Sheboygan County Corporation Counsel for appropriate enforcement action.
  - (f) Submit copies of any required deta, variances, amendments, case-by-case analyses, annual reports, and any other requested information to the DNR.
- (4) The construction and maintenance of a facility is considered to satisfy the requirements of this Ordinance if the DNR has issued all required permits or approvals authorizing construction or maintenance under Wis, Stat. chs. 30, 31, 281, or 283.

#### 72.24 PERMITS.

- (1) WHEN REQUIRED. Except where another Section of this Ordinance specifically exempts certain types of development from this requirement, a Shoreland Zoning Permit shall be obtained from the Department to engage in activities requiring a permit, except that a Demoition Permit is required prior to the removal of any principal or accessory structures if a Shoreland Zoning Permit is not required.
- (2) APPLICATION. An application for a permit shall be made to the Department upon forms furnished by the Department and shall include for the purpose of proper enforcement of these regulations, the following information:
  - (a) Name and address of applicant and property owner.
  - (b) Legal description of the property and type of proposed use.
  - (c) A to scale drawing of the dimensions of the lot and location of all existing and proposed structures and impervious surfaces relative to the lot lines, center line of abutting highways and the OHWM of any abutting waterways.

1206 (d) Location and description of any existing private water supply or sewage system. 1207 or notification of plans for any such installation. 1209 1209 Plans for appropriate mitigation when regulred. (8) 1210 1211 (f) Payment of the appropriate fee. 1212 1213 Additional information that may be required by the Department. **(g)** 1214 1215 (3)EXPIRATION OF PERMIT. Shoreland Zoning Permits and Demolition Permits shall 1216 expire one (1) year from the date of issue unless substantial work has commenced... If 1217 substantial work has commenced and a request for renewal is received by the 1218 Department prior to the expiration date, the permit can be renewed for an additional 1219 one- (1-) year period. If substantial work has not commenced prior to the expiration date, 1220 the permit will not be renewed and a new permit must be issued before work can 1221 commence. A parmit will not be issued if the proposed development does not compty 1222 with the Ordinance in effect at the time of permit application. 1223 72.25 CONDITIONAL USE PERMITS. 1224 1225 1225 (1) APPLICATION. Permission for conditional uses specified in this Ordinance shall be 1227 allowed only application the Department, on forms furnished by the Department, and 1228 issuance of a Conditional Use Permit by the Department's County Board Naison. 1229 committee (called "Committee" throughout this Ordinance) following the same notice, 1230 hearing, and other procedures set forth for the Board of Adjustments in Wis. Stat. 1231 § 59.694 and Chapter 76 of the Sheboygan County Code of Ordinances. 1232 1233 (2)EVALUATION. In passing upon a proposed conditional use application, the Committee 1234 shall evaluate the effect of the proposed use upon: 1235 1236 Maintenance of safe and healthful conditions. (a) 1237 (b) Prevention and control of water pollution, including erosion and sedimentation. 1238 (c) Existing topography, drainage, and vegetative cover. 1239 (d) Location to floodways and floodplains. 1240 Erosion potential based on percent slope, soil type, and vegetative cover. (e) 1241 Existing and future access roads **(f)** 1242 (g) Existing and future traffic and parking needs. 1243 (h)Degree of site disturbance and its Impact upon adjoining natural resource areas 1244 (e.g. wetlands, archaeological features, preserves, wildlife habitat). 1245 (i) Compatibility with adjacent uses. 1246 (f) Suitability for waste disposal and potable water supply. 1247 Natural scenic beauty. (k)1248 Conformance with other applicable codes and ordinances. (0)1249 1250 OTHER CONDITIONS. The Committee may attach such conditions, in addition to those  $\{3\}$ 1251 required elsewhere in this Ordinance as it deems necessary in furthering the purpose of 1252 this Ordinance. Violation of any such established conditions shall be deemed a violation. 1253 of this Ordinance. Such conditions may include specifications for, without limitation 1254 because of specific enumeration: 1255 1256 Type and extent of shore cover. (a) 1257 (b) Increased setbacks and yards. 1258 (c) Specific sewage disposal and water supply facilities.

1259

(d)

Landscaping, planting screens, and buffer yards.

1260			(e)	Period of operation.						
1261			(1)	Extent and duration of site disturbance.						
1262			(g)	Operational control.						
1263			(ਜ)	Access and parking						
1264			(i)	Surely bonding.						
1265				Deed restrictions.						
			0)							
1266			(k)	Location of structures.						
1267			(1)	Type of construction.						
1268			{m}	Floodproofing measures.						
1269										
1270		(4)	REQUI	RED INFORMATION. As a basis for its determination, the Committee may						
1271				the applicant to furnish, in addition to the information required for a permit, the						
1272				ng dala:						
1273				3 ****						
1274			(a)	A plan map drawn to a reasonable scale showing contours and elevations, soil						
1275			fol							
				types, ground water conditions, bedrock, OHWM, slopes, and vegetative cover.						
1276										
1277			(b)	Location of existing and proposed buildings, parking areas, access roads,						
1278				walkways, piers, open spaces, and landscaping.						
1279										
1280			(c)	Specifications for areas of proposed filling, dredging, tageoning, or grading.						
1281			1-7	opening to a second property and a second pr						
1282			(d)	Plans of sewage disposal and water supply facilities.						
1283			(u)	riens of sewage disposal and water supply facilities.						
			4_1	Fig. 4						
1284			(e)	Floodproofing measures.						
1285										
1286			(0)	Any of the floodplain data described in Chapter 73 of the Sheboygan County						
1287				Code of Ordinances deemed necessary by the Committee.						
1288				• •						
1289		(5)	DEVIA	TION FROM PERMIT. When a Committee-approved conditional use is not carried						
1290		1-1		does not continue in conformance with the conditions of the original approval, the						
1291				onal use shall be terminated and the permit revoked by action of the Committee.						
1292				ons or amendments must be approved by the Committee using the same						
1293			proced	lure as was used to obtain the initial conditional use approval.						
1294										
1295		(6)	STATE	REVIEW. Written notice must be made to the appropriate office of the ONR at						
1296			least t	on (10) days prior to hearings on proposed conditional uses, and copies of						
1297				ans thereon shall be provided to that office within ten (10) days after they are						
1298				d or denied.						
1299			g							
1300	72.26	COAD	n oc al	DJUSTMENT. The Sheboygan County Building, Zoning, and Sanitation Board of						
	12.20									
1301			Adjustment, as established in Chapter 76 of the Sheboygan County Code of Ordinances,							
1302			arsuant to Wis. Stat. § 59.694 is hereby authorized to administer the appropriate judicia							
1303			ctions set forth in this Ordinance. The said Board shall be referred to as the Board							
1304		<b>Ad</b> ju <b>s</b> li	ment (Bo	pard) in this Ordinance.						
1305										
1306		(1)	POWE	RS. The Board may exercise all of the powers conferred on such Board by Wis,						
1307				59,694.						
1308			3							
1309			(a)	It shall hear and decide appeals where it is alleged there is an error in any order.						
1310			147	requirements, decision, or determination made by the Department or by the						
1311				Committee.						
				Spiningles.						
1312										

- (b) Upon application, it may grant a variance from the standards of this Ordinance. To grant a variance from the standards of this Ordinance, an applicant must convincingly demonstrate that:
  - Literal enforcement of the provisions of the Ordinance will result in unnecessary hardship on the applicant;
  - The hardship is due to special conditions unique to the property; and
  - Is not contrary to the public interest.
- (c) To interpret upon appeal the meaning or intent of a perfouler provision of this Ordinance or other ordinances of Sheboygan County.
- (2) APPEAL TIME. Appeals to the Board of Adjustment may be made by a person aggrieved or by any officer, department, board, or bureau of Sheboygan County or the municipality affected by any decision of the Department. Such appeal shall be made by filing within thirty (30) days after the date of written notice of the decision or order of the Department or by the Committee, a notice of appeal specifying the reasons for appeal. The notice of appeal shall conform with the rules of the Board.
- (3) HEARING APPEALS AND ACTIONS UPON VARIANCE APPLICATION.
  - (a) The Board of Adjustment (Board) shall fix a reasonable time for a hearing on the appeal or application. The Board shall give public notice thereof by publishing a Class 2 notice under Wis. Stat. § 985 specifying the date, time, and place of the hearing and the matters to come before the Board. Notice shall be mailed to the parties in Interest. Written notice shall be given to the appropriate office of the DNR at least ten (10) days prior to hearings on proposed shoreland variances and appeals for map or text interpretations.
  - (b) A decision shall be made as soon as practical. Copies of all decisions on shoreland variances and appeals for map or text interpretations shall be submitted to the appropriate office of the DNR within ten (10) days after they are granted or denied.
  - In granting a variance, the Board may impose restrictions including the requirement that the applicant obtain a permit, but the Board may not Impose restrictions which are more restrictive than any of the specific standards in this Ordinance. Where the Ordinance is sitent as to the extent of the restriction, the Board may impose any reasonable permit conditions to effect the purposes of this Ordinance. The applicant has one (1) year from the date of the written decision to obtain any necessary permit or the variance relief shall expire.
  - (d) At the public hearing, any party may appear in person or by agent or by attorney.
- 72.27 FEES. Alt persons, upon filing an application for permits, changes, and amendments, or Board of Adjustment reviews required pursuant to this Ordinance, shall pay a fee to the Department according to the fee schedule on file in the Planning and Conservation Department.

If in the determination of the Department a permit applicant contemplates construction in an amount of no more than Two Thousand Dollars (\$2,000.00) and the Department determines that the expense related to the Issuance of the permit does not require the full fee, the Department, in its discretion, may waive all but Seventy-five Dollars (\$75.00) of the fee.

72.28 VIOLATIONS AND PENALTIES. Any person, firm, association, corporation, or agents thereof who violates, disobeys, neglects, omits, or refuses to comply with any of the provisions of this Ordinance shall be deemed in violation. The Department shall refer violations to the Corporation Counsel who shall expeditiously prosecute violations.

Any person firm, association, or corporation who violates or refuses to comply with any of the provisions of this Ordinance shall, upon conviction, forfeit to the County not less than Twenty Dollars (\$2,000.00), plus the costs of prosecution, for each offense. Each day during which such violation exists shall constitute a separate offense.

Every violation of this Ordinance is a public nuisance and the creation thereof may be enjoined and the maintenance thereof may be abated by action at the suit of the County, the State of Wisconsin, or any citizen thereof pursuant to Wis, Stat. § 59,69(11).

#### 72.29 STATUTE OF LIMITATIONS.

(1) As required by Wis. Stat. § 59.692(1t) where a building or structure violates the dimensional or use standards of this Ordinance, and the violating building or structure has been in place more than ten (10) years before an enforcement action is initiated, such building or structure shall be treated as a legal non-conforming structure. All provisions of Section 72.20 of this Ordinance shall apply to such non-conforming buildings or structures.

(2) Any property owner asserting as a defense to a charge of violating this Ordinance that the alleged violation has been in place more than ten (10) years before enforcement action was initiated has the burden of proving that:

(a) The building or structure that is in violation has been in place more than ten (10) years before enforcement action was initiated;

(b) That the building or structure (and its use, if the use is non-conforming) has remained essentially unchanged for at least ten (10) years;

(c) That the use of the building or structure has been active and continual for ten (10) years or more. If the use was discontinued for more than twelve (12) months, that use shall not be considered active and continual.

# 72.30 ABROGATION AND GREATER RESTRICTIONS

 (1) This Ordinance supersedes all provisions of any prior Ordinance enacted under Wis. Stat. §§ 59.69, 59.692, and 87.30 which relate solely to shorelands. However, where another County Ordinance that does not relate solely to shorelands is more restrictive than the provisions contained in this Ordinance, that ordinance shall control to the extent of the greater restrictions and not otherwise.

(2) This Ordinance shall not require approval or be subject to disapproval by any town or town board.

(3) If an existing town ordinance relating to shorelands is more restrictive than this Ordinance or any amendments thereto, the town ordinance continues in all respects to the extent of the greater restrictions but not otherwise.

- (4) It is not otherwise intended by this Ordinance to repeal, abrogate, or impair any existing deed restrictions, covenants, or easements; however, where this Ordinance imposes greater restrictions, the provisions of this Ordinance shall prevail.
- (5) In the administration of this Ordinance, the Department may establish standards to regulate malters that are not regulated in NR115 but that further the purpose of shoreland zoning as described in Section 72.03 of this Code.
- (5) Nothing contained herein shall be Interpreted to require any of the following:
  - (a) Approval to install or maintain outdoor lighting in shorelands, impose any fee or mitigation requirement to install or maintain outdoor lighting in shorelands, or otherwise prohibit or regulate outdoor lighting in shorelands if the lighting is designed or intended for residential use.
  - (b) Any inspection or upgrade of a structure before the sale or other transfer of the structure is made.
- (7) The construction and maintenance of a facility is considered to satisfy the requirements of a shoreland zoning ordinance if the Department has issued all required permits or approvals authorizing the construction or maintenance under Wis. Stat. ch 30, 31, 281, or 283.
- 72.31 INTERPRETATION. In their interpretation and application, the provisions of this Ordinance shall be held to be minimum requirements and shall be liberally construed in favor of the County and shall not be deemed a limitation or repeal of any other powers granted by the Wisconsin Stalutes.

Where a provision of this Ordinance is required by Wis, Admin, Code Chs. NR 115 or NR 116 and where the Ordinance provision is unclear, the provision shall be interpreted in light of the statute and Wis. Admin. Code Chs. NR 115 or NR 116 standards in effect on the date of the adoption of this Ordinance or in effect on the date of the most recent text amendment to this Ordinance.

- 72.32 DEFINITIONS. Unless specifically defined below, words, terms, or phrases used in this Ordinance or in the administration of this Ordinance shall be as defined in Chapters 70, 71, and 73 of the Sheboygan County Code of Ordinances, Wis. Stat. chs. 29, 30, 31, 144, 236; Wis. Stat. § 59.69, 59.692, and 87.30; and Wis. Admin. Code Chs. NR 115, NR 116, and SPS 383, or, if not defined therein, shall be interpreted so as to give them the same meaning as they have at common law and to give this Ordinance its most reasonable application. Words used in the present tense include the future, words in the singular number include the plural numbers. The word "shall" is mandatory, not permissive. All distances, unless specified otherwise, shall be measured horizontally.
  - (1) ACCESS AND VIEWING CORRIDOR. A strip of vegetated land that allows safe pedestrian access to the shore through the vegetative buffer zone.
  - (2) ACCESSORY STRUCTURE. A subordinate structure on the same lot as the principal STRUCTURE or use and devoted to a use incidental to the principal use or structure. (See PRINCIPAL STRUCTURE and PRINCIPAL USE.)
  - (3) ARBOR. A frame structure consisting of vertical posts having beams attached to and connecting the posts at the top of the structure, supporting a roof composed of open joists. Roof or wall enclosures other than lattice or trellis are grohibited.

- (4) BASEMENT. Any enclosed area of a building having its floor sub-grade, i.e., below ground level on all sides.
- (5) BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICES (BMPs). The Stormwater Management Technical Standards as defined by the Wisconsin Department of Natural Resources currently posted at http://dor.wi.gov/topic/stormwater/, and any subsequent amendments thereto.
- (5) BOATHOUSE. A permanent structure used for the storage of watercraft and associated materials and includes all structures which are totally enclosed and hes a roof, walls, or any combination of these structural parts.
- (7) BUILDING. See STRUCTURE,
- (8) BUILDING ENVELOPE. The three-dimensional space within which a structure is built.
- (9) BULKHEAD. An upright structure to dissipate wave energy or retard erosion which can be placed against the base of a dune or bluff or stand free to have fill placed behind it.
- (10) BULKHEAD LINE. A geographic line along a reach of navigable body of water that has been adopted by a municipal ordinance and approved by the DNR purguant to Wis, Stat. § 30.11 and which allows limited filling between the OHWM and the bulkhead line, except where such filling is prohibited by the floodway and wetland provisions of this Ordinance.
- (11) CAMPGROUND. Any parcel of land which is designed, maintained, intended, or used for the purpose of providing sites for nonpermanent overnight use by four (4) or more camping units or which is advertised or represented as a camping area.
- (12) CAMPING UNIT. Any portable device, no more than four hundred (400) square feet in area, used as a temporary shelter, including but not limited to a camping trailer, motor home, bus, van, pick-up truck, tent, or other mobile recreational vehicle.
- (13) CHANNEL. A natural or artificial watercourse with definite bed and banks to confine and conduct the normal flow of water.
- (14) CLASS II PUBLIC NOTICE. Publication of a public hearing notice under Wis. Stat. ch. 985 in a newspaper of circulation in the affected area. Publication is required on two (2) consecutive weeks, the last at least seven (7) days prior to the hearing or event noticed.
- (15) CONDITIONAL USE. A use permitted in a particular zoning district only upon showing that such use in a specified location will comply with all the conditions and standards for the location or operation of such use, as specified in this Ordinance and authorized by the Committee. (Also called "special exception.")
- (16) CRAWLWAYS or CRAWLSPACE. An enclosed erea below the first usable floor of a building, generally less than five feet (5') in height used for limited access to plumbing and electrical utilities.
- (17) DECK. An unandosed exterior structure that has no roof or sides.
- (18) DEPARTMENT. The Sheboygan County Planning and Conservation Department.
- (19) **DEVELOPMENT.** Any manimade change to improved or unimproved real estate, including, but not limited to, construction of, or additions or substantial improvements to.

buildings, other structures, or accessory uses, the placement of manufactured/mobile homes; mining; dredging; filling; grading; excavating, ditching, lagooning; drilling operations; storage, deposition, or extraction of materials; but excluding tiling for agricultural purposes outside of the Shoreland-Welland District.

- (20) DNR. Wisconsin Department of Natural Resources.
- (21) DRAINAGE SYSTEM. One (1) or more artificial ditches, tile drains, or similar devices which collect surface runoff or ground water and convey it to a point of discharge.
- (22) EXISTING MANUFACTURED/MOBILE HOME PARK OR SUBDIVISION. A parcel (or contiguous parcels) of land divided into two (2) or more mobile home lots for rent or sale for which the construction of facilities for servicing the lot on which the mobile home is to be affixed (including, at a myllmum, the Installation of utilities, either final site grading or the pouring of concrete pads, and the construction of streets is completed before the effective date of shoreland and floodplain management regulations adopted by Sheboygan County).
- (23) EXPANSION TO EXISTING MANUFACTURED/MOBILE HOME PARK. The preparation of additional sites by the construction of facilities for servicing the lots on which the mobile homes are to be placed. This includes (natallation of utilities, either final site grading or pouring of pads, or the construction of streets.
- (24) FACILITY. Any property or equipment of a public utility as defined in Wis, Stell. § 196.01(5) or a cooperative association organized under Wis. Stat. ch. 185 for the purpose of producing or furnishing heat, light, or power to its members only, that is used for the transmission, delivery, or furnishing of natural gas, heat, light, or power.
- (25) FLOODPLAIN. Land which has been or may be hereafter covered by flood water during the regional flood. It includes the floodway and the floodfringe as those terms are defined in Wis. Admin. Code Ch. NR 116.
- (26) GENERALLY ACCEPTED FORESTRY MANAGEMENT PRACTICES Forestry management practices that promote sound management of a forest. Generally accepted forestry management practices include those practices contained in the most recent version of the department publication known as Wisconsin Forest Management Guidelines and Mantified as PUB FR-226.
- (27) GUESTHOUSE. An accessory structure comprised only of a bedroom, bathroom, and sitting area but shall not be intended for more than occasional human occupancy.
- (28) HABITABLE STRUCTURE. Any structure or partion thereof used or designed for human habitation.
- (29) HEARING NOTICE. Publication or posting meeting the requirements of Wis. Stat. ch. 985. For appeals, a Class 1 Notice published once, at least one (1) week [seven (7) days] before the hearing is required. For all zoning ordinances and amendments, a Class 2 Notice published twice, once each week consecutively the last of which at least one (1) week [seven (7) days] before the hearing.
- (30) HISTORIC STRUCTURE Any structure that is:
  - (a) Listed individually in the National Register of Historic Places or preliminarily determined by the Secretary of the Interior as meeting the requirements for individual listing on the National Register; or

- (b) Certified or preliminarily determined by the Secretary of the Interior as contributing to the historical significance of a registered historic district or a district preliminarily determined by the Secretary to qualify as a registered historic district or
- (c) Individually listed on a State inventory of historic places in states with historic preservation programs which have been approved by the Secretary of the Interior; or
- (d) Individually listed on a local inventory of historic places in communities with historic preservation programs that have been certified either by an approved state program as determined by the Secretary of the Interior, or directly by the Secretary of the Interior in states without approved programs.
- (31) IMPERVIOUS SURFACE. An area that releases as runoff all or a majority of the precipitation that fells on it. Impervious surfaces exclude frozen soil and structures, such as walkways and decks, which do not release, outside of their footprint, the majority of the precipitation that falls on them, but rather where the precipitation is absorbed by the soil below them. Impervious surfaces include rooftops, walkways, driveways, and parking lots unless specifically designed, constructed and maintained to be pervious. Gravel roads are impervious. Roads and sidewalks as defined in Wis. Stat. §§ 340.01(54) and 340.01(56) are not considered impervious surfaces.
- (32) LAND USE. Any development (see definition of)
- (33) LIGHT INDUSTRY. Manufacturing which uses predominantly previously prepared materials, finished products, or parts, including processing, febrication, assembly, treatment, packaging, incidental storage, sales and distribution of such products. Light industry does not include basic industrial processing and manufacturing of raw or extracted material and storage of or manufacturing processes using flammable, explosive, offensive, or otherwise potentially hazardous materials.
- (34) MAINTENANCE AND REPAIR Such activities as interior remodeling, painting, decorating, paneling, plumbing, insulation, and replacement of windows, doors, wiring, siding, roof, and other nonstructural components; and the repair of cracks in foundations, sidewalks, walkways and the application of waterproof coatings to foundations.
- (35) MANUFACTUREO/MOBILE HOME. A structure transportable in one or more sections which is built on a permanent chassis and is designed to be used with or without a permanent foundation when connected to required utilities. The term "manufactured home" includes a mobile frome but does not include a "mobile recreational vehicle."
- (36) MITIGATION. Belancing measures that are designed, implemented, and function to restore natural functions and values that are otherwise lost through development and human activities.
- (37) MOBILE RECREATIONAL VEHICLE. A vehicle which is built on a single chassis four hundred (400) square feet or less when measured at the largest horizontal projection designed to be self-propelled, carried or permanently towable by a licensed light-duty vehicle, is licensed for highway use if registration is required, and is designed primarily not for use as a permanent dwelling but as temporary living quarters for recreational, camping, travel, or seasonal use. Manufactured homes that are towed or carried onto a

parcel of land but do not remain capable of being towed or carried including park mobile homes do not fall within the definition of "mobile recreational vehicles."

- (38) NGVD or NATIONAL GEODETIC VERTICAL DATUM (MEAN SEA LEVEL). Elevations referenced to mean sea level datum, 1929 adjustment.
- (39) MAVIGABLE WATERS. Lake Michigan, all natural inland takes within Sheboygan. County, Wisconsin, and all streams, ponds, sloughs, flowages, and other waters within the territorial limits of this County.

Under Wis. Stat. § 281.31(2)(d), notwithstanding any other provision of law or administrative rule promulgated thereunder, this Chapter does not apply to lands adjacent to:

- (a) Farm drainage ditches where such lands are not adjacent to a natural navigable stream or river and such lands were not navigable streams before ditching; and
- (b) Artificially-constructed drainage ditches, ponds, or stormwater retention basins that are not hydrologically connected to a natural navigable water body.

Wisconsin's Supreme Court has declared navigable bodies of water that have a bed differentiated from adjacent uplands and levels or flow sufficient, on an annually recurring basis, to support navigation by a recreational craft of the shallowest draft [Muench v. Public Service Commission, 261 Wis, 492 (1952) and DeGayner & Co., v. Department of Natural Resources, 70 Wis. 2d. 936 [1975]]. For example, a stream which is navigable by skiff or cance during normal spring high water is navigable in fact under laws of this State though it may be dry during other seasons.

- (40) NONCONFORMING LOT. A lot, the area, dimensions, or location of which was lawful prior to the adoption, revision, or amendment of this Ordinance, but which falls thereafter to conform to the requirements of the zoning distinct. (NOTE: A legally granted "variance" pursuant to Section 72.25 of this Ordinance shall not be deemed to create a "nonconforming lot." When a variance is granted, it becomes a conforming lot.)
- (41) NONCONFORMING STRUCTURE. Pursuant to Wis. Stat. § 59.692(2m), a dwelling or other building that existed lawfully before this Ordinance was enacted or amended but that does not conform to one or more of the setback, height, lot coverage, and side yard elements in this current version of this Ordinance (NOTE: A legally granted "variance" pursuant to Section 72.25 of this Ordinance shall not be deemed to create a "nonconforming structure.")
- (42) NONCONFORMING USE. A structure that existed lawfully before this Ordinance was enacted or amended but does not conform with the use restrictions in the current version of this Ordinance.
- (43) ORDINARY HIGH WATER MARK (OHWM). The point on the bank or shore up to which the presence and action of water is so continuous as to leave a distinctive mark by erosion, destruction, or prevention of terrestrial vegetation, predominance of aquatic vegetation, or other easily recognized characteristics.

Erosion scars, transitions in vegetation from aquatic to terrestrial types, cobbled beaches below the current waterline, and evidence of even-aged stands of woody vegetation paralleling contours or below the existing water line may all be indicators of current or historic OHWM. Only one (1) OHWM indicator need be present to establish an OHWM,

but a number of Indicators may be interpreted together to locate it at a given site. When the bank or shore is of such character that it is difficult or Impossible to ascertain the point of OHWM, recourse may be had to the opposite bank of a waterway or to similar places on the shore of a lake or flowage to determine whether a given stage of water is above or below the OHWM.

Notwithstanding the above, and for zoning purposes only, the CHWM for the coastal reach of Lake Michigan extending from the City of Sheboygan south to the south County line may be determined by an elevation at 582.7 fact NGVD (National Geodetic Vertical Datum, also known as MSL, Mean Sea Level), an elevation equivalent to 581.4 feet IGLD (International Great Lakes Datum), as determined by the Bureau of Water Regulation & Zoning, Wisconsin Dapartment of Natural Resources. Elevations shall be determined by a registered professional surveyor, employing not less than five (5) uniformly distributed points of elevation, tied to a fixed reference point. The OHWM shall be a fine connecting these points.

- (44) PERSON. An individual, group of Individuals, partnership, firm, corporation, association, state, county, city, village, township, sanitary district, or other government corporation.
- (45) PIER. A structure extending channelward, or more or less perpendicular out from the shore, with water on both sides, built or maintained for the purpose of providing a barth for watercraft or for loading or unloading cargo or passengers onto or from watercraft. (Generally any construction whose dimensions and accessories go beyond what is reasonably necessary to berth watercraft or load or unload cargo or passengers is not authorized as a pier by statute; see Wis. Stat. ch. 30.)
- [46] PRINCIPAL STRUCTURE. A structure in which the principal authorized use of the lot on which it is located is conducted. (See ACCESSORY STRUCTURE.)
- (47) PRINCIPAL USE. The primary or predominant use of any lot (e.g., residential, commercial, industrial, conservation, institutional, etc.).
- (48) PRIVATE SEWAGE SYSTEM. A sewage treatment and disposal system serving a single structure with a septic tank and soil absorption field located on the same parcel as the structure. This term also means an alternative sewage system approved by the Wisconsin Department of Safety and Professional Services, Safety and Buildings Division, including a substitute for the septic tank or soil absorption field, a holding tank, a system serving more than one (1) structure, or a system located on a different parcel than the structure.
- (49) PUBLIC UT(LIT)ES. Those utilities using underground or overhead transmission lines such as electric, telephone and telegraph, and distribution and collection systems such as water, sanitary sewer, storm sewer, and natural gas.
- (50) RECREATIONAL VEHICLE. A vehicular-type portable structure without permanent foundation, which can be towed, hauled, or driven and primarity designed as temporary living accommodation for recreational, camping, and travel use and including but not kimited to travel trailers, truck campers, camping trailers, and self-propelled motor homes.
- (51) RESERVED
- (52) ROUTINE MAINTENANCE OF VEGETATION. Normally-accepted horticultural practices that do not result in the loss of any layer of existing vegetation and do not require earth disturbance.

- (53) SHORELAND DISTRICT Lands within the following distances from the QHWM of navigable waters: One thousand feet (1,000') from a take, pond, or flowage, or, where approved, to the outer perimeter of contiguous mapped wetlands, whichever distance is greater; and, three hundred feet (300') from a river or stream, or to the landward side of the floodplath, or, where approved, to the other perimeter of contiguous mapped wetlands, whichever distance is greater.
- (54) SHORELAND-WETLAND DISTRICT. The zoning district, created as a part of this Ordinance, comprised of shorelands that are designated as wetlands on the wetland maps which have been adopted and made a part of this Ordinance.
- (55) SIDEWALK. Pursuant to Wis. Stat. § 340.01(58), that portion of a highway between the curb lines or the fateral lines of a roadway and the adjacent property lines, constructed for use of pedestrians.
- (56) SIGN. Any device, display, or structure which is used to inform, advertise, identify, display, or direct attention to an object, person, institution, organization, business, product, service, event, or location by means of words, letters, numbers, figures, design, symbols, fixtures, colors, illumination, or projected images.
- (57) START OF CONSTRUCTION. The date the building permit was issued provided the actual start of construction, repair, reconstruction, habilitation, addition, placement, or other improvement was within one hundred (180) days of the permit date. The actual start means either the first placement of permanent construction on a site such as the pouring of the slab or footings, the installation of piles, the construction of columns, or any work beyond initial excavation, or the placement of a manufactured home on a foundation. Permanent construction does not include land preparation such as clearing, grading and filling, nor does it include the installation of streets and/or walkways, nor does it include excavation for a basement, footings, piers, or foundations or the erection of temporary forms, nor does it include the installation on the property of accessory buildings, such as garages or sheds not occupied as dwelling units or not part of the main structure. For an alteration, the actual start of construction means the first alteration of any wall, celling, floor, or other structural part of a building whether or not that alteration affects the external dimensions of the building
- (58) STRUCTURE. A principal structure or any accessory structure including a garage, shed, boalhouse, sidewalk, walkway, patio, dack, retaining wall, porch, or firepli, Such small, movable items as birdhouses, bird feeders, planter boxes, plante tables, lawn funditure, portable grills, open agricultural fences, and flagpoles shall not be considered a structure subject to setback requirements.
- (59) SUBDIVISION. Has the meaning given in Wis. Stat. § 236.02(12).
- (60) UNNECESSARY HARDSHIP. That circumstance where special conditions, which were not self-created affect a particular property and make strict conformity with restrictions governing area, setbacks, frontage, height, or density unnecessarily burdensome or unreasonable in light of the purposes of this Ordinance.
- (61) UTILITIES. Any public or private facilities, such as water wells, water end sewage pumping stellors, waste water collection and/or treatment/disposal systems, and any facilities owned or operated by a public utility as defined by Wis. Stet, § 196.01.

1797 (62) VIOLATION. The failure of a structure or other development to be fully compliant with 1798 the Shoreland Zoning Ordinance, a structure or other development without required 1799 permits. 1800 1801 (63)WALKWAY. An improved path contained within the boundaries of a property. 1802 1803 (64) WATERSHED. The entire region contributing runoff or surface water to a watercourse or 1804 body of water. 1805 1806 (65)WELL. Means an excavation opening in the ground made by digging, boding, drilling, 1807 driving, or other methods to obtain groundwater regardless of its intended use. 1808 1809 (66) WETLANDS. Those areas where water is at, near, or above the land surface long. 1610 enough to be capable of supporting aquatic or hydrophytic vegetation and which have 1811 soils indicative of wet conditions. 1B12 1813 (67)WHARF. A structure extending along, and more or less parallel to, the shore and 1814 generally connected with the uplands throughout its length, built or maintained for the 1815 purpose of providing a benth for watercraft or for loading or unloading cargo or 1816 passengers onto or from watercraft. (Generally any construction whose dimensions or 1817 accessories go beyond what is reasonably necessary to both watercraft or load or 1818 unload cargo or passangers is not authorized as a wharf by statute; see Wis, Stat. ch. 1819 30.) 1820 1821 (68) WISCONSIN ADMINISTRATIVE CODE. The rules of administrative agencies having 1822 rule-making authority in Wisconsin published as directed by Wis, Stat, §§ 35.93 and Wis. 1823 Stat. ch. 227 including subsequent amendments to those rules. 1824 1825 72.33 CHANGES AND AMENDMENTS. 1826 1827 (1) The County Board of Supervisors may, from time to time, after, supplement, or change 1826 the boundaries of use districts and the regulations contained in this Ordinance in the 1829 manner provided by law. 1830 1831 (2) Amendments to this Ordinance may be made upon petition of any interested party in 1832 accordance with the provisions of Wis. Stat. § 59.69(5). Such petitions shall include any 1833 necessary data which may be required by Chapter 73 of the Sheboygan County Code of 1834 Ordinances. 1835 1836 (3)Written notice to the appropriate office of the DNR shall be made at least ten (10) days. 1837 prior to hearings on map or text amendments, and copies of such decisions shall be 1838 provided to that office within ten (10) days after they are granted or denied. For 1839 floodplain amendments only, no map or text amendment may take effect until approved. 1840 by the DNR. 1841 1842 72.34 SEVERABILITY. Should any part of this Ordinance be declared unconstitutional or invalid by a 1843 court of competent jurisdiction, the remainder of this Ordinance shall not be affected thereby, 1844 1845

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1847 1848 1849	Section 2. enactment.	Effective Date.	The herein	Ordinance s	hali take effect upon					
1850 1851 1852	Respectfully submitted this 16th day of August, 2016.									
1853 1854	PLANNING, RESOURCES, AGRICULTURE,									
1655 1656 1857	AND EXTENSION COMMITTEE*									
1658 1859 1860	Keith Abler, Chairperson									
1861 1862 1863	Fran Damp, Vice-Chairperson									
1864 1865 1866	Libby Ogea, Secretary									
1867 1868	Steven Bauer  James Baumgart  Opposed to Introduction:									
1869 1870 1871										
1872 1873 1874										
1875 1876 1877		_								
1878 1879 1880	*County Board Members sign	ning only								
1881 1882 1883	Countersigned by:									
1884 1885 1886	Thomas Wegner, Chairperso	<u></u>								
1887 1888	Traine Tragner, estat perso									
1899 1890 1891 1892										
1893 1894	R.\CLIENT\08299\00018\0010075\$.00	cx			August 1, 2016, ¢raft					

# FISCAL NOTE August 2016

Resolution No. 16 (2016/17) Re: Supporting Drug Treatment Court for Sheboygan

County

Resolution No. 17 (2016/17) Re: Approving Land Swap at Amsterdam Dunes

Ordinance No. 05 (2016/17) Re: Updating Portion of Peace and Good Order

Ordinance (Marijuana/Synthetic Cannabinoid

Possession

Ordinance No. 06 (2016/17) Re: Repealing and Re-creating Chapter 72, Shoreland

Ordinance

## Funding:

No additional funding is required.

Respectfully Submitted,

Wendy A. Charnon, Finance Director

Ward At Chans

August 12, 2016