NOTICE OF MEETING

SHEBOYGAN COUNTY BOARD OF SUPERVISORS

Sheboygan County Courthouse 615 North 6th Street, 5th Floor Sheboygan WI

TUESDAY, November 7, 2017 at 6:00 P.M.

In compliance with Rule V under the Rules of Order of the Sheboygan County Board of Supervisors, as County Clerk of Sheboygan County, I herewith submit the following AGENDA.

<u>AGENDA</u>

CALL TO ORDER - Chairperson Thomas G. Wegner

CERTIFICATION OF COMPLIANCE WITH OPEN MEETING LAW

PLEDGE OF ALLEGIANCE

ROLL CALL

APPROVAL OF OCTOBER 24, 2017 AND OCTOBER 31, 2017 JOURNALS

PRESENTATIONS - NONE

PUBLIC ADDRESSES

As of the preparation of this Agenda no one has requested to speak. County Board rules allow interested persons to register to speak until 5:00 pm on the Monday before the County Board Meeting.

LETTERS, COMMUNICATIONS AND ANNOUNCEMENTS

Items introduced under this heading are either referred to a Committee for action, or received for information. No action is taken at this meeting.

COUNTY ADMINISTRATOR'S REPORT

The County Administrator's Report is a monthly report by the Administrator in which noteworthy activities of County government are highlighted. In addition, the Administrator's Report presents the Administrator's perspective on the Resolutions and Ordinances being considered or introduced at this meeting. The Administrator's Report is not an action item, and no debate or deliberation arises from the Report.

Posted 11/03/2017 2:30 PM

CONSIDERATION OF COMMITTEE REPORTS - EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE

Resolution No. 14 (2017/18) Re: Approving Restated Sewage Treatment Agreement

with City of Plymouth

Committee Recommendation: Adopt

Signed in Opposition: None

Ordinance No. 07 (2017/18) Re: Amending Provisions of the Floodplain Zoning

Ordinance

Committee Recommendation: Enact

Signed in Opposition: None

CONSIDERATION OF COMMITTEE REPORTS - HEALTH & HUMAN SERVICES COMMITTEE

Ordinance No. 06 (2017/18) Re: Repealing Prohibition on Feeding Deer

Committee Recommendation: File with the Clerk Signed in Opposition: (2) Supervisors Hoffmann and

Epping

RESOLUTIONS INTRODUCED

Items introduced under this heading are referred to a Committee for recommendation. No formal action is taken at this meeting unless noted.

Resolution No. 16 (2017/18) (From Finance Committee)

Re: Approving Borrowing in Excess of Budget Control Policy

CONTEMPLATED ACTION: Pursuant to Sheboygan County Code of Ordinances

Section 5.07(b) Resolution No. 16 will be considered for

immediate action.

Resolution No. 17 (2017/18) (From Finance Committee)

Re: Approving 2018 Budget

CONTEMPLATED ACTION: Pursuant to Sheboygan County Code of Ordinances

Section 5.06(a)(6) & (9) Resolution No. 17 will be

considered for immediate action.

Resolution No. 18 (2017/18) (From Finance Committee)

Re: Levying and Apportioning the Tax

CONTEMPLATED ACTION: Pursuant to Sheboygan County Code of Ordinances

Section 5.06(a)(6) & (9) Resolution No. 18 will be

considered for immediate action.

RESOLUTIONS INTRODUCED - Continued

Resolution No. 19 (2017/18) (From Finance Committee)

Re: Authorizing the Issuance and Sale of \$7,180,000 General Obligation Promissory Notes

ORDINANCES INTRODUCED

Items introduced under this heading are referred to a Committee for recommendation. No formal action is taken at this meeting unless noted.

Ordinance No. 08 (2017/18) (From Planning, Resources, Agriculture and Extension Committee)

Re: Amending Sections 72.15 and 72.32(43) of the Sheboygan County Shoreland Ordinance regarding Lake Michigan Setback

ADJOURNMENT

Respectfully submitted this 3rd day of November, 2017.

NOTES:

Reminder: Expense sheets for the period ending November 15, 2017 are due in the County Clerk's Office no later than Friday, November 17, 2017.

The next Legislative Breakfast will be held on November 13, 2017 at 8:00 A.M. at the Fountain Park Family Restaurant. The December Legislative Breakfast will be held on December 11, 2017 at 8:00 A.M. at the Fountain Park Family Restaurant.

The Legislative Breakfast is a monthly informational question and answer session between Sheboygan County's federal and state legislative delegation and Sheboygan County Supervisors and department heads. Because a majority of the Board or a Committee may attend, it is a meeting open to the public under the Open Meeting law even though there is no formal agenda, no action will be taken, and no minutes are being kept.

Persons with disabilities needing assistance to attend or participate are asked to notify the County Clerk's Office at 920.459.3003 prior to the meeting so that accommodations may be arranged.

JOURNAL OF THE MEETING OF THE SHEBOYGAN COUNTY BOARD OF SUPERVISORS

October 24, 2017

Pursuant to Wis. Stat. § 59.11, the October 24, 2017 session of the Sheboygan County Board was called to order by Chairperson Thomas Wegner at 6:00 p.m. Chairperson Wegner noted that the notice of meeting was posted on October 20, 2017 at 2:45 p.m. in compliance with the open meeting law. The meeting opened with the Pledge of Allegiance by all present.

The roll call was taken and recorded with 23 Supervisors present; Absent: 2, Supervisors Epping and Nelson.

Supervisor Epping arrived at 6:03 p.m.

Supervisor Bemis moved for approval of the September 19, 2017 Journal, which was distributed to all supervisors prior to the meeting. The motion was seconded by Supervisor Winkel and carried on unanimous roll call vote of the board.

APPOINTMENTS

The Chairperson announced that the next order of business was the consideration of the appointment by the Chairperson of **Curt Brauer** to the Planning, Resources, Agriculture & Extension Committee (PRAECOM).

Supervisor Damp moved to suspend the rules to allow the appointment to be made by the Chairperson to be confirmed by the board of Supervisor Brauer to the Planning, Resources, Agriculture & Extension Committee (PRAECOM). Supervisor Glavan seconded the motion which carried on unanimous roll call vote of the board.

Supervisor Baumgart moved to confirm the Chairperson's appointment of Supervisor Brauer to the Planning, Resources, Agriculture & Extension Committee (PRAECOM). The motion was seconded by Supervisor Uraynar and carried on unanimous roll call vote of the board.

The Chairperson announced that the next order of business was the consideration of the following appointments by the County Administrator.

Emergency Medical Services (EMS) Council (Re-appointments)

Shalon Edson, 3100 Superior Avenue, Sheboygan (Hospital Administration)
Steve Cobb, 1315 North 23rd Street, Sheboygan (City Law Enforcement)
Robert Kulhanek, 2422 North 7th Street, Sheboygan (Interested Consumer)
Allen Wrubbel, 408 Zuider Lane, Oostburg (Village Government)
Randy Narbatovics, N1656 County Road A, Adell (Town Government)
Steve Steinhardt, 525 North 6th Street, Sheboygan (Emergency Management)
Darrel Kasuboski, 201 E. Water Street, Cascade (First Responder)
Craig Schicker, W8212 County Road F, Cascade (Nursing)
Suzanne Martens, 38 Lake Breeze Lane, Random Lake (County Medical Society)
Thomas Bahr, 2122 South 7th Street, Sheboygan (Member-at-Large)

Local Emergency Planning Committee (LEPC) (Re-appointments)

Gregory Bierman, 1026 Logan Avenue, Sheboygan (Local Environmental) Thomas Bahr, 2122 South 7th Street, Sheboygan (Hospital) Phillip Ditter, 11275 Mineral Springs Dr., Port Washington (Transportation) Peter Madden, P.O. Box 758, Sheboygan (Facility Owner/Operator)

Local Emergency Planning Committee (LEPC)

Bob Mayer, 121 Bader Street, Green Bay (Representing Community Groups)

Supervisor Winkel moved to confirm the appointments from the County Administrator. The motion was seconded by Supervisor Glavan and carried on unanimous roll call vote of the board.

PRESENTATIONS - NONE

PUBLIC ADDRESS

Jay Hoogstra, N6133 Resource Drive, Sheboygan Falls – Five-Year Capital Plan.

LETTERS AND COMMUNICATIONS

The Clerk presented a resolution from the Portage County Board of Supervisors regarding revoking probation of persons charged with crimes. By Chairperson received for information.

The Clerk presented a resolution from the Village of Sister Bay Board of Trustees opposing the Aquila Resources Back Forty Mine Project in Michigan. By Chairperson received for information.

The Clerk presented resolutions from the Sauk, Trempealeau and Vernon County Boards of Supervisors regarding legislative redistricting. By Chairperson received for information.

The Clerk presented a resolution from the St. Croix County Board of Supervisors regarding vehicle registration fees. By Chairperson received for information.

The Clerk presented a letter Burrows Aviation in regards to the new terminal building at the Sheboygan airport. By Chairperson referred to the Transportation Committee.

Supervisor Uraynar inquired about a letter from Windway Capital Corporation that was sent to Chairperson Wegner. Chairperson Wegner advised that the letter was shared for information with the full board on October 5, 2017.

COUNTY ADMINISTRATOR'S REPORT

County Administrator Adam Payne referenced the proposed 2018 budget document that was placed on the Supervisors desks. It will be officially presented and reviewed during the October 31, 2017 meeting, along with holding a public hearing. Mr. Payne provided an update on the status of the new Transportation Complex and presented photos. In addition, he briefly reviewed the Opioid Litigation and Highway 23 Safety Enhancements resolutions that were anticipated to be pulled for immediate action, referenced the associated letters from Chairman Wegner and encouraged the County Board to support both.

COMMITTEE REPORTS

The Clerk read the report of the Executive Committee regarding Resolution No. 10 (2017/18) Approving Standard Intergovernmental Agreement for 2018 County Sales Tax Revenue-Sharing recommending adoption.

Supervisor Te Stroete moved to adopt the resolution. The motion was seconded by Supervisor Goehring and carried on unanimous roll call vote of the board.

The Clerk read the report of the Finance Committee regarding Resolution No. 11 (2017/18) Authorizing Application for Fiscal Year 2017 Justice Assistance Grant Program Award (Local Solicitation) and Entering into Memorandum of Understanding with City of Sheboygan recommending adoption.

Supervisor Goehring moved to adopt the resolution. Supervisor Weggeman seconded the motion which carried on unanimous roll call vote of the board.

The Clerk read the report of the Finance Committee regarding Resolution No. 12 (2017/18) Authorizing County Aid for Bridge/Culvert Construction in the Towns of Herman, Holland, Lima, and Sheboygan Falls recommending adoption.

Supervisor Te Stroete moved to adopt the resolution. The motion was seconded by Supervisor Winkel and carried on unanimous roll call vote of the board.

The Clerk read the report of the Finance Committee regarding Ordinance No. 05 (2017/18) Increasing Medical Examiner Fees to Match Increasing Costs recommending enactment.

Supervisor Uraynar moved to enact the ordinance. Supervisor Koch seconded the motion which carried on unanimous roll call vote of the board.

The Clerk read the report of the Finance Committee regarding the 2017 Dog Listing Claims Payment.

Supervisor Uraynar moved to concur with the committee report. The motion was seconded by Supervisor Koch and carried on unanimous roll call vote of the board.

The County Board received for information correspondence from Ed Procek, Human Resources Committee Chairperson and Jean Gallimore, Human Resources Director to fulfill Section 2.12(5) of the County Code regarding Annual Report on Health Insurance.

(Vice-Chairperson Marthenze presiding)

Pursuant to Rule IV of the Rules of Order, the following resolutions and ordinances were introduced by the Clerk and referred by the Vice-Chairperson as indicated:

Resolution No. 13 (2017/18) Re: Authorizing County to Enter into Engagement Letter to Pursue Legal Claims Against Certain Opioid Manufacturers referred to the Health & Human Services Committee.

Supervisor Uraynar moved to pull Resolution No. 13 from committee for immediate action. Supervisor Goehring seconded the motion and carried on roll call vote of the board of Ayes: 22; Noes: 2, Supervisors Bemis, and Epping; Absent: 1, Supervisor Nelson.

Supervisor Uraynar moved to adopt the resolution. The motion was seconded by Supervisor Goehring.

Supervisor Goehring moved to amend the resolution by deleting lines 30-31 and replacing it with: "WHEREAS, County has spent millions for programs and services related to the Opioid Epidemic, and", and as so amended recommend adoption. Supervisor Uraynar seconded the motion and the amendment carried on roll call vote of the board of Ayes: 20; Noes: 4, Supervisors Bauer, Bemis, Epping, and Winkel; Absent: 1, Supervisor Nelson.

Resolution No. 13 was adopted as amended on roll call vote of the board of Ayes: 16; Noes: 8, Supervisors Abler, Bauer, Bemis, Bosman, Epping, Hilbelink, Weggeman, and Winkel.

Resolution No. 14 (2017/18) Re: Approving Restated Sewage Treatment Agreement with City of Plymouth referred to the Executive Committee.

Resolution No. 15 (2017/18) Re: Supporting Reconstruction and Improvement of State Highway 23 referred to the Executive Committee.

Supervisor Winkel moved to pull Resolution No. 15 from committee for immediate action. Supervisor Glavan seconded the motion and carried on unanimous roll call vote of the board.

Supervisor Winkel moved to adopt the resolution. The motion was seconded by Supervisor Glavan and carried on unanimous roll call vote of the board.

Ordinance No. 06 (2017/18) Re: Repealing Prohibition on Feeding Deer referred to the Health & Human Services Committee.

Supervisor Bemis moved to refer Ordinance No. 06 to the Executive Committee. Supervisor Epping seconded the motion which failed on roll call vote of the board of Ayes: 5, Supervisors Bemis, Epping, Procek, Te Stroete, and Weggeman; Noes: 19; Absent: 1, Supervisor Nelson.

Ordinance No. 06 was referred to the Health & Human Services Committee.

Ordinance No. 07 (2017/18) Re: Amending Provisions of the Floodplain Zoning Ordinance referred to the Executive Committee.

ADJOURNMENT

Supervisor Bemis moved to adjourn. Supervisor Winkel seconded the motion which carried on unanimous roll call vote of the board. The meeting was adjourned at 7:17 p.m. The next scheduled meeting is Tuesday, October 31, 2017 at 6:00 p.m.

RESOLUTION NO. 177-2016-2018

TO: THE HONORABLE CHAIRMAN AND MEMBERS OF THE PORTAGE COUNTY BOARD OF SUPERVISORS:

RE: SENSE OF THE BOARD; OPPOSING THE PASSAGE OF 2017 SENATE BILL 54 AND 2017 ASSEMBLY BILL 94

WHEREAS, legislation has been introduced, in the form of 2017 Senate Bill 54 and 2017 Assembly Bill 94, to amend the Wisconsin state statutes to require the Department of Corrections to recommend revoking a person's extended supervision, probation, or parole if the person is charged with a crime while on extended supervision, probation, or parole; and

WHEREAS, the Department of Corrections estimates that this legislation could result in an increase of 5,570 revocations cases each year. This means that 5,570 more individuals would be occupying county jails without proper reimbursement from the State; and

WHEREAS, this legislation, as drafted, is an unfunded mandate to Wisconsin's counties and their jails; and

WHEREAS, it is estimated that this bill could result in increased operating and construction costs for the Department of Corrections, exceeding \$51,000,000 during the first year of enactment, and ongoing and permanent increased operational costs of over \$149,000,000 after the population is annualized during the second year of enactment.; and

FISCAL NOTE: There are no fiscal obligations for the county associated with this resolution.

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED, that the Portage County Board of Supervisors does hereby oppose the passage of 2017 Senate Bill 54 and 2017 Assembly Bill 94, urge our elected representatives of the legislature to vote against these bills, and further urge Governor Walker to veto and resulting act created by the passing of these bills.

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, that the Portage County Clerk be directed to forward a copy of this resolution to the Portage County Executive, all Wisconsin counties, the Wisconsin Counties Association, the Wisconsin Legislature, and the Governor.

DATED THIS 10^{TH} DAY OF OCTOBER, 2017.

RESPECTFULLY SUBMITTED,

Į	PQRTA	GF,	COU	YIY]	PUBLIC	SAFETY/E	MER	PENCY	M	JANAGEMENT	COMMITTEE
		11						7			~ ~

Dan Dobratz, Chair

Don Jankowski, Vice Chair

Dale O'Brien

arnes Zdroik

Stan Potocki

RESOLUTION № 363-091917 OPPOSING THE AQUILA RESOURCES, INC. PROPOSED BACK FORTY MINE PROJECT

WHEREAS, the Aquila Resources, Inc. Back Forty Project, a proposed open pit metallic sulfide mine, would be located on the banks of the Menominee River, which empties into Lake Michigan and is one of the largest watersheds in Northern Wisconsin and Michigan's Upper Peninsula; and,

WHEREAS, the Menominee River provides a unique habitat for species of special concern such as Lake Sturgeon and Freshwater Mussels, which would be negatively impacted by discharges into the water, and:

WHEREAS, the potential impacts of the mine include long term leaching of acid-producing wastes into the groundwater and the river, and;

WHEREAS, the hazardous wastes generated by the mine would potentially degrade water quality and present risks to human health and the environment in Wisconsin as well as Michigan, and;

WHEREAS, potential economic losses including reduction in property values and loss of tourism revenue are not factored into the permitting review process, and;

WHEREAS, the approval of this mine will result in the irreversible loss of significant cultural resources of the Menominee Tribe of Indians of Wisconsin, including Native American gravesites and other areas of historical significance.

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED, that the Board of Trustees of the Village of Sister Bay, Wisconsin does hereby go on record as opposing Aquila Resources, Inc. Back Forty Mine Project and urges the Michigan Department of Environmental Quality to deny a mining permit for the project.

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, that the Village Clerk is hereby directed to transmit a copy of this Resolution to the Governor of the State of Wisconsin, to the Department of Natural Resources Secretary Cathy Stepp, to legislators representing Door County constituents, to the Wisconsin Counties Association and all Wisconsin Counties, to the Wisconsin League of Municipalities, to the Governor of Michigan Rick Snyder, to the Michigan Department of Environmental Quality and to the Michigan Department of Natural Resources.

INTRODUCED at a regular meeting of the Board of Trustees of the Village of Sister Bay held this 19th day of September, 2017.

Passed and adopted this 19 day of _____ 2017.

David W. Lienau, President

ATTEST:

Christy Sully, Village Clerk

VOTE: Ayes 5 Noes 0

RESOLUTION NO. 8 - 2017

RESOLUTION TO CREATE A NONPARTISAN PROCEDURE FOR THE PREPARATION OF LEGISLATIVE AND CONGRESSIONAL REDISTRICTING PLANS

Background: This is a resolution brought forth by Supervisor Vedro that requests changes in the redistricting process.				
Fiscal Note: [x] Not Required [] Budgeted Expenditure [] Not Budgeted Comments:				

WHEREAS, currently under the state constitution, the legislature is directed to redistrict legislative districts according to the number of inhabitants at its next session following the decennial census by the majority party, and at the same intervals, the legislature also reapportions congressional districts pursuant to federal law; and,

WHEREAS, legislative and congressional redistricting plans enacted pursuant to this procedure are used to elect members of the legislature and members of Congress in the fall of the second year following the year of the census; and,

WHEREAS, historically legislative and congressional plans in Wisconsin have been subject to partisan influence that puts the desires of politicians ahead of the electoral prerogative of the people; and,

WHEREAS, the 2011 process to draw the maps and fight litigation contesting those maps cost taxpayers nearly \$1.9 million; and

WHEREAS, a panel of federal district court judges has ruled that the redistricting that was done in Wisconsin in 2011 was unconstitutional; and,

WHEREAS, redistricting to achieve partisan gains is improper, whether it is done by Republicans or Democrats; and,

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED, by the Sauk County Board of Supervisibly met in regular session, does hereby urge the creation of a nonpartisan procedure for the preparation of legislative and congressional redistricting plans; and,

STATE OF WISCONSIN)

COUNTY OF SAUR

I hereby certify that this resolution ording is a true & correct copy as passed by the Sauk County Board of Supervisors

Rebigge C En

(Seal) Rebecca C. Evert, Sauk County Cleri

RESOLUTION NO. 66 - 2017
RESOLUTION TO CREATE A NONPARTISAN PROCEDURE FOR THE PREPARATION OF LEGISLATIVE AND CONGRESSIONAL REDISTRICTING PLANS
Page 2

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, that the Board strongly support requiring the State Legislature to wait to create their districts until local governments produce and provide their numbers, wards and district information to the State; and require the State to use those local boundaries to create state districts, providing for more efficient election administration; and,

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, that the process promotes more accountability and transparency and prohibits the consideration of voting patterns, party information, and incumbents' residence information or demographic information in drawing the maps, except as necessary to ensure minority participation as required by the U.S. Constitution; and,

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, that the County Clerk is directed to send a copy of this resolution to the Governor of the State of Wisconsin, the Wisconsin Counties Association, the Wisconsin Towns Association, the Wisconsin League of Municipalities, all members of the state legislature, and to each Wisconsin County.

For consideration by the Sauk County Board of Supervisors on September 19, 2017.

Respectfully submitted:

EXECUTIVE & LEGISLATIVE COMMITTEE

MARTIN F. KRUEGER, chairperson

DENNIS POLIVKA

WILLIAM HAMBRECHT

Fiscal Note: No impact.

MIS Note: No information systems impact.

2.6					
Motion	to Adopt By:	Tim Ze	glin		
Second	ed By: Jeanne	Nutter			
Dist.	Supervisor	Y	N	A	
1	Frey				
2	Winters				
3	S. Miller				
4	Sacia				
5	Schultz				
6	Brandt				
7	Killian				
8	D. Miller				
9	Haines	\boxtimes			
10	Aasen	\boxtimes			
11	Walek	\boxtimes			
12	Zeglin				
13	Fimreite				
14	Nelson				
15	Nutter	×			
16	Skoyen				
7	Vold				
TOTALS 17 0 0					
First Reading: 9/18/2017 Second Reading: Waived					
Vote Required: Simple Majority Adopted ⊠ Defeated □					
STATE OF WISCONSIN)					
CO. OF	TREMPEAL	,	-		
I hereby certify that this resolution /ordinance is a true and correct copy of a resolution/ordinance adopted by the Trempealeau County Board of Supervisors on: 9/18/2017					

Paul Syverson, County Clerk

Resolution Number: 2017-09-03

Creating a Nonpartisan Procedure for the Preparation of Legislative and Congressional Redistricting Plans

WHEREAS, currently under the state constitution, the legislature is directed to redistrict legislative districts according to the number of inhabitants at its next session following the decennial federal census by the majority party; and at the same intervals, the legislature also reapportions congressional districts pursuant to federal law; and

WHEREAS, legislative and congressional redistricting plans enacted pursuant to this procedure are used to elect members of the legislature and members of Congress in the fall of the second year following the year of the census; and

WHEREAS, historically legislative and congressional plans in Wisconsin have been viewed by many to be subject to partisan influence; and

WHEREAS, the 2011 process to draw the maps and fight litigation contesting those maps cost taxpayers nearly \$1.9 million; and

WHEREAS, a panel of federal district court judges has ruled that the redistricting that was done in Wisconsin in 2011 was unconstitutional, and that case is now on appeal to the United States Supreme Court, and redistricting to achieve partisan gains is improper, whether it is done by Republicans or Democrats.

NOW, BE IT RESOLVED that the Trempealeau County Board of Supervisors insists upon the creation of a nonpartisan procedure for the preparation of legislative and congressional redistricting plans; and

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that the process chosen must promote accountability and transparency and prohibit the consideration of voting patterns, party information, and incumbents' residence information or demographic information in drawing the maps, except as necessary to ensure minority participation as required by the U. S. Constitution; and

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that the County Clerk is directed to send a copy of this resolution to the Governor of the State of Wisconsin, the Wisconsin Counties Association, the Wisconsin Towns Association, the Wisconsin League of Municipalities, all members of the state legislature, and to each Wisconsin County.

Resolution # _ **9**017 - 30

Fair Maps - Redistricting Resolution

WHEREAS, currently under the state constitution, the legislature is directed to redistrict legislative districts according to the number of inhabitants at its next session following the decennial federal census by the majority party; and at the same intervals, the legislature also reapportions congressional districts pursuant to federal law, and

WHEREAS, legislative and congressional redistricting plans enacted pursuant to this procedure are used to elect members of the legislature and members of Congress in the fall of the second year following the year of the census, and

WHEREAS, historically legislative and congressional plans in Wisconsin have been subject to partisan influence that put the desires of politicians ahead of the electoral prerogative of the people, and

WHEREAS, the 2011 process to draw the maps and fight litigation contesting those maps cost taxpayers nearly \$1.9 million, and

WHEREAS, a panel of federal district court judges has ruled that the redistricting that was done in Wisconsin in 2011 was unconstitutional, and

WHEREAS, redistricting to achieve partisan gains is improper, whether it is done by Republicans or Democrats,

NOW THEREFORE BE IT RESOLVED that the Vernon County Board of Supervisors insists upon the creation of a nonpartisan procedure for the preparation of legislative and congressional redistricting plans, and

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that the process promotes more accountability and transparency and prohibits the consideration of voting patterns, party information, and incumbents' residence information or demographic information in drawing the maps, except as necessary to ensure minority participation as required by the U.S. Constitution.

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that the County Clerk is directed to send a copy of this resolution to the Governor of the State of Wisconsin, the Wisconsin Counties Association, the Wisconsin Towns Association, the Wisconsin League of Municipalities, all members of the state legislature, and to each Wisconsin County.

Recommended for consideration by the full County Board Dated: September 19, 2017

Submitted by

Yes 5 No 0 Absent/Abstain ____

Mike Leis, Legal Affairs Committee Chair

Adopted by the Vernon County Board of Supervisors 7 - 9 _____, 2017.

Attest:



30

Resolution No. 34 (2017) RESOLUTION OPPOSING SECTIONS 52 AND 53 OF ASSEMBLY BILL 456 AND SENATE BILL 374 RELATING TO VEHICLE REGISTRATION FEES

1	WHEREAS, current federal and state funding for local transportation infrastructure is
2	inadequate; and
3	WHEREAS, the State has imposed levy limits on local governments, which impacts
4	local spending for transportation needs; and
5	WHEREAS, current State law allows local governments, including counties, to enact
6	ordinances imposing an annual municipal or county registration fee on all motor vehicles; and
7	WHEREAS, although State law has allowed local registration fees since 1967, few local
8	governments have imposed local registration fees until relatively recently when more local
9	governments adopted vehicle registration fees to offset shrinking state and federal transportation
10	dollars and to repair deteriorating roads; and
11	WHEREAS, the fees that are collected are required to be used for transportation-related
12	purposes only; and
13	WHEREAS, St. Croix County imposed a local registration fee in 2008 to supplement
14	state and federal transportation dollars for the maintenance of the county highway system; and
15	WHEREAS, Sections 52 and 53 of Assembly Bill 456 and Senate Bill 374 provide that a
16	county or municipal registration fee may be continued or imposed only if approved by a majority
17	of electors voting in a referendum at a regularly scheduled election; and
18	WHEREAS, Sections 52 and 53 of Assembly Bill 456 and Senate Bill 374, if passed,
19	would require St. Croix County to hold a referendum within 18 months to consider continuing
20	the local registration fee; and
21	WHEREAS, the registration fee may only continue if such a referendum is approved by
22	a majority of the electorate; and
23	WHEREAS, this is another attempt to eliminate or reduce local control.
24	NOW, THEREFORE BE IT RESOLVED that the St. Croix County Board of
25	Supervisors strongly opposes Sections 52 and 53 of Assembly Bill 456 and Senate Bill 374, and
26	recommends that Sections 52 and 53 be removed from Assembly Bill 456 and Senate Bill 374
27	prior to consideration by the Wisconsin State Legislature.
28	BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that St. Croix County Board of Supervisors directs the

County Clerk to send a copy of this resolution to the Wisconsin Counties Association, State

Legislators, and Governor Scott Walker and all Wisconsin County Clerks.

Legal - Fiscal - Administrative Approvals:

Legal Note:

Fiscal Impact:

Elimination of this revenue source would reduce County funding by \$775,000 per

year, based on 2017 budget estimates.

Scott L. Cox, Corporation Counsel 8/30/2017 Robert Mittet, Finance Director 8/31/2017

Patrick Thorepson, County Administrator 8/31/2017

09/05/17

Transportation Committee

RECOMMENDED

RESULT:

RECOMMENDED [UNANIMOUS]

MOVER:

David Peterson, Supervisor Dave Ostness, Vice Chair

SECONDER: AYES:

Scott Nelson, Dave Ostness, David Peterson, William Peavey

ABSENT:

Ryan S. Sicard

Vote Confirmation.

William Peavey, Supervisor

19151

St. Croix County Board of Supervisors Action:

Roll Call - Vote Requirement - Majority of Supervisors Present

RESULT:

ADOPTED AS AMENDED [15 TO 3]

MOVER:

David Peterson, Supervisor

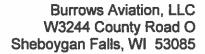
SECONDER:

Dave Ostness, Vice Chair

AYES:

Ring, Babbitt, Sjoberg, Moothedan, Nelson, Berke, Ostness, Larson, Hansen, Ard,

Peterson, Anderson, Achterhof, Leibfried, Peavey





October 17, 2017

Thomas Wegner, Chairperson Sheboygan County Board of Supervisors 202 Daleview Drive Plymouth, WI 53073

RE: Discussion for new terminal building at the Sheboygan airport

To the Board:

It has come to my attention that during the Tuesday, September 19, 2017 meeting of the Sheboygan County Board of Supervisors, the Supervisors were told the new terminal "would not be staffed by county personal. It would most likely be staffed by our FBO operator." The business I own, Burrows Aviation, is the county airport Fixed Base Operator. I am afraid my interest in space in a new terminal building has been misrepresented as it was misrepresented for Vollrath and Lakeland University interest. Please make it clear to the Board of Supervisors that I already have a building with all the amenities needed. It is the Sheboygan County Airport portal for arriving and departing passengers. It houses a restaurant, and rental car agency. I invite the supervisors to visit Burrows Aviation at the airport and draw their own conclusion on the quality of this privately funded, tax paying and land lease paying facility.

If my building can be found. I believe airport signage is the responsibility of the county and has been neglected and even discouraged by airport management for years. It is important to show case Sheboygan County Airport. Accurate and understandable signage pointing out the great services and features at the airport should have been completed long ago. At my own investment I am putting up additional signage on my property but it is not enough as passengers and transportation personnel get lost locating our building. Additional signage is desperately needed to clarify the airports tenants and businesses.

On another note if the County wants a terminal building solely for the purpose of attracting a customs area I would suggest a stand-alone hangar that is available for purchase which already has many of the amenities that customs is looking for and it can easily be modified for such a purpose. The purchase price is \$235,000 vs. the \$6,000,000 being suggested for a terminal building.

Thank you for your time and I appreciate your service to our community.

Sincerely,

Mindy M. Smith Managing Member

Website: www.burrowsaviation.com
Email: info@burrowsaviation.com

FBO Phone: 920-467-6151

Fax: 920-467-1337

JOURNAL OF THE MEETING OF THE SHEBOYGAN COUNTY BOARD OF SUPERVISORS

October 31, 2017

Pursuant to Section 59.11 of the Wisconsin Statutes, the October 31, 2017 session of the Sheboygan County Board was called to order by Chairperson Thomas G. Wegner at 6:00 p.m. Chairperson Wegner noted that the notice of meeting was posted on October 27, 2017 at 3:00 p.m. in compliance with the open meeting law. The meeting opened with the Pledge of Allegiance by all present.

The roll call was taken and recorded with 22 Supervisors present; Absent: 3, Supervisors Abler, Glavan, and Ogea.

INITIAL PRESENTATION OF THE 2018 PROPOSED BUDGET

County Administrator Adam Payne presented the 2018 Proposed Sheboygan County Budget. The proposed 2018 budget includes a modest property tax levy increase of 1.38% or \$660,097. The tax levy increase is a combination of an increase in Library aid, Bridge aid, and net new construction, and a decrease in debt service levy due to the sales tax revenue. The tax rate will decrease from \$5.65 to \$5.45, or twenty cents less than 2017. The proposed 2018 budget consists of a total property tax levy of \$48.5 million, and a total budget of \$149 million. The annual budget supports 19 departments and 825 employees implementing over 200 programs and services. Mr. Payne reviewed key components of the budget including funding to support the Drug Treatment Court, maintaining our Transportation System, construction of the new Transportation Complex, Courthouse Security Enhancements, new Sheriff's Department squads, and support for the new Emergency Management Dispatch System. Lastly, Mr. Payne said the budget reflects tremendous teamwork among County Board Supervisors, Department Heads, and staff to be fiscally responsible and continue to provide quality programs and services.

PUBLIC HEARING ON PROPOSED BUDGET

Chairperson Wegner noted that the Notice of Public Hearing was published on October 11, 2017 and declared the public hearing on the proposed 2018 budget open for anyone wishing to be heard. The following persons addressed the board:

Jodi Schoerner, N6107 River Heights Drive, Plymouth

There being no other persons wishing to be heard, Chairperson Wegner declared the public hearing closed at 6:26 p.m.

The Chairperson announced that the next order of business would be the review of the 2018 Proposed Budget and directed the County Clerk to go through the budget on a department by department basis. As each department was identified, the Chairperson requested that any amendments be offered.

Supervisor Hoffmann moved to amend the Non Departmental Budget for Account #533910 by removing \$100,000 from SCEDC. Supervisor Uraynar seconded the motion which defeated on roll call vote of the board Ayes: 6, Supervisors Bauer, Baumgart, Bemis, Damp, Epping, and Hoffmann; Noes: 16; Absent: 3, Supervisors Abler, Glavan, and Ogea.

When no further motions were offered, Chairperson Wegner declared the Budget Review Session concluded.

Pursuant to Sec. 5.06(a)(8), the 2018 Proposed Budget was referred back to the Finance Committee which will submit its final recommendation on the Budget at the November 7, 2017 board meeting

ADJOURNMENT

Supervisor Bemis moved to adjourn. Supervisor Winkel seconded the motion which carried on unanimous roll call vote of the board. The meeting was adjourned at 7:12 p.m. The next scheduled meeting is Tuesday, November 7, 2017 at 6:00 p.m.

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SHEBOYGAN COUNTY RESOLUTION NO. 14 (2017/18)

Re: Approving Restated Sewage Treatment Agreement with City of Plymouth

WHEREAS, the County owns the Rocky Knoll Health Care Center (hereafter "Rocky Knoll") located in the Town of Plymouth and is in the process of constructing a Transportation Complex located at a nearby site in the Town of Plymouth and

WHEREAS, in 1969 Sheboygan County ("County") and the City of Plymouth ("City") entered into an Agreement for Sewage Treatment Services for Rocky Knoll (previously known as the Rocky Knoll Sanatorium and Hospital) and related buildings wherein the City agreed to provide sewage treatment services to Rocky Knoll, notwithstanding the fact that it was in the Town and not the City, and

WHEREAS, County would like to restate the terms of the 1969 Agreement to include the treatment of sewage from the Transportation Complex as well as from Rocky Knoll, and

WHEREAS, City is willing to do so under the terms and conditions as set forth in the proposed Restated Agreement on file with the Clerk, and

WHEREAS, it is in the best interests of Sheboygan County to enter into such a restated agreement;

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED by the Sheboygan County Board that the County enter into the Restated Agreement with the City of Plymouth a copy of which is on file with the Clerk and to undertake all responsibilities and obligations required thereunder;

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, that the County Administrator is authorized and directed to sign the Restated Agreement on behalf of Sheboygan County.

TRANSPORTATION COMMITTEE

Respectfully submitted this 24th day of October, 2017.

TOMOI OTTA	
Rosen Lo Stroete	Jame & Slave
Roger Té Stroete Chairperson	James P. Glavan, Vice-Chairperson
al Looma	RUSam
Al Bosman, Secretary	Richard C. Bemis
•	Mark S-Until
	Mark S. Winkel
Onnosed to	Introduction:
Оррозса ю	miroduotion.

RESTATED AGREEMENT FOR SEWAGE TREATMENT SERVICES

THIS AGREEMENT, made this	day of, 2017	7,
by and between the CITY OF PLYMOUTH,	a municipal corporation (hereinafter "City"	")
and SHEBOYGAN COUNTY, a Wisconsin	governmental body corporate (hereinafte	эr
"County").		

WHEREAS, County owns the Rocky Knoll Health Care Center located at N7135 Rocky Knoll Parkway, Plymouth, Wisconsin, and is in the process of constructing a Transportation Complex located at W5741County Road J, Plymouth, Wisconsin, both of which are located in the Town of Plymouth, Sheboygan County, Wisconsin; and

WHEREAS, in 1969, County and City entered into an Agreement for Sewage Treatment Services for the Rocky Knoll Health Care Center (previously known as the Rocky Knoll Sanatorium and Hospital) and related buildings wherein County agreed to construct a sewerage system and City agreed to provide sewage treatment services to County; and

WHEREAS, in 1989, the parties hereto entered into an agreement with the Little Elkhart Lake Rehabilitation and Sanitary District No. 2 allowing the District to connect to County's sewerage system for treatment from City but no other connections have been made to County's sewerage system; and

WHEREAS, the parties hereto desire to restate the terms of the 1969 agreement to include the treatment of sewage from the Transportation Complex.

NOW, THEREFORE, to provide sewage treatment services for the premises commonly known as Rocky Knoll Health Care Center (hereafter "Rocky Knoll") and the Transportation Complex but intended to include all structures constructed and operated by Sheboygan County and used in connection with Rocky Knoll or the Transportation Complex, as further identified in the recitals, which have a need for such sewage treatment, and in consideration of the covenants and agreements contained herein, the parties hereby agree as follows:

- 1. <u>Construction of Facilities</u>. County shall construct and be responsible for all necessary facilities from the Transportation Complex to and including the connection to the existing County sewer main connecting Rocky Knoll to City's sewage system.
- 2. <u>Place of Connection</u>. At least five (5) days prior to making such connection, County shall contact City's Director of Public Works/City Engineer to coordinate the connection. County shall provide the as-built plans to City.

3. Ownership and Maintenance.

A. The ownership and maintenance of County's main and all appurtenances thereto shall at all times be the responsibility of County, except

the cost of maintenance arising out of the negligent or willful act of City or its employees or agents, shall be borne by City.

- B. The necessary maintenance for the Rocky Knoll line and the Transportation Complex line and all appurtenances thereto shall be provided by County.
- C. The parties agree that City is authorized to perform necessary repairs or maintenance without prior authorization from County in the event of an emergency.

4. No Additional Connections.

- A. County shall at no time in the future allow additional connections to County's main except for such connections that are required from County facilities to be used in conjunction with Rocky Knoll or the Transportation Complex that may be constructed adjacent to the main. County shall coordinate any future Rocky Knoll or Transportation Complex connections with City.
- B. City shall at no time in the future allow connections to County's main. If City shall annex territory along the route of County's main, County's main through such annexed territory shall continue to be the sole property of County and neither the public nor City shall gain rights therein.
- 5 Statutory Authority. This Agreement is made and executed under the authority of Wis. Stat. § 66.0301 and Wis. Stat. chs. 59 and 62 and is subject to the authority and limitations thereof and shall not be deemed to enlarge or extend the present public service area of City for utility purposes.
- 6. <u>Metering and Expense</u>. All sewage effluent entering County's main, including all water discharged, shall be metered, and such meter shall be read monthly by City. The expense of the metering equipment and the installation thereof shall be borne by County. The meter shall be owned by City. Any party hereto may at any time check the meters. In the event a party feels that the meters are not operating properly, the party may request their replacement.

7. Treatment Cost.

- A. City agrees to treat such effluent for the rate in effect for other users of City's sanitary sewerage facilities. County may submit a complaint related to charges to the Public Service Commission pursuant to Wis. Stat. § 66.0821.
 - B. County shall receive billings for services on a monthly basis.
- C. The parties agree that such maintenance shall be both of a routine and emergency nature and that City shall perform the same when necessary without the requirement of a prior authorization or work or purchase order.

8. Consent to Assignment. The County may assign or otherwise transfer its interests, rights and obligations in this Agreement only with the prior written consent of City.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF both parties hereto have caused these presents to be signed by their duly-authorized officers on the dates as indicated after their respective signatures.

CITY OF PLYMOUTH	SHEBOYGAN COUNTY
By: Donald O. Polman, Mayor	Adam Payne, County Administrator
By: Patricia Huberty, Clerk/Treasurer	Date Signed:
Date Signed:	

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FISCAL NOTE October 2017

Resolution No. 14 (2017/18) RE: Approving Restated Sewage Treatment Agreement with City of Plymouth

This existing agreement with the City of Plymouth for sewage treatment services is being restated to include the Transportation Complex. The costs associated with connecting into the sewer main are included in the overall Transportation Complex Project approved in the Five Year Capital Plan.

Funding:

No additional funding is required.

Respectfully Submitted,

Wendy A. Charnon, Finance Director

Wendy A Chans

October 20, 2017

- (9) Discourage development in a floodplain if there is any practicable alternative to locate the activity, use, or structure outside of the floodplain.
- 73.04 TITLE. This Ordinance shall be known as the *FLOODPLAIN ZONING ORDINANCE*, *SHEBOYGAN COUNTY, WISCONSIN*.

73.05 GENERAL PROVISIONS.

- (1) AREAS TO BE REGULATED. This Ordinance regulates all areas that would be covered by the regional flood or base flood as shown on the Flood Insurance Rate Map (FIRM) or other maps approved by the Wisconsin Department of Natural Resources (DNR). Base flood elevations are derived from the flood profiles in the Flood Insurance Study (FIS) and are shown as AE, A1-30, and AH Zones on the FIRM. Other regulatory zones are displayed as A and AO zones. Regional Flood Elevations (RFE) may be derived from other studies. If more than one map or revision is referenced, the most restrictive information shall apply.
- OFFICIAL MAPS & REVISIONS. The boundaries of all floodplain districts are designated as floodplains or A-ZonesA, AE, AH, AO, or A1-30 on the maps based on the FIS listed below and the revisions in the Sheboygan-County-Floodplain Appendix. Any change to the Base Flood Elevations (BFE) in the Flood Insurance Study (FIS) or on the or any changes to the boundaries of the floodplain or floodway in the FIS or on the Flood Insurance Rate Map (FIRM) must be reviewed and approved by the Wisconsin Department of Natural Resources (DNR) and Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) through the Letter of Map Changes process as set forth at Section 73.22 of this Code before it is effective. No changes to Regional Flood Elevations (RFEs) on non-FEMA maps shall be effective until approved by the DNR. These maps and revisions are on file in the office of the Sheboygan County Planning and Resources Conservation Department (the Department). If more than one map or revision is referenced, the most restrictive information shall apply.
 - (a) OFFICIAL MAPS BASED ON THE FLOOD INSURANCE SURVEY. The boundary of the floodplain districts, including floodway, floodfringe, and other floodplain districts designated as floodplains or A-Zones A, AE, AH, AO, or A1-30 on the Flood Insurance Rate Maps (FIRMs) for Sheboygan County (Community Number 550424) prepared by the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) shall be as located on the following panels:

55117C0020F	55117C0040F	55117C0045F	55117C0063F*	55117C0064F
55117C0068F	55117C0069F*	55117C0090F	55117C0095F	55117C0115F
55117C0135F	55117C0145F	55117C0155F	55117C0160F	55117C0165F
55117C0167F	55117C0170F	55117C0180F	55117C0181F	55117C0182F
55117C0183F	55117C0184F	55117C0186F	55117C0188F	55117C0190F
55117C0191F	55117C0192F	55117C0193F	55117C0194F	55117C0201F
55117C0202F	55117C0203F	55117C0204F	55117C0210F	55117C0211F*
55117C0212F	55117C0213F	55117C0214F	55117C0216F	55117C0217F
55117C0218F	55117C0219F	55117C0230F	55117C0236F	55117C0237F
55117C0238F	55117C0260F	55117C0270F*	55117C0280F*	55117C0285F
55117C0290F	55117C0292F	55117C0294F	55117C0295F	55117C0301F
55117C0302F	55117C0305F	55117C0306F	55117C0307F	55117C0308F*

55117C0309F	55117C0311F*	55117C0313F	55117C0315F	55117C0320F
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55117C0332F	55117C0333F	55117C0334F	55117C0337F	55117C0339F
55117C0340F	55117C0341F	55117C0342F*	55117C0343F	55117C0344F
55117C0351F	55117C0353F	55117C0354F	55117C0362F	55117C0365F
55117C0385F	55117C0395F	55117C0405F	55117C0406F	55117C0407F
55117C0408F	55117C0409F	55117C0415F	55117C0416F	55117C0417F
55117C0430F	55117C0435F	55117C0440F	55117C0445F*	55117C0455F
55117C0456F*	55117C0458F	55117C0460F	55117C0465F	55117C0470F
55117C0480F				

Based on the Flood Insurance Study (FIS) No. 55117CV000A dated April 2, 2009, these panels have been approved by FEMA and the—Wisconsin Department-of-Natural-Resources DNR and are on file-in at the Office of the Planning-and-Resources-Department. Asterisked panels have not been printed by FEMA.

(b) OFFICIAL MAPS BASED ON OTHER STUDIES. In addition to the districts set forth in (a) above, any district shown on the following individual property studies from 1999 to the date of enactment which have been approved by the Wisconsin Department of Natural Resources DNR (and in some cases FEMA) and which are on file-in-the-office-of- at the Planning and Resources Department are districts for purposes of this Ordinance. To the extent that boundaries shown on these individual property studies conflict with boundaries shown on the FIRMs set forth in (a) above, these individual studies shall be considered "best available information" in the approximate Zone A floodplains.

Individual property studies from 1999 to the date of enactment where floodplains were expressly identified and which take precedence over approximations shown on the maps set forth in (a), above.

PROPERTY OWNER	TOWN	PERMIT NUMBER				
Greenlawn Memorial Park	Sheboygan	SHP-86-99				
Study date is August 24, 1999; WDNR approval date is March 23, 2000						
Sunset Hills Golf Course	Sheboygan Falls	SHP-47-00				
Study date is March 24, 2000; WDNR	approval date is Sept	ember 2000				
Joe Van Horn Chevrolet	Plymouth	SHP-117-00				
Study date is September 8, 2000; WD	Study date is September 8, 2000; WDNR approval date is October 12, 2000					
Kenneth and Amy Van Wyk	Lyndon	SHP-43-04				
Study date is January 8, 2002; WDNR	approval date is Apri	l 30, 2002				
Hidden Creek Subdivision	Sheboygan	SHP-25-03				
Study date is August 2001; WDNR ap	proval date is Januar	y 15, 2003				
Green Meadows Subdivision	Sheboygan	SHP-62-05				
Study date is March 2004; WDNR app	roval date is April 23,	2004				
Justin Fink	Plymouth	SHP-44-06				
Study date is date February 1, 2006; WDNR approval date is April 13, 2006						

Brett Hoffmann	Lima	SHP-82-06
Study date is July 14, 2006; WDNR a	approval date is Au	igust 17, 2006
Dorothy Quasius	Rhine	SHP-29-07
Study date is February 28, 2007; WD	NR approval date	is April 19, 2007
Mark Kleinhans Miller HEC-RAC study date is De December 4, 2007; FEMA approval of	-	
Cindy Borland	Scott	SHP-01-08
Study date September 2007; WDNR	approval date is D	ecember 12, 2007
Barr Creek culvert replacemen under Sauk Trail Road Study date is September 29, 2006; FEMA approval date is January 19, 2	Holland (west WDNR approval d	•
Kohler Company	Wilson	
Study date is January 2008; DNR ap		20, 2008
Arno Pfeifer Feed Mill	Greenbush	SHP-49-10
Study date is February 4, 2009; DNF	R approval date is .	June 4, 2009
Onion River Wastewater Treatment Commission	Lima	, <u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>
Study date is May 14, 2009; DNR ap	proval date is July	7, 2009
Plymouth Snow Rangers	Plymouth	SHP-04-10
Study date is December 24, 2009; D	NR approval date	is January 14, 2010
Steven and Janice Koepsell	Sheboygan Fa	alls SHP-81-10
Study date is September 20, 2010; D	NR approval date	is October 12, 2010
DeSmidt Residence	Greenbush	SHP-02-11
Study date is December 16, 2010; D	NR approval date	is December 20, 2010
Wade House Historical Site	Greenbush	SHP-45-11
Study date is March 2011; DNR appr	roval date is April	12, 2011
Carol Marshall-Horne	Lyndon	SHP-35-13
Study date is February 28, 2013; DN	IR approval date is	March 3, 2013
Kohler Company	Wilson	CUP-01-12
Study date is September 2013; DNR	approval date is 0	October 22, 2013
Hermitage Conservation Club	Rhine	SHP-26-14
Study date is March 5, 2014; DNR a	pproval date is Ap	ril 23, 2014
Village of Waldo	Lyndon	
Study date is October 18, 2010; Dam failure analysis approval date is		e is November 4, 2010
Sheboygan County	Russell/Rhine	
Study date is December 14, 2015; Dam failure analysis approval date is	s January 5, 2016	
Walter Vollrath	Rhine	SHP-50-17
Study date is February 27 2017; DN	R approval date is	April 24, 2017

(3) ESTABLISHMENT OF FLOODPLAIN ZONING DISTRICTS. The regional floodplain areas are divided into three (3) districts as follows:

- (a) The Floodway District (FW) is the channel of a river or stream and those portions of the floodplain adjoining the channel required to carry the regional floodwaters and are contained within AE Zones as shown on the FIRM.
- (b) The Floodfringe District (FF) is that portion of the floodplain between the regional flood limits and the floodway and displayed as AE Zones on the FIRM.
- (c) The General Floodplain District (GFD) is those areas that-have been or may be covered by floodwater during the regional flood and does not have a BFE or floodway boundary determined, including A, AH, and AO zones on the FIRM.
- (4) LOCATING FLOODPLAIN BOUNDARIES. Discrepancies between boundaries on the official floodplain zoning map and actual field conditions shall be resolved using the criteria in Subsections (a) or (b), below. If a significant difference exists, the map shall be amended according to Section 73.22 of this Code. The Department can rely on a boundary derived from a profile elevation to grant or deny a land use permit whether or not a map amendment is required. The Department shall be responsible for documenting actual pre-development field conditions and the basis upon which the district boundary was determined and for initiating any map amendments required under this Section. Disputes between the Department and an applicant over the district boundary line shall be settled according to Section 73.18(3) of this Code and the criteria in Subsections (a) and (b), below. Where the flood profiles are based on established base flood elevations from a FIRM, FEMA must approve any map amendment or revision pursuant to Section 73.22 of this Code.
 - (a) If flood profiles exist, the map scale and the profile elevations shall determine the district boundary. The regional or base flood elevations shall govern if there are any discrepancies.
 - (b) Where flood profiles do not exist, the location of the boundary shall be determined by the map scale., visual on-site inspection and any information provided by the DNR.

Note: Where the flood profiles are based on established base flood elevations from a FIRM, FEMA must also approve any map amendment pursuant to Section 73.22(1)(f) of this Code.

- (5) REMOVAL OF LANDS FROM FLOODPLAIN. Compliance with the provisions of this Ordinance shall not be grounds for removing land from the floodplain unless it is filled at least two feet (2') above the regional or base flood elevation, the fill is contiguous to land outside the floodplain, and the map is amended pursuant to Section 73.22 of this Code.
 - Note: This procedure does not remove the requirements for the mandatory purchase of flood-insurance. The property owner must contact FEMA to request a Letter of Map Change (LOMC).
- (6) COMPLIANCE. Any development or use within the areas regulated by this Ordinance shall be in compliance with the terms of this Ordinance and other applicable local, state, and federal regulations.
- (7) MUNICIPALITIES AND STATE AGENCIES REGULATED. Unless specifically exempted by law, all cities, villages, towns, and counties are required to comply with this Ordinance and obtain all necessary permits. State agencies are required to comply subject to Wis. Stat. § 13.48(13). Activities that are carried out under the direction of the Department of

Transportation in connection with highways, bridges, or other transportation project design, location, construction, reconstruction, maintenance, and repair are not subject to the provisions of this Ordinance provided the requirements of Wis. Stat. § 30.2022 are complied with. Notwithstanding the above, the permit and hearing fees set may be waived for such governmental applicants or agencies thereof, including special purpose units of government (e.g. sanitary and utility districts, lake management districts, school districts, housing authorities, and/or public utilities).

(8) ABROGATION AND GREATER RESTRICTIONS.

- (a) This Ordinance supersedes all the provisions of any prior ordinance enacted under Wis. Stat. §§ 59.69, 59.692, or 59.694 which relate to floodplains. If another ordinance is more restrictive than this Ordinance, that Ordinance shall control to the extent of the greater restrictions and not otherwise.
- (b) This Ordinance is not intended to repeal, abrogate, or impair any existing deed restrictions, covenants, or easements. If this Ordinance imposes greater restrictions, the provisions of this Ordinance shall prevail.
- (9) INTERPRETATION. In their interpretation and application, the provisions of this Ordinance are the minimum requirements liberally construed in favor of Sheboygan County and are not a limitation on or repeal of any other powers granted by the Wisconsin Statutes. If a provision of this Ordinance required by Wis. Admin. Code Ch. NR 116 is unclear, the provision shall be interpreted in light of the standards in effect on the date of the adoption of this Ordinance or in effect on the date of the most recent text amendment to this Ordinance.
- (10) WARNING AND DISCLAIMER OF LIABILITY. The flood protection standards in this Ordinance are based on engineering experience and scientific research. Larger floods may occur or the flood height may be increased by man-made or natural causes. This Ordinance does not imply or guarantee that non-floodplain areas or permitted floodplain uses will be free from flooding and flood damages. Nor does this Ordinance create liability on the part of or a cause of action against Sheboygan County or any officer or employee thereof for any flood damage that may result from reliance on this Ordinance.
- (11) SEVERABILITY. Should any portion of this Ordinance be declared unconstitutional or invalid by a court of competent jurisdiction, the remainder of this Ordinance shall not be affected.
- (12) ANNEXED AREAS FOR CITIES AND VILLAGES. The Sheboygan County Floodplain Zoning provisions in effect on the date of annexation shall remain in effect and shall be enforced by the municipality for all annexed areas until the municipality adopts and enforces an ordinance which meets the requirements of Wis. Admin. Code Ch. NR 116 and the National Flood Insurance Program (NFIP). These annexed lands are described on the municipality's official zoning map. County floodplain zoning provisions are incorporated by reference for the purpose of administering this Section and are to be on file in the office of the municipality's zoning administrator. All plats or maps of annexation shall show the regional flood elevation and the location of the floodway.
- (13) GENERAL DEVELOPMENT STANDARDS. The Department shall review all permit applications to determine whether proposed building site is in a flood-prone area, all new construction and substantial improvements shall be designed or modified and adequately anchored to prevent flotation, collapse, or lateral movement of the structure resulting from hydrodynamic and hydrostatic loads; be constructed with materials resistant to flood

damage; be constructed by methods and practices that minimize flood damages; and be constructed with electrical, heating, ventilation, plumbing, and air conditioning equipment and other service facilities designed and/or located so as to prevent water from entering or accumulating with the components during conditions of flooding. Subdivisions shall be reviewed for compliance with the above standards. All subdivision proposals (including manufactured/mobile home parks) shall include regional flood elevation and floodway data for any development that meets the subdivision definition of this Ordinance. Adequate drainage shall be provided to reduce exposure to flood hazards and all public utilities and facilities, such as sewer, gas, electrical, and water systems are located and constructed to minimize or eliminate flood damages.

73.06 GENERAL STANDARDS APPLICABLE TO ALL FLOODPLAIN DISTRICTS.

- (1) HYDRAULIC AND HYDROLOGIC ANALYSES.
 - (a) Except as allowed in Subsection (3), below, nNo floodplain development shall:
 - Obstruct flow, defined as development which blocks the conveyance of floodwaters by itself or with other development, increasing regional flood height; or
 - Increase regional flood height due to floodplain-storage area lost which equals or exceeds 0.01 foot. Cause any increase in the regional flood height due to floodplain storage area lost.
 - (b) The Department shall deny permits if it is determined the proposed development will obstruct flow or increase regional flood heights 0.01 foot or more, based on the officially adopted FIRM unless the provisions of Subsection (3) are met.cause any increase in the regional flood height, based on the officially adopted FIRM or other adopted map, unless the map is amended under the provisions of Section 73.22 of this Code.
 - (c) Obstructions or increases equal-to or greater than 0.01 foot may only be permitted if amendments are made to this Ordinance, the official floodplain zoning maps, floodway lines and water surface profiles in accordance with Section 73.22 of this Code.

Note: This Section refers to obstructions or increases in base flood elevations as shown on the officially adopted FIRM or other adopted map. Any such alterations must be reviewed and approved by FEMA and the DNR.

(2) WATERCOURSE ALTERATIONS. No land use permit to alter or relocate a watercourse in a mapped floodplain shall be issued until the Department has notified in writing all adjacent municipalities, the DNR, and FEMA regional offices and required the applicant to secure all necessary state and federal permits. The standards of Section 73.06(1) of this Code must be met and the flood carrying capacity of any altered or relocated watercourse shall be maintained. As soon as it is practicable, but not later than six (6) months after the date of the watercourse alteration or relocation, the Department shall notify FEMA of the changes by submitting appropriate technical or scientific data in accordance with NFIP guidelines that shall be used to revise the FIRM, risk premium rates, and floodplain management regulations as required apply for a Letter of Map Revision (LOMR) from FEMA. Any such alterations must be reviewed and approved by FEMA and the DNR through the Letter of Map Change (LOMC) process.

- (3) WIS. STAT. § 30.31 DEVELOPMENT. Development which requires a permit from the DNR under Wis. Stat. chs. 30 and 31 such as docks, piers, wharves, bridges, culverts, dams, and navigational aids may be allowed if the necessary permits are obtained and amendments to the floodway lines, water surface profiles, BFEs established in the FIS, or other data from the officially adopted FIRM or other floodplain zoning maps or the Floodplain Zoning Ordinance are made according to Section 73.22 of this Code.
- (4) PUBLIC OR PRIVATE CAMPGROUNDS. Public or private campgrounds shall have a low flood damage potential and shall meet the following provisions:
 - (a) The campground is approved by the State Department of Health and Family Services Wisconsin Department of Health Services (DHS);
 - (b) A Shoreland/Floodplain Zoning Permit for the campground is issued by the Planning Department;
 - (c) The character of the river system and the elevation of the campground is such that a seventy-two- (72-) hour warning of an impending flood can be given to all campground occupants.
 - (d) There is an adequate flood warning procedure for the campground that offers the minimum notice required under this Section to all persons in the campground. This procedure shall include a written agreement between the campground owner, County Emergency Management, and the Sheriff which specifies the flood elevation at which evacuation shall occur, personnel responsible for monitoring flood elevations, types of warning systems to be used and the procedures for notifying at-risk parties, and the methods and personnel responsible for conducting the evacuation.
 - (e) This Agreement shall be for no more than one (1) calendar year, at which time the Agreement shall be reviewed and updated by the officials identified in Subsection (4), above, to remain in compliance with all applicable regulations including those of the State Department of Health and Family Services DHS and all other applicable regulations.
 - (f) Only camping units that are fully licensed, if required, and ready for highway use are allowed.
 - (g) The camping units may not occupy any site in the campground for more than one hundred eighty (180) consecutive days, at which time the camping unit must be removed from the floodplain for a minimum of twenty-four (24) hours.
 - (h) All camping units that remain on-site for more than thirty (30) days shall be issued a limited authorization by the campground operator, a written copy of which is kept on file at the campground. Such authorization shall allow placement of a camping unit for a period not to exceed one hundred eighty (180) days and shall ensure compliance with all the provisions of this Section.
 - (i) The Department shall monitor the limited authorizations issued by the campground operator to assure compliance with the terms of this Section.
 - (j) All camping units that remain in place for more than one hundred eighty (180) days must meet the applicable requirements in either Sections 73.07 or 73.10 of this Code for the floodplain district in which the structure is located.

- (k) The campground shall have signs clearly posted at all entrances warning of the flood hazard and the procedures for evacuation when a flood warning is issued.
- (I) All service facilities, including but not limited to refuse collection, electrical service, natural gas lines, propane tanks, sewage systems, and wells shall be properly anchored and placed at or floodproofed to the flood protection elevation.

73.07 FLOODWAY DISTRICT (FW).

- (1) APPLICABILITY. This Section applies to all floodway areas on the official-floodplain zoning maps and those identified pursuant to Sections 73.05(2) and 73.11(4) of this Code.
- (2) PERMITTED USES. The following open space uses are allowed in the floodway district and the floodway areas of the general floodplain district if:
 - they are not prohibited by any other ordinance;
 - they meet the standards in Sections 723.08 and 73.09 of this Code; and
 - all permits or certificates have been issued according to Section 73.15 of this Code:
 - (a) Agricultural uses, such as farming, outdoor plant nurseries, horticulture, viticulture, and wild crop harvesting.
 - 1. A-buffer strip meeting the minimum standards as determined by the Gounty Land & Water Conservation Department shall be established and maintained between the farmed area and the edge of the waterway; waterway crossings shall be permitted for livestock and shall be of a design deemed appropriate by the County Land & Water Conservation Department. An agricultural producer may be exempt from this Section if soil and water conservation practices are deemed sufficient and no pellution is occurring in the opinion of the County Land & Water Conservation Department.
 - 2. If there is a pollution-problem resulting from the grazing or pasturing of livestock, the agricultural producer will be required to erect a fence or otherwise abate the pollution in such a manner as may be determined by the County Land & Water Conservation Department and the Department. If a fence is erected, provision will be allowed for watering the livestock in the waterway.
 - (b) <u>Nonstructural</u> industrial and commercial uses, such as loading areas, parking areas, and airport landing strips.
 - (c) Nonstructural recreational uses, such as golf courses, tennis courts, archery ranges, picnic grounds, boat ramps, swimming areas, parks, wildlife and nature preserves, game farms, fish hatcheries, shooting, trap, and skeet activities, hunting and fishing areas, and hiking and horseback riding trails, subject to the fill limitations of Section 73.08(4) of this Code.
 - (d) Uses or structures accessory to open space uses or classified as historic structures that comply with Sections 73.08 and 73.09 of this Code.

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- (e) Extraction of sand, gravel, or other materials that comply with Section 73.08(4) of this Code, and Chapter 78, Non-Metallic Mining Reclamation Regulations, if applicable.
- (f) Functionally water-dependent uses, such as docks, piers, or wharves; dams; flowage areas; culverts; navigational aids and river crossings of transmission lines; and pipelines that comply with Wis. Stat. chs. 30 and 31.
- (g) Public utilities, streets, and bridges that comply with Section 73.08(3) of this Code.

73.08 STANDARDS FOR DEVELOPMENT IN FLOODWAY AREAS.

- (1) GENERAL.
 - (a) Any development in floodway areas shall comply with Section 73.06 of this Code and have a low flood damage potential.
 - (b) Applicants shall provide the following data to determine the effects of the proposal according to Section 73.06(1) of this Code:
 - A cross-section elevation view of the proposal perpendicular to the watercourse showing if the proposed development will obstruct flow; or
 - 2. An analysis calculating the effects of this proposal on regional flood height.
 - (c) The Department shall deny the permit application if the project will cause any increase in flood elevations upstream or downstream 0:01-foot-or-more-based on the data submitted for Subsection (b), above.
- (2) Structures accessory to permanent open space uses classified as historic structures or functionally dependent on a waterfront location may be allowed by permit if the structures comply with the following criteria:
 - (a) The structures are not designed for human habitation, and-do not have a high flood damage potential, and are constructed to minimize flood damage;
 - (b) The structures are constructed and placed on the building site so as to increase flood heights less than 0.01 foot and minimally obstruct the flow of floodwaters. Structures shall be constructed with the long axis parallel to the flow of floodwaters-and on the same line as adjoining structures; The structures shall have a minimum of two openings on different walls having a total net area not less than one square inch for every square foot of enclosed area, and the bottom of all such openings being no higher than one foot above grade. The openings shall be equipped with screens, louvers, or other coverings or devices provided that they permit the automatic entry and exit of floodwaters;
 - (c) The structures are properly anchored to prevent them from floating away and restricting bridge openings or other restricted sections of the stream or river; and must be anchored to resist flotation, collapse, and lateral movement;
 - (d) Mechanical and utility equipment must be elevated or flood proofed to or above the flood protection elevation; and

(8) Any sanitary sewer or water supply lines except those to service existing or proposed development located outside the floodway which complies with the regulations for the floodplain area occupied.

73.10 FLOODFRINGE DISTRICT (FF).

- (1) APPLICABILITY. This Section applies to all floodfringe areas shown on the official floodplain zoning maps described in Section 73.05(2)(a) and those identified pursuant to Section 73.11(4) of this Code.
- (2) PERMITTED USES. Any structure, land use, or development is allowed in the floodfringe district if the standards in Section 73.10(3) of this Code are met, the use is not prohibited by this or any other Ordinance or regulation, and all permits or certificates specified in Section 73.15 of this Code have been issued.
- (3) STANDARDS FOR DEVELOPMENT IN FLOODFRINGE AREAS.
 - (a) All of the provisions of Section 73.06(1) of this Code shall apply. In addition, the following requirements shall apply according to the use requested. Any existing structure in the floodfringe must also meet the requirements of Section 73.12 of this Code.
 - (b) Residential Uses. Any habitable structure including a manufactured/mobile home which is to be erected, newly constructed, reconstructed, altered, or moved into the floodfringe area shall meet or exceed the following standards:. Any existing structure in the floodfringe must meet the requirements of Section 73.12 of this Code;
 - 1. The elevation of the lowest floor, excluding the basement or crawlway, shall be at or above the flood protection elevation on fill unless the requirements of Section 73.10(3)(b)2 of this Code can be met. The fill shall be one foot (1') or more above the regional flood elevation extending at least fifteen feet— (15') beyond the limits of the structure. The Department may authorize other floodproofing measures if the elevations of existing streets or sewer lines makes compliance impractical and the Board of Adjustments grants a variance;
 - The basement or crawlway floor may be placed at the regional flood elevation if it is floodproofed to the flood protection elevation. No basement or crawlway floor is allowed below the regional flood elevation:
 - 3. Contiguous dryland access shall be provided from a structure to land outside of the floodplain except as provided in Subsection (¢4), below.
 - 4. In developments where existing street or sewer line elevations make compliance with Subsection (e3),—below, impractical, the municipality may permit new development and substantial improvements where access roads are at or below the regional flood elevation if:
 - A. The municipality has written assurance from police, fire, and emergency services that rescue and relief will be provided to the structure(s) by wheeled vehicles during a regional flood event, or

- B. The municipality has a natural disaster plan approved by Wisconsin Emergency Management and the DNR.
- (c) Accessory Structures or Uses.
 - Except as provided in-Subsection 2, below, an aAccessory structures
 which is not connected to a principal structure may shall be constructed
 on fill with itsthe lowest floor at or above the regional flood elevation.
 - 2.— An accessory structure which is not connected to the principal structure and which is less than six hundred (600) square feet in size and valued at less than Ten Thousand Dollars (\$10,000.00) may be constructed with its lowest floor no more than two feet (2') below the regional flood elevation if it is subject to flood velocities of no more than two-feet (2') per second and it meets all the provisions of Sections 73.08(2)(a), (b), (c), (d), and 73.10(3)(f), below.
- (d) Commercial Uses. Any commercial structure which is erected, altered, or moved into the floodfringe area shall meet the requirements of Section 73.10(3)(b) of this Code. Subject to the requirements of Subsection (3)(f), below, storage yards, surface parking lots, and other such uses may be placed at lower elevations if an adequate warning system exists to protect life and property.
- (e) Manufacturing and Industrial Uses. Any manufacturing or industrial structure which is erected, altered, or moved into the floodfringe area shall be protected to the flood protection elevation using fill, leaves, floodwalls, or other flood proofing measures in Section 73.20 of this Code. Subject to the requirements of Subsection (3)(f), below, storage yards, surface parking lots, and other such uses may be placed at lower elevations if an adequate warning system exists to protect life and property.
- (f) Storage of Materials. Materials that are buoyant, flammable, explosive, or injurious to property, water quality, or human, animal, plant, fish, or aquatic life shall be stored at or above the flood protection elevation or floodproofed in compliance with Section 73.20 of this Code. Adequate measures shall be taken to ensure that such materials will not enter the water body during flooding.
- (g) Public Utilities, Streets, and Bridges. All utilities, streets, and bridges shall be designed to be compatible with comprehensive floodplain development plans; and
 - When failure of public utilities, streets, and bridges would endanger public health or safety, or where such facilities are deemed essential, construction of and substantial improvements to such facilities may only be permitted if they are floodproofed in compliance with Section 73.20 of this Code to the flood protection elevation;
 - 2. Minor roads or nonessential utilities may be constructed at lower elevations if they are designed to withstand flood forces to the regional flood elevation.
- (h) Sewage Systems. All on-site sewage disposal systems shall be floodproofed pursuant to Section 73.20 of this Code to the flood protection elevation and shall

- meet the provisions of all local ordinances and Wis. Admin. Code Ch. Comm 83SPS 383.
- (i) Wells. All wells shall be floodproofed pursuant to Section 73.20 of this Code to the flood protection elevation and shall meet the provisions of Wis. Admin. Code Ch. NR 811 and NR 812.
- (j) Solid Waste Disposal Sites. Disposal of solid or hazardous waste is prohibited in floodfringe areas.
- (k) Deposition of Materials. Any deposited material must meet all the provisions of this Ordinance.
- (I) Manufactured/Mobile Homes.
 - Owners or operators of all manufactured/mobile home parks and subdivisions shall provide adequate surface drainage to minimize flood damage and prepare, secure approval, and file an evacuation plan indicating vehicular access and escape routes with local emergency management authorities.
 - 2. In existing manufactured/mobile home parks, all new homes, replacement homes on existing pads, and substantially improved homes shall:
 - have the lowest floor elevated to the flood protection elevation;
 - B. be anchored so they do not float, collapse, or move laterally during a flood.
 - Outside of existing manufactured/mobile home parks, including new manufactured home parks and all single units outside of existing parks, all new, replacement, and substantially improved manufactured/mobile homes shall meet the residential development standards for the floodfringe in Section 73.10(3)(b) of this Code.
- (m) Mobile Recreational Vehicles. All mobile recreational vehicles that are on site for one hundred eighty (180) consecutive days or more or are not fully licensed and ready for highway use shall meet the elevation and anchoring requirements in Section 73.10(3)(I)2 and 3 of this Code. A mobile recreational vehicle is ready for highway use if it is on its wheels or jacking system, is attached to the site only by quick-disconnect utilities and security devices, and has no permanently attached additions.

73.11 GENERAL FLOODPLAIN DISTRICT (GFD).

- (1) APPLICABILITY. The provisions for this district shall apply to all floodplains for which flood profiles are not available or where flood-profiles are available but floodways have not-been-delineated. Floodway and floodfringe districts shall be delineated when adequate data is available mapped as A, AO, or AH zones.
- (2) PERMITTED USES. Pursuant to Section 73.11(4) of this Code, it shall be determined whether the proposed use is located within a floodway or floodfringe area. Those

areasuses permitted in floodway [Section 73.07(2) of this Code] and floodfringe areas [Section 73.10(2) of this Code] are allowed within the general floodplain district according to the standards of Section 73.11(3) of this Code provided that all permits or certificates required under Section 73.15 of this Code have been issued.

- (3) STANDARDS FOR DEVELOPMENT IN THE GENERAL FLOODPLAIN DISTRICT. Sections 73.07 through 73.09 of this Code applies to floodway areas; Section 73.10 of this Code applies to floodfringe areas. The rest of this Ordinance applies to either district.
 - (a) In AO/AH zones, the structure's lowest floor must meet one of the conditions listed below, whichever is higher;
 - 1. At or above the flood protection elevation; or
 - 2. Two feet (2') above the highest adjacent grade around the structure; or
 - 3. The depth shown on the FIRM.
 - (b) In AO/AH zones, provide plans showing adequate drainage paths to guide floodwaters around structures.
- (4) DETERMINING FLOODWAY AND FLOODFRINGE LIMITS. Upon receiving an application for development within the general floodplain district, the Department shall:
 - (a) Require the applicant to submit two (2) copies of an aerial photograph or a plan which shows the proposed development with respect to the general floodplain district limits, stream channel, and existing floodplain developments, along with a legal description of the property, fill limits and elevations, building floor elevations, and flood proofing measures and the flood zone as shown on the FIRM:
 - (b) Require the applicants to furnish any of the following information deemed necessary by the DNR to evaluate the effects of the proposal upon flood height and flood flows, regional flood elevation, and to determine floodway boundaries:
 - A typical valley cross-section showing the stream channel, the floodplain adjoining each side of the channel, the cross-sectional area to be occupied by the proposed development, and all historic high water information; A Hydrologic and Hydraulic Study as specified in Section 73.16(3) of this Code;
 - 2. Plan (surface view) showing elevations or contours of the ground; pertinent structure, fill, or storage elevations; size, location, and layout of all proposed and existing structures on the site; location and elevation of streets, water supply, and sanitary facilities, soil types, and other pertinent information:
 - Profile showing the slope of the bottom of the channel or flow line of the stream; Specifications for building construction and materials; floodproofing, filling, dredging, channel improvement, storage, water supply and sanitary facilities.

- 4. Specifications for building construction—and—materials, floodproofing, filling, dredging, channel improvement, storage, water supply, and sanitary facilities.
- (c) Transmit one (1) copy of the information described in Subsections (4)(a) and (b), above, to-the DNR district office along with a written request-for technical assistance to establish regional flood elevations and, where applicable, floodway data. Where the provisions of Section 73.16(3) of this Code apply, the applicant shall provide all required information and computations to delineate floodway boundaries and the effects of the project on flood elevations.

73.12 GENERAL PROVISIONS FOR NONCONFORMING USES.

- (1) APPLICABILITY. These standards conform with Wis. Stat. § 59.69(10) and apply to all modifications or additions to any nonconforming use or structure and to the use of any structure or premises which was lawful before the passage of this Ordinance or any amendment thereto or a previous version thereof.
- (2) The existing lawful use of the structure or its accessory use which is not in conformity with the provisions of this Ordinance may continue subject to the following conditions:
 - (a) No modifications or additions to a nonconforming use or structure shall be permitted unless they comply with this Ordinance. The words "modification" and "addition" include but are not limited to any alteration, addition, modification, structural repair, rebuilding or replacement of any such existing use, structure, or accessory structure or use. Ordinary maintenance repairs are not considered an extension, modification, or addition; these include painting, decorating, paneling, and the replacement of doors, windows, and other nonstructural components and the maintenance, repair, or replacement of existing private sewage or water supply systems or connections to public utilities. Ordinary maintenance repairs do not include any costs associated with the repair of a damaged structure and not considered ordinary maintenance.

The construction of a deck that does not exceed two hundred (200) square feet and that is adjacent to the exterior wall of a principal structure is not an extension, modification, or addition. The roof of the structure may extend over a portion of the deck in order to provide safe ingress and egress to the principal structure.

- (b) If a nonconforming use or the use of a nonconforming structure is discontinued for twelve (12) consecutive months, it is no longer permitted, and any future use of the property and any structure or building thereon shall conform to the applicable requirements of this Ordinance.
- (c) The Department shall keep a record which lists all nonconforming uses and nonconforming structures, their present equalized assessed value, the cost of all modifications or additions which have been permitted, and the percentage of the structure's total current value those modifications represent.
- (d) No modification or addition to any nonconforming structure or any structure with a nonconforming use which over the life of the structure would equal or exceed fifty percent (50%) of its present equalized assessed value shall be allowed unless the entire structure is permanently changed to a conforming structure with

a conforming use in compliance with the applicable requirements of this Ordinance. Contiguous dry land access must be provided for residential and commercial uses in compliance with Section 73.10(3)(b) of this Code. The costs of elevating a nonconforming building or a building with a nonconforming use to the flood protection elevation are excluded from the fifty percent (50%) provisions of this Subsection.

(e) Except as provided in the following-paragraphs, if a nonconforming structure or any structure with a nonconforming use is destroyed or is substantially damaged, it cannot be replaced, reconstructed, or rebuilt-unless the use and the structure meet the current Ordinance requirements.—A structure is considered substantially damaged if the total cost to restore the structure to its pre-damaged condition equals or exceeds fifty percent (50%) of the structure's present equalized assessed value.

For nonconforming buildings that are damaged or destroyed by a nonflood disaster, the repair or reconstruction of any such nonconforming building may be permitted in order to restore it after the nonflood disaster provided that the nonconforming building will meet all of the minimum requirements under 44 CFR Part 60 or under the regulations promulgated thereunder.

- Notwithstanding the foregoing, any non-conforming structure—whose damage or destruction was caused by violent wind, vandalism, fire, flood, ice, snow mold, infestation or any whole damage or destruction occurring after March 1, 2006, may be restored to the size, location, and use that it had immediately before the damage or destruction occurred without limitation on the costs of the repair, reconstruction, or improvement. If applicable, State or federal requirements necessitate that the size of the structure be larger than the size it was immediately before the damage or destruction, such larger size shall be allowedNo maintenance to any nonconforming structure or any structure with a nonconforming use, the cost of which would equal or exceed fifty percent (50%) of its present equalized assessed value, shall be allowed unless the entire structure is permanently changed to a conforming structure with a conforming use in compliance with the applicable requirements of this Ordinance. Contiguous dry land access must be provided for residential and commercial uses in compliance with Section 73.10(3)(b) of this Code.
- (f) A-nonconforming-historic structure may be altered if the alteration will not preclude the structure's-continued designation as a historic structure, the alteration will comply with Section 73.08(1) of this Code, flood resistant materials are used, and construction practices and floodproofing methods that comply with Section 73.20 of this Code are used for a per event basis the total value of the work being done under (d) and (e) equals or exceeds fifty percent (50%) of the present equalized assessed value the work shall not be permitted unless the entire structure is permanently changed to a conforming structure with a conforming use in compliance with the applicable requirements of this Ordinance. Contiguous dry land access must be provided for residential and commercial uses in compliance with Section 73.10(3)(b) of this Code.
- (g) Except as provided in Subsection (h), if any nonconforming structure or any structure with a nonconforming use is destroyed or is substantially damaged, it cannot be replaced, reconstructed, or rebuilt unless the use and the structure meet the current Ordinance requirements. A structure is considered substantially damaged if the total cost to restore the structure to its pre-damaged condition

equals or exceeds fifty percent (50%) of the structure's present equalized assessed value.

(h) For nonconforming buildings that are substantially damaged or destroyed by a non-flood disaster, the repair or reconstruction of any such nonconforming building shall be permitted in order to restore it to the size and use in effect prior to the damage event, provided that the minimum federal code requirements below are met and all required permits have been granted prior to the start of construction.

Residential Structures

- A. Shall have the lowest floor, including basement, elevated to or above the base flood elevation using fill, pilings, columns, posts or perimeter walls. Perimeter walls must meet the requirements of Section 73.20(2) of this Code.
- B. Shall be anchored to prevent flotation, collapse, or lateral movement of the structure resulting from hydrodynamic and hydrostatic loads, including the effects of buoyancy and shall be constructed with methods and materials resistant to flood damage.
- C. Shall be constructed with electrical, heating, ventilation, plumbing and air conditioning equipment and other service facilities that are designed and/or elevated so as to prevent water from entering or accumulating within the components during conditions of flooding.
- D. In A zones, obtain, review and utilize any flood data available from a federal, state or other source.
- E. In AO zones with no elevations specified, shall have the lowest floor, including basement, meet the standards in Section 73.11(3)(a) of this Code.
- F. In AO zones, shall have adequate drainage paths around structures on slopes to guide floodwaters around and away from the structure.

2. Nonresidential Structures

- A. Shall meet the requirements of Section 73.12(2)(h)1.A-F of this Code.
- B. Shall either have the lowest floor, including basement, elevated to or above the regional flood elevation; or, together with attendant utility and sanitary facilities, shall meet the standards in Section 73.20(1) or (2) of this Code.
- C. In AO zones with no elevation specified, shall have the lowest floor, including basement, meet the standards in Section 73.11(3)(a) of this Code.

(3) A nonconforming historic structure may be altered if the alteration will not preclude the structure's continued designation as a historic structure, the alteration will comply with Section 73.08(1) of this Code, flood resistant materials are used, and construction practices and floodproofing methods that comply with Section 73.20 of this Code are used. Repair or rehabilitation of historic structures shall be exempt from the development standards of Section 73.12(2)(h)1 of this Code. If it is determined that the proposed repair or rehabilitation will not preclude the structure's continued designation as a historic structure and is the minimum necessary to preserve the historic character and design of the structure.

73.13 SPECIAL PROVISIONS FOR NONCONFORMING USES IN FLOODWAY AREAS.

- (1) No modification or addition shall be allowed to any nonconforming structure or any structure with a nonconforming use in a floodway area unless such modification or addition:
 - (a) Has been granted a permit or variance which meets all Ordinance requirements;
 - (b) Meets the requirements of Section 73.12, above;
 - (c) Will not increase the obstruction to flood flows or regional flood height;
 - (d) Any addition to the existing structure shall be floodproofed pursuant to Section 73.20 of this Code by means other than the use of fill to the flood protection elevation;
 - (e) Mechanical and utility equipment-must-be-elevated-or-floodproofed to or above the regional flood elevation; If any part of the foundation below the flood protection elevation is enclosed, the following standards shall apply:
 - The enclosed area shall be designated by a registered architect or engineer to allow for the efficient entry and exit of flood waters without human intervention. A minimum of two (2) openings must be provided with a minimum net area of at least one (1) square inch for every one (1) square foot of enclosed area. The lowest part of the opening can be no more than twelve (12) inches above the adjacent grade;
 - 2. The parts of the foundation located below the flood protection elevation must be constructed of flood-resistant materials;
 - Mechanical and utility equipment must be elevated or floodproofed to or above the flood protection elevation; and
 - 4. The use must be limited to parking, building access, or limited storage.
 - (f) It must not obstruct the flow of flood waters or cause any increase in flood levels during the occurrence of the regional flood; and
 - (g) Its use must be limited to parking and/or-limited storage.
- (2) No new on-site sewage disposal system or addition to an existing on-site sewage disposal system, except where an addition has been ordered by a government agency to correct a hazard to public health, shall be allowed in a floodway area. Any replacement,

repair, or maintenance of an existing on-site sewage disposal system in a floodway area shall meet the applicable requirements of all municipal ordinances and Wis. Admin. Code Ch.-Comm-83 SPS 383.

(3) No new well or modification to an existing well used to obtain potable water shall be allowed in a floodway area. Any replacement, repair, or maintenance of an existing well in a floodway area shall meet the applicable requirements of all municipal ordinances Section 73.20(3) of this Code and Wis. Admin. Code Chs NR811 and NR 812.

73.14 FLOODFRINGE AREAS.

- (1) No modification or addition shall be allowed to any nonconforming structure or any structure with a nonconforming use unless such modification or addition has been granted a permit or variance by the Department and the modification or addition shall be placed on fill or floodproofed to the flood protection elevation in compliance with the standards for that particular use in Section 73.10(3) of this Code except where Section 73.14(2) of this Code is applicable.
- (2) Where compliance with the provisions of Subsection (1), above, would result in unnecessary hardship and only where the structure will not be used for human habitation or be associated with a high flood damage potential, the Board of Adjustments, using the procedures established in Section 73.18 of this Code, may grant a variance from those provisions of Subsection (1), above, for modifications or additions using the criteria listed below. Modifications or additions which are protected to elevations lower than the flood protection elevation may be permitted if:
 - (a) No floor is allowed below the regional flood elevation for residential or commercial structures;
 - (b) Human lives are not endangered;
 - (c) Public facilities, such as water or sewer, will not be installed;
 - (d) Flood depths will not exceed two feet (2');
 - (e) Flood velocities will not exceed two feet (2') per second; and
 - (f) The structure will not be used for storage of materials as described in Subsection 73.10(3)(f) of this Code.
- (3) If neither the provisions of Subsections (1) or (2), above, can be met, one (1) addition to an existing room in a nonconforming building or a building with a nonconforming use may be allowed in a floodfringe, if the addition:
 - (a) Meets all other regulations and will be granted by permit or variance;
 - (b) Does not exceed sixty (60) square feet in area; and
 - (c) In combination with other previous modifications or additions to the building does not equal or exceed fifty percent (50%) of the present equalized assessed value of the building.
- (43) All new private sewage disposal systems or additions to, replacement, repair, or maintenance of a private sewage disposal system shall meet all the applicable provisions

974 975 976			of all lo		nances, Section 73.20(3) of this Code and Wis. Admin. Code Ch. Comm					
977 978 979		(54)			r additions to, replacement, repair, or maintenance of a well shall meet the isions of this Ordinance and Wis. Admin. Code Chs. NR 811 and NR 812.					
980	73.15	ADMIN	IISTRAT	ION.						
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982 983 984 985		(1)	Resour	The Department, through its zoning staff and under the supervision of the ResourcesPlanning, Resources, Agriculture, and Extension (PRAE) Committee, is authorized to administer this Ordinance and shall have the following duties and powers to:						
986 987 988 989			(a)	applica	applicants of the Ordinance provisions, assist in preparing permit tions and appeals, and assure that the regional flood elevation for the ed development is shown on all permit applications.					
990 991 992 993			(b)		permits and inspect properties for compliance with provisions of this nce and issue certificates of compliance where appropriate.					
994 995 996			(bm c)		t all damaged floodplain structures and perform a substantial damage ment to determine if substantial damage to the structures has occurred.					
997			(eq)	Keep re	ecords of all official actions such as:					
998 999 1000				1.	All permits issued, inspections made, and work approved;					
1001 1002				2.	Documentation of certified lowest floor and regional flood elevations for floodplain development;					
1003 1004 1005 1006 1007				3.	Records of water surface profiles, floodplain zoning maps and ordinances, nonconforming uses and structures including changes, appeals, variances, and amendments.					
1008				4.	All substantial damage assessment reports for floodplain structures.					
1009 1010				5.	Floodproofing certificates.					
1011 1012 1013				6.	List of nonconforming structures and uses.					
1014 1015			(de)	Submit	t copies of the following items to the DNR district office:					
1016 1017				1.	Within ten (10) days of the decision, a copy of any decision on variances, appeals for map or text interpretations, and map or text amendments;					
1018 1019 1020 1021 1022				2.	Copies of any case-by-case analyses and any other information required by the DNR including an annual summary of the number and types of floodplain zoning actions taken.					
1023 1024				3.	Copies of substantial damage assessments performed and all related correspondence concerning the assessments.					
1025 1026 1027					Note: Information on conducting substantial damage assessments is available on the DNR					

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1028				website
1029				http://dnr.wi.gov/org/water/wm/dsfm/flood/title.htm
1030				
1031			(ef)	Investigate, prepare reports, and report violations of this Ordinance to the
1032				ResourcesPRAE Committee and the Corporation Counsel for prosecution.
1033				Copies of the records shall also be sent to the DNR district office.
1034				·
1035			(fg)	Submit copies of text and map amendments-and-biennial reports to the FEMA
1036			,	regional office.
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1038	73.16	SHORI	ELAND/I	FLOODPLAIN ZONING PERMIT. A Shoreland/Floodplain Zoning Permit shall be
1039				e any new development or any repair or change in the use of a building or
1040				iding sewer and water facilities, may be initiated. The application to the
1041				the Shoreland/Floodplain Zoning Permit shall include:
1042		•		
1043		(1)	GENE	RAL INFORMATION.
1044		• •		
1045			(a)	Name and address of the applicant, property owner, and contractor;
1046			` '	
1047			(b)	Legal description, proposed use, and whether it is new construction or a
1048			(• ,	modification;
1049				
1050		(2)	SITE D	DEVELOPMENT PLAN. A site plan drawn to scale shall be submitted with the
1051		• •		application form and shall contain:
1052			•	
1053			(a)	Location, dimensions, area, and elevation of the lot;
1054			\ - /	,,,,,,,
1055			(b)	Location of the ordinary high water mark of any abutting navigable waterways;
1056			• /	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
1057			(c)	Location of any structures with distances measured from the lot lines and street
1058			` '	center lines;
1059				,
1060			(d)	Location of any existing or proposed on-site sewage systems or private water
1061			` '	supply systems;
1062				1, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
1063			(e)	Location and elevation of existing or future access roads;
1064			` '	
1065			(f)	Location of floodplain and floodway limits as determined from the official
1066			. ,	floodplain zoning maps;
1067				
1068			(g)	The elevation of the lowest floor of proposed buildings and any fill using National
1069			(0)	Geodetic and Vertical Datum (NGVD);
1070				, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
1071			(h)	Data sufficient to determine the regional flood elevation in NGVD at the location
1072			` '	of the development and to determine whether or not the requirements of Sections
1073				73.07 through 73.10 of this Code are met;
1074				
1075			(i)	Data to determine if the proposed development will cause an obstruction to flow
1076				or an increase in regional flood height or discharge according to Section 73.06(1)
1077				of this Code. This may include any of the information noted in Section 73.08(1)
1078				of this Code.
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1080		(3)—	DATA	REQUIREMENTS TO ANALYZE DEVELOPMENTS.
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- (1) The applicant-shall provide all survey data and computations required to show the effects of the project on flood heights, velocities, and floodplain storage for all subdivision-proposals, as "subdivision" is defined in Wis. Stat. ch. 236 and other proposed developments exceeding five (5) acres in area or where the estimated cost exceeds One-Hundred Twenty-five Thousand Dollars (\$125,000.00). The applicant shall provide:
 - (a) An-analysis of the effect of the development on the regional flood profile, velocity of flow, and floodplain storage capacity:
 - (b) A map-showing-location-and-details of vehicular-access-to-lands-outside the floodplain; and
 - (c) A surface drainage plan showing how flood damage will be minimized.

The estimated cost of the proposal shall include all structural development, landscaping, access and road-development, utilities, and other pertinent items, but need not include land-costs.

- (3) HYDRAULIC AND HYDROLOGIC STUDIES TO ANALYZE DEVELOPMENTS
 - (a) All hydraulic and hydrologic studies shall be completed under the direct supervision of a professional engineer registered in the State of Wisconsin. The study contractor shall be responsible for the technical adequacy of the study. All studies shall be reviewed and approved by the DNR.
 - Hydrology. The appropriate method shall be based on the standards in Wis. Admin. Code § Ch. NR 116.07(3), Hydrologic Analysis: Determination of Regional Flood Discharge, or any subsequent amendment.
 - Hydraulic Modeling. The regional flood elevation shall be based on the standards in Wis. Admin. Code § Ch. NR 116.07(4), Hydraulic Analysis: Determination of Regional Flood Elevation, or any subsequent amendment and the following:
 - A. Determination of the required limits of the hydraulic model shall be based on detailed study information for downstream structures (dam, bridge, culvert) to determine adequate starting Water Surface Elevation for the study.
 - B. Channel sections must be surveyed.
 - C. Minimum four (4) foot contour data in the overbanks shall be used for the development of cross section overbank and floodplain mapping.
 - D. A maximum distance of five hundred (500) feet between cross sections is allowed in developed areas with additional intermediate cross sections required at transitions in channel bottom slope including a survey of the channel at each location.
 - E. The most current version of Hydrologic Engineering Center's River Analysis System (HEC-RAS) software shall be used.

- F. A survey of bridge and culvert openings and the top of the road is required at each structure.
- G. Additional cross-sections are required at the downstream and upstream limits of the proposed development and any necessary intermediate locations based on the length of the reach if greater than five hundred (500) feet.
- H. Standard accepted engineering practices shall be used when assigning parameters for the base model such as flow, Manning's N values, expansion and contraction coefficients, or effective flow limits. The base model shall be calibrated to past flooding data such as high water marks to determine the reasonableness of the model results. If no historical data is available, adequate justification shall be provided for any parameters outside standard accepted engineering practices.
- The model must extend past the upstream limit of the difference in the existing and proposed flood profiles in order to provide a tie-in to existing studies. The height difference between the proposed flood profile and the existing study profiles shall be no more than 0.00 feet.
- Mapping. A work map of the reach studied shall be provided showing all cross-section locations, floodway/floodplain limits based on best available topographic data, geographic limits of the proposed development, and whether the proposed development is located in the floodway.
 - A. If the proposed development is located outside the floodway, then it is determined to have no impact on the regional flood elevation.
 - B. If any part of the proposed development is in the floodway, it must be added to the base model to show the difference between existing and proposed conditions. The study must ensure that all coefficients remain the same as in the existing model unless adequate justification based on standard accepted engineering practices is provided.
- (b) Zone AE Floodplains.
 - Hydrology. If the proposed hydrology will change the existing study, the appropriate method to be used shall be based on Wis. Admin. Code § Ch. NR 116.07(3), Hydrologic Analysis: Determination of Regional Flood Discharge, or any subsequent amendment.
 - 2. Hydraulic Modeling. The regional flood elevation shall be based on the standards in Wis. Admin. Code § Ch. NR 116.07(4), Hydraulic Analysis: Determination of Regional Flood Elevation, or any subsequent amendment and the following:
 - A. Duplicate Effective Model. The effective model shall be reproduced to ensure correct transference of the model data and

to allow integration of the revised data to provide a continuous FIS model upstream and downstream of the revised reach. If data from the effective model is available, models shall be generated that duplicate the FIS profiles and the elevations shown in the Floodway Data Table in the FIS report to within 0.1 foot.

- B. Corrected Effective Model. The Corrected Effective Model shall not include any man-made physical changes since the effective model date, but shall import the model into the most current version of HEC-RAS for Department review.
- C. Existing (Pre-Project Conditions) Model. The Existing Model shall be required to support conclusions about the actual impacts of the project associated with the Revised (Post-Project) Model or to establish more up-to-date models on which to base the Revised (Post-Project) Model.
- D. Revised (Post-Project Conditions) Model. The Revised (Post-Project Conditions) Model shall incorporate the Existing Model and any proposed changes to the topography caused by the proposed development. This model shall reflect proposed conditions.
- E. All changes to the Duplicate Effective Model and subsequent models must be supported by certified topographic information, bridge plans, construction plans and survey notes.
- F. Changes to the hydraulic models shall be limited to the stream reach for which the revision is being requested. Cross-sections upstream and downstream of the revised reach shall be identical to those in the effective model and result in water surface elevations and top widths computed by the revised models matching those in the Effective Models upstream and downstream of the revised reach as required. The Effective Model shall not be truncated.
- 3. Mapping. Maps and associated engineering data shall be submitted to the DNR for review which meet the following conditions:
 - A. Consistency between the revised hydraulic models, the revised floodplain and floodway delineations, the revised flood profiles, topographic work map, annotated FIRMs and/or Flood Boundary Floodway Maps (FBFMs), construction plans, and bridge plans.
 - B. Certified topographic map of suitable scale, contour interval, and a planimetric map showing the applicable items. If a digital version of the map is available, it may be submitted in order that the FIRM may be more easily revised.
 - C. Annotated FIRM panel showing the revised 1% and .2% annual chance floodplains and floodway boundaries.

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- D. If an annotated FIRM and/or FBFM and digital mapping data (Geographic Information System (GIS) or Computer Aided Design and Drafting (CADD)) system are used then all supporting documentation or metadata must be included with the data submission along with the Universal Transverse Mercator (UTM) projection and State Plan Coordinate System in accordance with FEMA mapping specifications.
- E. The revised floodplain boundaries shall tie into the effective floodplain boundaries.
- F. All cross-sections from the Effective Model shall be labeled in accordance with the effective map and a cross-section lookup table shall be included to relate to the model input numbering scheme.
- G. Both the current and proposed floodways shall be shown on the map.
- H. The stream centerline or profile baseline used to measure stream distances in the model shall be visible on the map.
- (4) EXPIRATION. All permits issued under the authority of this Ordinance shall expire one (1) year one hundred eighty (180) days after the date of issue and the work permitted shall be completed prior to the expiration date. -eExtension for additional periods of up to one (1) year one hundred eighty (180) days may be granted by the Department subject to the following conditions:
 - (a) Extension requests shall be made in writing to the Department at least thirty (30) days prior to the expiration date.
 - (b) Permits shall be reviewed by the Department for compliance with current local, county, state, and federal requirements. If not in compliance, the extension shall be denied.
- (5) FEE. All persons, upon filing an application for permits, changes, or amendments, or Board of Adjustments reviews required pursuant to this Ordinance shall pay a fee to the Department according to the fellowing-schedule: fee schedule on file in the Department.

- Shoreland-Zoning Permit - New Construction	\$250.0 0
- Shoreland-Zoning-Permit	\$150.00
- Conditional Use Permit	
- Board of Adjustments Hearing Fee	
-Zoning District Changes & Amendments Hearing Fee	\$300.00

If in the determination of the Department a permit applicant contemplates construction in an amount of no more than Five Hundred dollars—Two Thousand Dollars (\$500.002,000.00) and the Department determines that the expense related to the issuance of the permit does not require the full fee, the Department, in its discretion, may waive all but Seventy-five Dollars (\$75.00) of the fee.

A double fee may be charged if work is started before a permit is applied for and issued.

- (6) CERTIFICATE OF COMPLIANCE. No land shall be occupied or used and no building which is hereafter constructed, altered, added to, modified, repaired, rebuilt, or replaced shall be occupied until a Certificate of Compliance is issued by the Department except where no permit is required subject to the following provisions:
 - (a) The Certificate of Compliance shall show that the building or premises or part thereof and the proposed use conform to the provisions of this Ordinance.
 - (b) Application for such Certificate shall be concurrent with the application for a permit.
 - (c) If all Ordinance provisions are met, the Certificate of Compliance shall be issued within ten (10) days after written notification that the permitted work is completed:
 - (d) The applicant shall submit a certification signed by a registered professional engineer or registered land surveyor that the fill, lowest floor, and floodproofing elevations are in compliance with the permit issued. Floodproofing measures also require certification by a registered professional engineer or registered architect that floodproofing measures meet the requirements of Section 73.20 of this Code.
- (7) OTHER PERMITS. The applicant must secure all necessary permits from federal, state, and local agencies including those required by the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers under Section 404 of the Federal Water Pollution Control Act, Amendments of 1972, 33 U.S.C. 1344.

73.17 RESOURCESPRAE COMMITTEE.

- (1) The County Board through its Resources-PRAE Committee, shall:
 - (a) Oversee the functions of the Planning and Zoning-Department staff; and
 - (b) Review and advise the County Board on all proposed amendments to this Ordinance, maps, and text.
- (2) This Resources-The PRAE Committee shall not:
 - (a) Grant variances to the terms of the Ordinance in place of action by the Board of Adjustments; or
 - (b) Amend the text or zoning maps which may only be done by the County Board.
- 73.18 BOARD OF ADJUSTMENTS. The Board of Adjustments (or "Board") created under Wis. Stat. § 59.694 and pursuant to Chapter 76 of this Code is hereby authorized and shall be appointed to act for the purposes of this Ordinance. The Board shall exercise the powers conferred by Wisconsin Statutes and adopt rules for the conduct of business. Department staff shall provide secretarial services to the Board but shall not serve as an officer of the Board.
 - (1) POWERS AND DUTIES. The Board of Adjustments shall:
 - (a) Appeals. Hear and decide appeals where it is alleged there is an error in any order, requirement, decision, or determination made by an administrative official in the enforcement or administration of this Ordinance, including permit denials.

- (b) Boundary Disputes. Hear and decide disputes concerning the district boundaries shown on the official floodplain zoning map.
- (c) Variances. Hear and decide upon appeal variances from the Ordinance standards.
- (2) APPEALS TO THE BOARD OF ADJUSTMENTS.
 - (a) Appeals to the Board of Adjustments may be taken by any person aggrieved or by any officer or department of a municipality affected by any decision of the Department. Such appeal shall be taken within thirty (30) days unless otherwise provided by the rules of the Board by filing with the Department and with the Board a notice of appeal specifying the reasons for the appeal. The Department shall transmit to the Board all records regarding the matter appealed.
 - (b) Notice and Hearing for Appeals Including Variances.
 - Notice. The Board shall:
 - A. Fix a reasonable time for the hearing;
 - B. Publish adequate notice pursuant to Wisconsin Statutes, specifying the date, time, place, and subject of the hearing;
 - C. Assure that notice shall be mailed to the parties in interest and the DNR district office at least ten (10) days in advance of the hearing.
 - 2. Hearing. Any party may appear in person or by agent or attorney. The Board shall:
 - A. Resolve boundary disputes according to Section 73.18(3) of this Code.
 - B. Decide variance applications according to Section 73.18(4) of this Code.
 - Decide appeals of permit denials according to Section 73.19 of this Code.
 - (c) Decision. The final decision regarding the appeal or variance application shall:
 - 1. Be made within a reasonable time;
 - 2. Be sent to the DNR district office within ten (10) days of the decision;
 - Be a written determination signed by the chairperson or secretary of the Board.
 - 4. State the specific facts which are the basis for the Board's decision:
 - Either affirm, reverse, vary, or modify the order, requirement, decision, or determination appealed in whole or in part, dismiss the appeal for lack of jurisdiction, or grant or deny the variance application;

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- 6. Include the reasons for granting an appeal, describing the hardship demonstrated by the applicant in the case of a variance, clearly stated in the recorded minutes of the Board proceedings.
- (3) BOUNDARY DISPUTES. The following procedure shall be used by the Board in hearing disputes concerning floodplain district boundaries:
 - (a) If a floodplain district boundary is established by approximate or detailed floodplain studies, the flood elevations or profiles shall prevail in locating the boundary. If none exist, other evidence may be examined.
 - (b) In all cases, the person contesting the boundary location shall be given a reasonable opportunity to present arguments and technical evidence to the Board.
 - (c) If the boundary is incorrectly mapped, the Board should inform the Department or the person contesting the boundary location to petition the County Board for a map amendment according to Section 73.22 of this Code.

(4) VARIANCE.

- (a) The Board may upon appeal grant a variance from the standards of this Ordinance if an applicant convincingly demonstrates that:
 - Literal enforcement of the Ordinance provisions will cause unnecessary hardship;
 - The hardship is due to adoption of the Floodplain Ordinance and unique property conditions not common to adjacent lots or premise. In such case the Ordinance or map must be amended;
 - 3. The variance is not contrary to the public interest; and
 - The variance is consistent with the purposes of this Ordinance as stated in Section 73.03 of this Code.
- (b) In addition to the criteria in Subsection (a), above, to qualify for a variance under FEMA regulations, the following criteria must be met:
 - 1. The variance may not cause any increase in the regional flood elevation;
 - 2. Variances can only be granted for lots that are less than one-half acre and are contiguous to existing structures constructed below the RFE;
 - Variances shall only be granted upon a showing of good and sufficient cause, shall be the minimum relief necessary, shall not cause increased risks to public safety or nuisances, shall not increase costs for rescue and relief efforts, and shall not be contrary to the purpose of the Ordinance.
- (c) A variance shall not::
 - Grant, extend, or increase any use prohibited in the zoning district;

1458 1459				2.	Be granted for a hardship based solely on an economic gain or loss;
1460 1461				3.	Be granted for a hardship which is self-created;
1462					
1463 1464				4.	Damage the rights or property values of other person in the area;
1465 1466 1467				5.	Allow actions without the amendments to this Ordinance or map(s required in Section 73.22(1) of this Code.
1468 1469				6.	Allow any alteration of a historic structure including its use which would preclude its continued designation as a historic structure.
1470 1471 1472 1473			(d)	writing	a floodplain variance is granted, the Board shall notify the applicant in that it may increase flood insurance premiums and risks to life and by. A copy shall be maintained with the variance record.
1474 1475	73.19	TO RE	VIEW A	PPEALS	OF PERMIT DENIALS
1476 1477 1478		(1)	The Bo	ard of A	djustments shall review all data related to the appeal. This may include:
1479 1480			(a)	Permit	application data listed in Section 73.16 of this Code.
1481 1482			(b)	Floodw	/ay/floodfringe determination data in Section 73.11(64).
1483 1484 1485			(c)		sted in Section 73.08(1)(b)2 of this Code where the applicant has no ted this information to the Department.
1486 1487			(d)	Other appeal	data submitted with the application or submitted to the Board with the \cdot
1488 1489		(2)	For ap	peal of a	all denied permits the Board shall:
1490 1491 1492			(a)	Follow	the procedures of Section 73.18 of this Code;
1493 1494			(b)	Consid	ler Department recommendations; and
1495 1496			(c)	Either	uphold the denial or grant the appeal.
1497 1498		(3)	For ap	peals co	ncerning increases in regional flood elevation the Board shall:
1499 1500 1501 1502			(a)	flood e	I the denial where the Board agrees with the data showing an increase in levation. Increases equal to or greater than 0.01 feet may only be allowed mending the flood profile and map and all appropriate legal arrangements ade with all adversely affected property owners.
1503 1504 1505 1506 1507			(b)	that th	the appeal where the Board agrees that the data properly demonstrates e project does not cause an increase equal to or greater than 0.01 for ed no other reasons for denial exist.
1508 1509	73.20	FLOOI	DPROO	FING.	
1510		(1)			variance shall be issued until the applicant submits-a-plan-certified by

the structure or development to the flood protection elevation for a non-residential structure designed to be watertight below the regional flood elevation unless the applicant first submits a plan certified by a registered professional engineer or architect that the floodproofing measures will protect the structure or development to the flood protection elevation and submits a FEMA Floodproofing Certificate.

- (2) For a structure designed to allow the entry of floodwater, no permit or variance shall be issued until the applicant submits a plan either:
 - (a) Certified by a registered professional engineer or architect; or
 - (b) Meets or exceed the following standards:
 - 1. A minimum of two (2) openings having a total net area of not less than one (1) square inch for every one (1) square foot of enclosed area subject to flooding;
 - 2. The bottom of all openings shall be no higher than one (1) foot above grade; and
 - Openings may be equipped with screens, louvers, valves, or other coverings or devices provided that they permit the automatic entry and exit of floodwaters.
- (23) Floodproofing measures shall be designed to:
 - (a) Withstand flood pressures, depths, velocities, uplift and impact forces, and other regional flood factors:
 - (b) Protect structures to the flood protection elevation;
 - (c) Anchor structures to foundations to resist flotation and lateral movement; and
 - (d) Ensure that structural walls and floors are watertight so the flood-protection elevation and the interior remains completely dry during flooding without human intervention Minimize or eliminate infiltration of flood waters.
 - (e) Minimize or eliminate discharges into flood waters.
- (3) Floodproofing measures could include:
 - (a) Reinforcing—walls—and_floors_to_resist_rupture_or_collapse_caused_by_water pressure or floating debris.
 - (b) Adding mass or weight to prevent flotation.
 - (c) Placing essential utilities above the flood protection elevation.
 - (d) Installing surface or subsurface drainage systems to relieve foundation wall and basement floor pressures.
 - (e) Constructing water supply wells-and-waste-treatment-systems-to-prevent the entry-of-flood waters.

1566 Putting cut-off-valves on sewer lines or eliminating gravity-flow-basement drains. 1567 1568 73.21 PUBLIC INFORMATION. The Department shall endeavor to: 1569 1570 (1) Place marks on structures to show the depth of inundation during the regional flood. 1571 1572 (2) Make all maps, engineering data, and regulations available and widely distributed. 1573 1574 (3) Encourage all real estate transfers to show what floodplain zoning district any real 1575 property is in. 1576 1577 73.22 AMENDMENTS. 1578 1579 (1) Obstructions or increases may only be permitted if amendments are made to this 1580 Ordinance, the official floodplain zoning maps, floodway lines, and water surface profiles. 1581 in accordance with Section 73.22(2) of this Code. 1582 1583 (a) In AE zones with a mapped floodway, no obstructions or increases shall be 1584 permitted unless the applicant receives a Conditional Letter of Map Revision from 1585 FEMA and amendments are made to this Ordinance, the official zoning maps. 1586 floodway lines, and water surface profiles, in accordance with Section 73.22(2) of 1587 this Code. Any such alterations must be reviewed and approved by FEMA and 1588 DNR. 1589 1590 (b) In A zones, increases equal to or greater than 1.0 foot may only been permitted if 1591 the applicant receives a Conditional Letter of Map Revision from FEMA and 1592 amendments are made to this Ordinance, the official floodplain maps, floodway 1593 lines, and water surface profiles, in accordance with Section 73.22(2) of this 1594 Code. 1595 1596 (42)GENERAL. The County Board may change or supplement the floodplain zoning district 1597 boundaries and this Ordinance in the manner provided by law. Actions which require an 1598 amendment include but are not limited to the following: 1599 1600 (a) Any-change to the official floodplain-zoning-map, including the floodway-line or 1601 boundary of any floodplain area. Any fill or floodway encroachment that obstructs 1602 flow causing any increase in the regional flood height: 1603 1604 (b) Correction of discrepancies between the water-surface profiles and floodplain 1605 zening-maps. Any changes to any other officially adopted floodplain maps listed in 1606 Section 73.05(2)(b) of this Code; 1607 1608 (c) Any fill in the floodplain which raises the elevation of the filled area to a height at 1609 or above the flood protection elevation and is contiguous to land lying outside the 1610 floodplain. 1611 1612 (d) Any fill or floodplain encroachment that obstructs flow, increasing regional flood 1613 height 0.01 foot or more. Correction of discrepancies between the water surface 1614 profiles and floodplain maps: 1615 1616 (e) Any upgrade to a floodplain zoning ordinance text required by Wis. Admin. Code 1617 Ch. NR 116.05 or otherwise required by law or for changes by the municipality.: 1618 and

(f) All channel relocations and changes to the maps to alter floodway lines or to remove an area from the floodway or the floodfringe that is based on a base flood elevation from a FIRM requires prior approval by FEMA.

Note: Consult the FEMA web-site - www.fema.gov - for a current map change fee-schedule.

- (23) PROCEDURES. Ordinance amendments may be made upon petition of any interested party according to the provisions of Wis. Stat. § 59.69. Such petitions shall include all necessary data required by Sections 73.11(4) and 73.16 of this Code.
 - (a) The proposed amendment shall be referred to the Department for a public hearing and recommendation to the County Board. The amendment and notice of public hearing shall be submitted to the DNR district office for review prior to the hearing. The amendment procedure shall comply with the provisions of Wis. Stat. § 59.69.
 - (b) No amendments shall become effective until reviewed and approved by the DNR.
 - (c) All persons petitioning for a map amendment that obstructs flow, increasing regional flood height-0.01-foot or more shall obtain flooding easements or other appropriate legal arrangements from all adversely affected property owners and notify local units of government before the amendment can be approved by the County Board.
 - (d) For amendments in areas with no water surface profiles, the Department or Board shall consider data submitted by the DNR, the Department's visual on site inspections, and other available information. [See Section 73.05(4).]
- 73.23 ENFORCEMENT AND PENALTIES. Any violation of the provisions of this Ordinance by any person shall be unlawful and shall be referred to the Corporation Counsel for appropriate enforcement action. A violator shall upon conviction forfeit to the Sheboygan County a penalty of not less than Twenty Dollars (\$20.00) and not more than Two Thousand Dollars (\$2,000.00) together with the taxable cost of such action. Each day of continued violation shall constitute a separate offense. Every violation of this Ordinance is a public nuisance and the creation may be enjoined and the maintenance may be abated by action at suit of the County, the State, or any citizen thereof pursuant to Wis. Stat. § 87.30.
- 73.24 DEFINITIONS. Unless specifically defined below, words, terms, or phrases used in this Ordinance shall be as defined in Chapters 70, 71, and 73 of the Code of Ordinances, Wis. Stat. chs. 29, 30, 31, 144, 236; Wis. Stat. § 59.69, 59.692, and 87.30; and Wis. Admin. Code Chs. NR 115, NR 116, Comm 83, and Comm 85, or, if not defined therein, shall be interpreted so as to give them the same meaning as they have at common law and to give this Ordinance its most reasonable application. Words used in the present tense include the future, words in the singular number include the plural numbers. The word "shall" is mandatory, not permissive. All distances, unless specified otherwise, shall be measured horizontally.
 - (1) A ZONES. Those areas shown on the Official Floodplain Zoning Map which would be inundated by the regional flood. These areas may be numbered or unnumbered A Zones. The A Zones may or may not be reflective of flood profiles depending on the availability of data for a given area.

- (2) ACCESSORY BUILDING. A subordinate structure on the same lot as the principal building or use and devoted to a use incidental to the principal use or structure. (See PRINCIPAL STRUCTURE and PRINCIPAL USE.)
- (3) ACCESSORY STRUCTURE or USE. A facility, structure, building, or use which is accessory or incidental to the principal use of a property, structure, or building.
- (4) **ALTERATION**. An enhancement, upgrading, or substantial change or modification, other than an addition or repair, to a dwelling or to electrical, plumbing, heating, ventilating, air conditioning, and other systems within a structure.
- (45) ARBOR. A frame structure consisting of vertical posts having beams attached to and connecting the posts at the top of the structure, supporting a roof composed of open joists. Roof or wall enclosures other than lattice or trellis are prohibited.
- (6) AREA OF SHALLOW FLOODING. A designated AO, AH, AR/AO, or VO zone on a community's Flood Insurance Rate Map (FIRM) with a one percent (1%) or greater annual chance of flooding to an average depth of one (1) to three (3) feet where a clearly defined channel does not exist, where the path of flooding is unpredictable, and where velocity flood may be evident. Such flooding is characterized by ponding or sheet flow.
- (57) BASE FLOOD. A flood having a one percent (1%) chance of being equaled or exceeded in any given year as published by FEMA as part of an FIS and depicted on a FIRM.
- (68) BASE FLOOD ELEVATION (BFE). An elevation equal to that which reflects the height of the base flood.
- (79) **BASEMENT**. Any enclosed area of a building having its floor sub-grade, i.e., below ground level on all sides.
- (810) BUILDING. See STRUCTURE.
- (911) **BULKHEAD**. An upright structure to dissipate wave energy or retard erosion which can be placed against the base of a dune or bluff or stand free to have fill placed behind it.
- (4012) **BULKHEAD LINE**. A geographic line along a reach of navigable water that has been adopted by a municipal ordinance and approved by the DNR pursuant to Wis. Stat. § 30.11 and which allows limited filling between this bulkhead line and the original ordinary high water mark except where such filling is prohibited by the floodway provisions of this Ordinance.
- (4413) **CAMPGROUND**. Any parcel of land which is designed, maintained, intended, or used for the purpose of providing sites for nonpermanent overnight use by four (4) or more camping units or which is advertised or represented as a camping area.
- (4214) **CAMPING UNIT**. Any portable device, no more than four hundred (400) square feet in area, used as a temporary shelter, including but not limited to a camping trailer, motor home, bus, van, pick-up truck, tent, or other mobile recreational vehicle.
- (1315) CERTIFICATE OF COMPLIANCE. A certification that the construction and the use of land or a building, the elevation of fill, or the lowest floor of a structure is in compliance with all of the provisions of this Ordinance.

- (4416) **CHANNEL**. A natural or artificial watercourse with definite bed and banks to confine and conduct normal flow of water.
- (4517) CLASS II PUBLIC NOTICE. Publication of a public hearing notice under Wis. Stat. ch. 985 in a newspaper of circulation in the affected area. Publication is required on two (2) consecutive weeks, the last at least seven (7) days prior to the hearing or event noticed.
- (4618) CONDITIONAL USE. A use permitted in a particular zoning district only upon showing that such use in a specified location will comply with all the conditions and standards for the location or operation of such use, as specified in this Ordinance and authorized by the Resources Committee. (Also called "special exception.")
- (4719) CRAWLWAYS or CRAWL SPACE. An enclosed area below the first usable floor of a building, generally less than five feet (5') in height used for limited access to plumbing and electrical utilities.
- (4820) CRITICAL USE FACILITY. A facility used for an activity for which flooding may pose an unacceptable risk. For purposes of this Ordinance, the term "critical use facility" is limited to the following: hazardous waste disposal facilities as defined in Wis. Admin. Code Ch. NR 181.04(26) public water supply or public water treatment facilities, hospitals, group homes for the mentally or physically handicapped or impaired, prisons, nursing homes, and police, fire, and emergency service operations.
- (4921) **DECK**. An unenclosed exterior structure that has no roof or sides but has a permeable floor which allows the infiltration of precipitation.
- (2022) **DEPARTMENT.** The Sheboygan County Planning and Resources—Conservation Department, employing which employs a full-time professional planner, and -his/her duly appointed professional planning and zoning staff, charged with the duties of administering this Ordinance and other planning and zoning legislation, operating under the jurisdiction of the Resources—PRAE Committee of the Sheboygan County Board of Supervisors.
- (2123) **DEVELOPMENT**. Any artificial change to improved or unimproved real estate, including but not limited to the construction of buildings, structures, or accessory structures, the construction of additions or alterations to buildings, structures, or accessory structures; the repair of any damaged structure, or the improvement or renovation of any structure, regardless of percentage of damage or improvement; the placement of buildings or structures; subdivision layout and site preparation; mining, dredging, filling, grading, paving, excavation, or drilling operations; the storage, deposition, or extraction of materials or equipment; and the installation, repair, or removal of public or private sewage disposal systems or water supply facilities.
- (2224) DNR. The Wisconsin Department of Natural Resources.
- (2325) **DRAINAGE SYSTEM**. One (1) or more artificial ditches, tile drains, or similar devices which collect surface runoff or ground water and convey it to a point of discharge.
- (2426) **DRYLAND ACCESS**. A vehicular access route which is above the regional flood elevation and which connects land located in the floodplain to land outside the floodplain, such as a road with its surface above regional flood elevation and wide enough for wheeled rescue and relief vehicles.

- (2527) **ENCROACHMENT**. Any fill, structure, equipment, building, use, or development in the floodway.
- (2628) **EXISTING MANUFACTURED HOME PARK OR SUBDIVISION**. A parcel of land, divided into two (2) or more manufactured home lots for rent or sale on which the construction of facilities for servicing the lots is completed before the effective date of this Ordinance. At a minimum, this would include the installation of utilities, the construction of streets, and either final site grading or the pouring of concrete pads.
- (2729) EXPANSION TO EXISTING MANUFACTURED/MOBILE HOME PARK. The preparation of additional sites by the construction of facilities for servicing the lots on which the manufactured/mobile homes are to be affixed. This includes installation of utilities, construction of streets, and either final site grading or the pouring of concrete pads.
- (2830) FEDERAL EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT AGENCY (FEMA). The federal agency that administers the National Flood Insurance Program. This agency was previously known as the Federal Insurance Administration (FIA) or Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD).
- (29) FIVE-HUNDRED-YEAR (500-YEAR)-FLOOD. A flood which may be expected to occur or be exceeded on a particular lake or waterway once in every five hundred (500) years.
- (30) FIVE HUNDRED-YEAR (500-YEAR) FLOOD PROTECTION ELEVATION. An elevation two (2) feet above the five hundred year (500-year) flood elevation.
- (31) FLOOD or FLOODING. A general and temporary condition of partial or complete inundation of normally dry land areas caused by one of the following conditions:
 - (a) The overflow or rise of inland waters;
 - (b) The rapid accumulation or runoff of surface waters from any source;
 - (c) The inundation caused by waves or currents of water exceeding anticipated cyclical levels along the shore of Lake Michigan; or
 - (d) The sudden increase caused by an unusually high water level in a natural body of water accompanied by a severe storm or by an unanticipated force of nature, such as a seiche, or by some similarly unusual event.
- (32) FLOOD FREQUENCY. The probability of a flood occurrence which is determined from statistical analyses. The frequency of a particular flood event is usually expressed as occurring on the average once in a specified number of years or as a percent chance of occurring in any given year.
- (33) **FLOODFRINGE**. That portion of the floodplain outside of the floodway which is covered by flood waters during the regional flood and associated with standing water rather than flowing water.
- (34) FLOOD HAZARD BOUNDARY MAP. A map designating approximate flood hazard areas. Flood hazard areas are designated as unnumbered A-Zones and do not contain floodway lines or regional flood elevations. This map forms the basis for both the regulatory and insurance aspects of the National Flood Insurance Program (NFIP) until superseded by a Flood Insurance Study and a Flood Insurance Rate Map.

- (35) FLOOD INSURANCE RATE MAP (FIRM). A map of a community on which the Federal Insurance Administration has delineated both special flood hazard areas (the floodplain) and the risk premium zones applicable to the community. This map can only be amended by the Federal Emergency Management Agency.
- (36) FLOOD INSURANCE STUDY (FIS). A technical engineering examination, evaluation, and determination of the local flood hazard areas. It provides maps designating those areas affected by the regional flood and provides both flood insurance rate zones and base flood elevations and may provide floodway lines. The flood hazard areas are designated as numbered and unnumbered A-Zones. Flood Insurance Rate Maps that accompany the Flood Insurance Study form the basis for both the regulatory and the insurance aspects of the National Flood Insurance Program.
- (37) **FLOODPLAIN**. Land which has been or may be covered by flood water during the regional flood. It includes the floodway and the floodfringe and may include other designated floodplain areas for regulatory purposes.
- (38) **FLOODPLAIN ISLAND**. A natural geologic land formation within the floodplain that is surrounded but not covered by floodwater during the regional flood.
- (39) **FLOODPLAIN MANAGEMENT.** Policy and procedures to ensure wise use of floodplains including mapping and engineering, mitigation, education, and administration and enforcement of floodplain regulations.
- (40) FLOOD PROFILE. A graph or a longitudinal profile line showing the relationship of the water surface elevation of a flood event to locations of land surface elevations along a stream or river.
- (41) **FLOODPROOFING**. Any combination of structural provisions, changes or adjustments to properties and structures, water and sanitary facilities, and contents of buildings subject to flooding for the purpose of reducing or eliminating flood damage.
- (42) **FLOOD PROTECTION ELEVATION**. An elevation of two feet (2') of freeboard above the water surface profile elevation designated for the regional flood. (Also see FREEBOARD.)
- (43) **FLOOD STORAGE**. Those floodplain areas where storage of floodwaters has been taken into account during analysis in reducing the regional flood discharge.
- (44) **FLOODWAY**. The channel of a river or stream and those portions of the floodplain adjoining the channel required to carry the regional flood discharge.
- (45) **FREEBOARD**. A safety factor expressed in terms of a specified number of feet above a calculated flood level. Freeboard compensates for any factors that cause flood heights greater than those calculated, including ice jams, debris accumulation, wave action, obstruction of bridge openings and floodways, the effects of watershed urbanization, loss of flood storage areas due to development and aggregation of the river or stream bed.
- (46) **GUESTHOUSE**. An accessory structure comprised only of a bedroom, bathroom, and sitting area but shall not be intended for more than occasional human occupancy.
- (47) HABITABLE STRUCTURE. Any structure or portion thereof used or designed for human habitation.

- (48) **HEARING NOTICE.** Publication or posting meeting the requirements of Wis. Stat. ch. 985. For appeals, a Class 1 notice published once, at least one (1) week [seven (7)] days before the hearing is required. For all zoning ordinances and amendments, a Class 2 notice published twice, once each week consecutively the last of which at least one (1) week [seven (7) days] before the hearing.
- (49) HIGH FLOOD DAMAGE POTENTIAL. Damage that could result from flooding that includes any danger to life or health or any significant economic loss to a structure or building and its contents.
- (50) HISTORIC STRUCTURE. Any structure that is either:
 - (a) listed individually in the National Register of Historic Places or preliminarily determined by the Secretary of the Interior as meeting the requirements for individual listing on the National Register;
 - (b) Certified or preliminary determined by the Secretary of the Interior as contributing to the historical significance of a registered historic district or a district preliminarily determined by the Secretary to qualify as a registered historic district;
 - (c) Individually listed on a state inventory of historic places in states with historic preservation programs which have been approved by the Secretary of the Interior; or
 - (d) Individually listed on a local inventory of historic places in communities with historic preservation programs that have been certified either by an approved state program, as determined by the Secretary of the Interior or by the Secretary of the Interior in states without approved programs.
- (51) INCREASE IN REGIONAL FLOOD HEIGHT. A calculated upward rise in the regional flood elevation equal to or greater than 0.004 foot, based on a comparison of existing conditions and proposed conditions which is directly attributable to development in the floodplain but not attributable to manipulation of mathematical variables such roughness factors, expansion and contraction coefficients, and discharge.
- (52) LAND USE. Any development (see definition of).
- (53) **LEVEE.** A continuous dike or embarkment of earth constructed parallel to a waterway to prevent flooding of certain areas of land.
- (54) LOWEST ADJACENT GRADE. Elevation of the lowest grade surface that touches any of the exterior walls of a building.
- (55) **LOWEST FLOOR**. The lowest floor of the lowest enclosed area (including basement). An unfinished or flood resistant enclosure, usable solely for parking of vehicles, building access or storage in an area other than a basement area is not considered a building's lowest floor; provided that such enclosure is not built so as to render the structure in violation of the applicable non-elevation design requirements of 44 CFR 60.3.
- (56) **MAINTENANCE**. The act or process of restoring to original soundness, including redecorating, refinishing, non-structural repairs, or the replacement of existing fixtures, systems or equipment with equivalent fixtures, systems or structures.

- (5457) MANUFACTURED/MOBILE HOME. A structure transportable in one or more sections which is built on a permanent chassis and is designed to be used with or without a permanent foundation when connected to required utilities. The term "manufactured home" includes a mobile home but does not include a "mobile recreational vehicle."
- (5558) MOBILE RECREATIONAL VEHICLE. A vehicle which is built on a single chassis four hundred (400) square feet or less when measured at the largest horizontal projection, designed to be self-propelled, carried or permanently towable by a licensed light-duty vehicle, is licensed for highway use if registration is required, and is designed primarily not for use as a permanent dwelling but as temporary living quarters for recreational, camping, travel, or seasonal use. Manufactured homes that are towed or carried onto a parcel of land but do not remain capable of being towed or carried including park model homes do not fall within the definition of "mobile recreational vehicles."
- (59) MODEL, CORRECTED EFFECTIVE. A hydraulic engineering model that corrects any errors that occur in the Duplicate Effective Model, adds any additional cross sections to the Duplicate Effective Model, or incorporates more detailed topographic information than that used in the current effective model.
- (60) MODEL, DUPLICATE EFFECTIVE. A copy of the hydraulic analysis used in the effective Flood Insurance Study and referred to as the effective model.
- (61) **MODEL, EFFECTIVE**. The hydraulic engineering model that was used to produce the current effective Flood Insurance Study.
- (62) MODEL, EXISTING (PRE-PROJECT). A modification of the Duplicate Effective Model or Corrected Effective Model to reflect any man-made modifications that have occurred within the floodplain since the date of the effective model but prior to the construction of the project for which the revision is being requested. If no modification has occurred since the date of the effective model, then this model would be identical to the Corrected Effective Model or the Duplicate Effective Model.
- (63) MODEL, REVISED (POST-PROJECT). A modification of the Existing or Pre-Project Conditions Model, Duplicate Effective Model or Corrected Effective Model to reflect revised or post-project conditions.
- (55m64) NAVD or NORTH AMERICAN VERTICAL DATUM. Elevations referenced to mean sea level datum, 1988 adjustment.
- (5665) NGVD or NATIONAL GEODETIC VERTICAL DATUM. Elevations referenced to mean sea level datum, 1929 adjustment.
- (5766) NAVIGABLE WATERS. Lake Michigan, all natural inland lakes within Sheboygan County, Wisconsin, and all streams, ponds, sloughs, flowages, and other waters within the territorial limits of this County.

However, jurisdiction under this Chapter does not apply to lands adjacent to farm drainage ditches if:

- (a) Such lands are not adjacent to a natural navigable stream or river;
- (b) Those parts of such drainage ditches adjacent to such lands were non-navigable streams before ditching or had no previous stream history; and

(c) Such lands are maintained in nonstructural agricultural use.

Wisconsin's Supreme Court has declared navigable bodies of water that have a bed differentiated from adjacent uplands and levels or flow sufficient, on an annually recurring basis, to support navigation by a recreational craft of the shallowest draft [Muench v. Public Service Commission, 261 Wis. 492 (1952) and DeGayner & Co. v. Department of Natural Resources, 70 Wis. 2d. 936 (1975)]. For example, a stream which is navigable by skiff or canoe during normal spring high water is navigable in fact under laws of this State though it may be dry during other seasons.

- (5867) **NEW CONSTRUCTION.** For floodplain management purposes, "new construction" means structures for which the start of construction commenced on or after the effective date of floodplain zoning regulations adopted by this community and includes any subsequent improvements to such structures. For the purposes of determining flood insurance rates, it includes any structures for which the "start of construction" commenced on or after the effective date of an initial FIRM or after December 31, 1974, whichever is later, and includes any subsequent improvements to such structures.
- (5968) NONCONFORMING LOT. A lot, the area, dimensions, or location of which was lawful prior to the adoption, revision, or amendment of this Ordinance, but which fails thereafter to conform to the requirements of the zoning district. (NOTE: A legally granted "variance" pursuant to Section 72.26 of this Code shall not be deemed to create a "nonconforming structure.")
- (6969) NONCONFORMING STRUCTURE. An existing lawful structure or building which is not in conformity with the dimensional or structural requirements of this Ordinance for the area of the floodplain which it occupies. (For example, an existing residential structure in the floodfringe district is a conforming use. However, if the lowest floor is lower than the flood protection elevation, the structure is nonconforming.)
- (6470) NONCONFORMING USE. An existing lawful use or accessory use of a structure or building which is not in conformity with the provisions of this Ordinance for that area of the floodplain which it occupies. (Such as a residence in the floodway.)
- (6271) OBSTRUCTION TO FLOW. Any development which blocks the conveyance of floodwaters such that this development alone or together with any future development will cause an increase in regional flood height.
- (6372) OFFICIAL FLOODPLAIN ZONING MAP. That map adopted and made part of this Ordinance as described in Section 73.05(2) of this Code which has been approved by the DNR and FEMA.
- (6473) OFFICIAL LETTER OF MAP AMENDMENT (LOMA). Official notification from the Federal Emergency Management Agency that a Flood Insurance Study Map or other adopted flood boundary map has been amended and that the property owner may not be exempt from the National Flood Insurance Program requirements.
- (6574) OPEN SPACE USE. Those uses having a relatively low flood damage potential and not involving structure.
- (6675) ORDINARY HIGH WATER MARK. The point on the bank or shore up to which the presence and action of water is so continuous as to leave a distinctive mark by erosion, destruction, or prevention of terrestrial vegetation, predominance of aquatic vegetation, or other easily recognized characteristics.

- (6776) **PERSON**. An individual or group of individuals, corporations, partnership, association, municipality, or state agency.
- (6877) PIER. A structure extending channelward, or more or less perpendicular out from the shore, with water on both sides, built or maintained for the purpose of providing a berth for watercraft or for loading or unloading cargo or passengers onto or from watercraft. (Generally any construction whose dimensions and accessories go beyond what is reasonably necessary to berth watercraft or load or unload cargo or passengers is not authorized as a pier by statute; see Wis. Stat. ch. 30.)
- (7978) PRINCIPAL BUILDING. A building in which the principal authorized use of the lot on which it is located is conducted. (See ACCESSORY BUILDING.)
- (7479) **PRINCIPAL USE**. The primary or predominant use of any lot (e.g. residential, commercial, industrial, conservation, institutional, etc.
- (7280) PRIVATE SEWAGE SYSTEM. A sewage treatment and disposal system serving one structure with a septic tank and soil absorption field located on the same parcel as the structure. It also means an alternative sewage system approved by the Department of Commerce, including a substitute for the septic tank or soil absorption field, a holding tank, a system serving more than one structure or a system located on a different parcel than the structure.
- (7381) **PUBLIC UTILITIES**. Those utilities using underground or overhead transmission lines such as electric, telephone and telegraph, and distribution and collection systems such as water, sanitary sewer and storm sewer.
- (7482) REASONABLY SAFE FROM FLOODING. Means base flood waters will not inundate the land or damage structures to be removed from the special flood hazard area and that any subsurface waters related to the base flood will not damage existing or proposed buildings.
- (7583) **RECREATIONAL VEHICLE**. A vehicular-type portable structure without permanent foundation, which can be towed, hauled, or driven and primarily designed as temporary living accommodation for recreational, camping, and travel use and including but not limited to travel trailers, truck campers, camping trailers, and self-propelled motor homes.
- (7684) **REGIONAL FLOOD.** A flood determined to be representative of large floods known to have occurred in Wisconsin. A regional flood is a flood with a one percent (1%) chance of being equaled or exceeded in any given year and if depicted on the FIRM, the RFE is equivalent to the BFE.
- (7785) SHORELAND DISTRICT. Lands within the following distances from the ordinary high water mark (OHWM) of navigable waters: One thousand feet (1,000') from a lake, pond, or flowage, or where approved, to the outer perimeter of contiguous mapped wetlands, whichever distance is greater; and three hundred feet (300') from a river or stream, or to the landward side of the floodplain, or where approved, to the outer perimeter of contiguous mapped wetlands, whichever distance is greater.
- (7886) **SIGN** Any device, display, or structure which is used to inform, advertise, identify, display, or direct attention to an object, person, institution, organization, business, product, service, event, or location by means of words, letters, figures, design, symbols, fixtures, colors, illumination, or projected images.

- (7987) START OF CONSTRUCTION. The date the building permit was issued provided the actual start of construction, repair, reconstruction, rehabilitation, addition, placement, or other improvement was within one hundred eighty (180) days of the permit date. The actual start means either the first placement of permanent construction on a site such as the pouring of slab or footings, the installation of piles, the construction of columns, or any work beyond initial excavation, or the placement of a manufactured home on a foundation. Permanent construction does not include land preparation such as clearing, grading and filling, nor does it include the installation of streets and/or walkways, nor does it include excavation for a basement, footings, piers, or foundations or the erection of temporary forms, nor does it include the installation on the property of accessory buildings, such as garages or sheds not occupied as dwelling units or not part of the main structure. For an alteration, the actual start of construction means the first alteration of any wall, ceiling, floor, or other structural part of a building whether or not that alteration affects the external dimensions of the building.
- (8088) STORAGE CAPACITY OF A FLOODPLAIN. The volume of space above an area of floodplain land that can be occupied by flood water of a given stage at a given time regardless of whether the water is moving.
- (8189) STRUCTURE. Anything-constructed, erected, or relocated from another premises that is permanently or temporarily attached to or resting on or in either the ground, stream, lake bed, or another structure. "Structures" shall include, but not be limited to, buildings (regardless of size or use); mobile homes and manufactured homes and dwellings; paties, stairways, walkways, parking lots, bridges, decks, and gazebos; swimming pools, hot tubs/spas, and playground apparatus; above ground or underground storage tanks (excluding on-site private sewage disposal systems); and signs, masts, towers, and satellite dishes [greater than one (1)-meter in diameter]. Such small, movable structures as birdhouses, bird feeders, planter boxes, picnic tables, lawn furniture, portable grills, and flagpoles shall be exempt from setback requirements. Any man-made object with form, shape, and utility, either permanently or temporarily attached to, placed upon or set into the ground, stream bed or lake bed, including, but not limited to, roofed and walled buildings, gas or liquid storage tanks, bridges, dams, and culverts.
- (8290) SUBDIVISION. Has the meaning given in Wis. Stat. § 236.02(12).
- (8391) SUBSTANTIAL DAMAGE. Damage of any origin sustained by a structure whereby the cost of restoring the structure to its pre-damaged condition would equal or exceed fifty percent (50%) of the equalized assessed value of the structure before the damage occurred.
- (8492) SUBSTANTIAL IMPROVEMENT. Any repair, reconstruction, or improvement of a structure, the cost of which equals or exceeds fifty percent (50%) of the present equalized assessed value of the structure either before the improvement or repair is started or, if the structure has been damaged and is being restored, before the damage occurred. The term does not, however, include either:
 - (a) Any project for improvement of a structure to comply with existing state or local health, sanitary, or safety code specifications which are solely necessary to assure safe living conditions; or
 - (b) Any alteration of a structure or site documented as deserving preservation by the Wisconsin State Historical Society or listed on the National Register of Historic Places.

Ordinary maintenance repairs are not considered structural repairs or alterations. Such ordinary maintenance repairs include internal and external painting, decorating, paneling, and the replacement of doors, windows, and other nonstructural components. For purposes of this definition, "substantial improvement" is considered to occur when the first alteration of any wall, ceiling, floor, or other structural part of the building commences, whether or not that alteration affects the external dimensions of the structure.

- (8593) UNNECESSARY HARDSHIP. That circumstance where uniquely and extremely special conditions which were not self-created and which are not solely related to economic loss or gain so affect a particular property that no reasonable use can be made of it and that make strict conformity with restrictions governing area, setbacks, frontage, height, or density unnecessarily burdensome or unreasonable in light of the purposes of this Ordinance.
- (8694) **UTILITIES**. Any public or private facilities, such as water wells, water and sewage pumping stations, waste water collection and/or treatment/disposal systems, and any facilities owned or operated by a public utility as defined by Wis. Stat. § 196.01.
- (8795) **VARIANCE**. An authorization by the Board of Adjustments or appeals for the construction or maintenance of a building or structure in a manner which is inconsistent with dimensional standards (not uses) contained in the Floodplain Zoning Ordinance.
- (8896) VIOLATION. The failure of a structure or other development to be fully compliant with the Floodplain Zoning Ordinance. A structure or other development without required permits, lowest floor elevation documentation, floodproofing certificates, or required floodway encroachment calculations is presumed to be in violation until such time as that documentation is provided.
- (8997) **WATERSHED**. The entire region contributing runoff or surface water to a watercourse or body of water.
- (98) WATER SURFACE PROFILE. A graphical representation showing the elevation of the water surface of a watercourse for each position along a reach of a river stream at a certain flood flow. A water surface profile of the regional flood is used in regulating floodplain areas.
- (9099) **WELL**. Means an excavation opening in the ground made by digging, boring, drilling, driving, or other methods to obtain groundwater regardless of its intended use.
- (94100) WETLANDS. Those areas where water is at, near, or above the land surface long enough to be capable of supporting aquatic or hydrophytic vegetation and which have soils indicative of wet conditions.
- (92101) WHARF. A structure extending along, and more or less parallel to, the shore and generally connected with the uplands throughout its length, built or maintained for the purpose of providing a berth for watercraft or for loading or unloading cargo or passengers onto or from watercraft. (Generally any construction whose dimensions or accessories go beyond what is reasonably necessary to berth watercraft or load or unload cargo or passengers is not authorized as a wharf by statute; see Wis. Stat. ch 30.)
- (93102) WISCONSIN ADMINISTRATIVE CODE. The rules of administrative agencies having rule-making authority in Wisconsin published in a loose-leaf, continual revision system as

2211		and Wis. Stat. ch. 227 including subsequent amendments
2212	to those rules.	
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2215	Section 2. Effective D	ate. The herein Ordinance shall take effect upon
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2219	Respectfully submitted this 24th da	v of October, 2017
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		AND EXTENSION COMMITTEE*
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FISCAL NOTE October 2017

Ordinance No. 07 (2017/18)	RE:	Amending Provision	of the	Floodplain	Zoning
		Ordinance			

Funding:

No additional funding is required.

Respectfully Submitted,

Wendy A. Charnon, Finance Director

October 20, 2017

SHEBOYGAN COUNTY ORDINANCE NO. Ob (2017/18)

Re: Repealing Prohibition on Feeding Deer

WHEREAS, on October 21, 2003, in an effort to diminish the spread of chronic wasting disease (CWD) in the deer population, the Sheboygan County Board enacted what is now Section 38.30 of the County Code which prohibits the feeding of deer, and

WHEREAS, shortly thereafter, on April 13, 2004, the Wisconsin Legislation enacted what is now Wis. Stat. § 29.336 which designated a system of established CWD zones, which were counties where CWD cases were confirmed or counties adjacent to counties where CWD cases were confirmed and which prohibited deer feeding within those CWD-zone counties, and

WHEREAS, deer feeding was prohibited in Sheboygan County as a consequence of Wis. Stat. § 29.336 because Sheboygan County was a county adjacent to a county where a confirmed case was found, and

WHEREAS, with the enactment of Wis. Stat. § 29.336 and the designation of Sheboygan County as a CWD-zone county, Sheboygan County's Ordinance prohibiting deer feeding became a moot point because deer feeding in Sheboygan County was prohibited under State law, and

WHEREAS, on August 2, 2017, the Wisconsin Legislation amended Wis. Stat § 29.336 by providing that the prohibition on deer feeding in counties adjacent to confirmed CWD-case counties would only continue if the confirmed case was less than 24 months old, and

WHEREAS, because the confirmed case in the adjacent county apparently is more than 24 months old, the stated prohibition on deer feeding is now removed, although the County Ordinance prohibition continues, and

WHEREAS, the existence of the County Ordinance in apparent conflict with State requirements causes confusion to the public and is no longer needed;

NOW, THEREFORE, the County Board of Supervisors of the County of Sheboygan does ordain as follows:

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41 42 43	Section 1. Repealing Section County Code of Ordinances is hereby repe	<u>1_38.30</u> . Sealed.	Section	38.30 of	the S	heboygan
44 45 46	Section 2. <u>Effective Date</u> . T upon enactment and publication.	he herein	Ordinan	ce shall	become	effective
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FISCAL NOTE October 2017

oramandrio of fortillo, ten responding troubition on totaling not	Ordinance No. 06	(2017/18)	RE:	Repealing	Prohibition	on Feeding	Deer
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Funding:

No additional funding is required.

Respectfully Submitted,

Wendy A. Chamon, Finance Director

October 20, 2017

SHEBOYGAN COUNTY RESOLUTION NO. 16 (2017/18)

Re: **Approving Borrowing in Excess of Budget Control Policy**

WHEREAS, the Finance Committee is presenting a 2018 County budget that contemplates new capital project expenditures in the amount of \$14,114,053 to be financed through the issuance of general obligation bonds pursuant to Wis. Stat. § 67.05, and

1 2 3

> WHEREAS, under the proposed 5-Year Capital Plan, the Finance Committee expects that in 2018 there will need to be capital project expenditures in the amount of \$7,180,000 to be financed through the issuance of general obligation bonds, and

> WHEREAS, by the enactment of Section 5.07(b) of the County Code, the County Board expressed a policy whereby the County would not adopt any new County budget which provided for borrowing in excess of \$5.5 Million per year or \$11 Million for a two-year period for capital projects through the issuance of general obligation bonds pursuant to Wis. Stat. § 67.05 unless the County Board, by 2/3 vote, adopted a separate Resolution approving the excess borrowing, and

> WHEREAS, under ordinary circumstances, the 2018 County budget would provide for up to \$5.5 Million in borrowing, and

WHEREAS, the construction of the County's new Transportation Department Complex as anticipated in the County's Five-year Capital Plan process with completion in the 2018 budget year has required the County to exceed borrowing in excess of the policy in 2017 as authorized by the adoption of Resolution No. 27 (2016/17) and will require the Board to adopt this similar Resolution for 2018, and

WHEREAS, the excess borrowing beyond \$5.5 Million as provided for in this budget particularly appropriate at this time in that the County Board is able to take advantage of and lock in the historically low interest rates that are currently available, and

WHEREAS, given the historically low interest rates as currently available, the future expense of servicing this additional borrowing is not significantly greater than the expense of servicing \$5.5 Million per year in borrowing at the interest rates in place in 2001 when the Board initially enacted Section 5.07 of the County Code.

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED that the Board acknowledges that the capital borrowing contained in the proposed 2018 budget exceeds the Section 5.07 expenditure limit of

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45 46 47	\$5.5 Million per year or \$11 Million for two (2) years, but believes that such borrowing is in the best interest of the County, and authorizes its inclusion in the 2018 budget.
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49	Respectfully submitted this 7th day of November, 2017.
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51	FINANCE COMMITTEE
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54 55	Gregory Weggeman, Chairnerson
56	Gregory Weggeman, Chairperson
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58	George Marthenze, Vice-Chairperson
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61	Mark S. Winkel, Secretary
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64	William C. Goehring
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70	Opposed to Introduction:
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SHEBOYGAN COUNTY RESOLUTION NO. 18 (2017/18) 1 2 3 Re: Levying and Apportioning the Tax 4 5 6 WHEREAS, each year, the County Board of Supervisors is required to determine the 7 amount of taxes to be levied in Sheboygan County against all taxable property for the year, and 8 9 WHEREAS, this year there are four (4) components of the tax amount that must be 10 included, and 11 12 WHEREAS, the first component is the State Special Charge pursuant to Wis. Stat. 13 §§ 51.20(18) and 70.60 to reimburse other counties for expenses related to mental 14 commitments of Sheboygan County residents in their counties charged against all taxable 15 properties in Sheboygan County in the amount of \$724.05 (Equalized Rate: .000000081), and 16 17 WHEREAS, the second component is the County Aid to Bridges required by Wis. Stat. 18 § 82.08 and approved by the County Board by Resolution No. 12 (2017/18) charged against all taxable property in the townships in Sheboygan County in the amount of \$375,061.00 19 20 (Equalized Rate – Town only – .000102994), and 21 22 WHEREAS, the third component is the Sheboygan County portion of the Monarch 23 Library System approved for the budget and an apportionment adjustment for the Monarch 24 Library System and required by Wis. Stat. § 43.64 to be charged against all taxable property in 25 all townships except the Towns of Scott and Sherman and all villages except the Villages of 26 Adell, Cedar Grove, Elkhart Lake, Kohler, Oostburg, and Random Lake in the amount of 27 \$1,264,750.00 (Equalized Rate: .000342837, applied to non-excluded Towns and Villages only), 28 and 29 30 WHEREAS, the forth and largest component is the general County property tax pursuant 31 to Wis. Stat. § 70.62 to finance the County government budget, and 32 33 WHEREAS, the Sheboygan County Board, after public hearing, study, and revision has 34 finalized and adopted the 2018 budget on this 7th day of November, 2017, which requires a levy 35 of \$46,881,341.00 against all taxable property in the County of Sheboygan (Equalized Rate: .005267967); 36 37 38 NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED, that there be and hereby is levied on all 39 taxable property in the County of Sheboygan the following taxes: 40 41 State Special Charges 42 Wis. Stat. § 51.20(18) (Equalized Rate: .000000081) \$724.05 43 44 **General County Taxes** \$46,881,341.00 Wis. Stat. § 70.62, (Equalized County Rate: .005267967) 45

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that the sum of \$1,264,750.00, which is the amount approved for the budget of the Monarch Library System, pursuant to Wis. Stat. § 43.64, be and hereby is levied against all taxable property in the townships, excluding the Towns of Scott and Sherman, and all villages, excluding the Villages of Adell, Cedar Grove, Elkhart Lake, Kohler, Oostburg, and Random Lake.

(Equalized Rate: .000342837)

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that the sum of \$375,061.00 County Aid to Bridges as approved by Resolution No. 25 (2016/17) be and hereby is levied against all taxable property in the townships in Sheboygan County.

(Equalized Rate: .000102994)

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that the County Clerk and the County Finance Director shall, pursuant to Wis. Stat. § 70.63 determine and apportion within eight (8) days of this date, the tax levy set forth for the respective municipalities, according and in proportion to the valuations for the towns, villages, and cities as submitted by the Wisconsin Department of Revenue.

Respectfully submitted this 7th day of November, 2017.

FINANCE COMMITTEE

Greg S. Weggeman, Chairperson	George J. Marthenze, Vice-Chairperson	
Mark S. Winkel, Secretary	William C. Goehring	
	Roger L. Te Stroete	
Opposed to Introduction:		

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November 1, 2017, draft

SHEBOYGAN COUNTY

RE: Authorizing the Issuance and Sale of \$7,180,000 General Obligation Promissory Notes

WHEREAS the County Board of Supervisors hereby finds and determines that it is necessary, desirable and in the best interest of Sheboygan County, Wisconsin (the "County") to raise funds for the public purpose of paying the cost of capital projects included in the County's 2018 capital projects budget, including County building improvements, construction of the Transportation Complex, recreation and conservation projects, airport improvements and other capital projects and equipment (the "Project"), and there are insufficient funds on hand to pay said cost;

WHEREAS the County Board of Supervisors hereby finds and determines that the Project is within the County's power to undertake and therefore serves a "public purpose" as that term is defined in Section 67.04(1)(b), Wisconsin Statutes;

WHEREAS counties are authorized by the provisions of Section 67.12(12), Wisconsin Statutes, to borrow money and issue general obligation promissory notes for such public purpose;

WHEREAS, the County may issue general obligation promissory notes only if one or more of the conditions specified in Section 67.045, Wis. Stats., apply;

WHEREAS, general obligation promissory notes may be issued under Section 67.045, Wis. Stats., if the County Board of Supervisors adopts a resolution to issue the debt by a vote of at least three-fourths of its members-elect; and

WHEREAS it is the finding of the County Board of Supervisors that it is necessary, desirable and in the best interest of the County to sell its general obligation promissory notes (the "Notes") to Robert W. Baird & Co. Incorporated (the "Purchaser"), pursuant to the terms and conditions of its note purchase proposal attached hereto as Exhibit A and incorporated herein by this reference (the "Proposal").

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED by the County Board of Supervisors of Sheboygan County that:

Section 1. Authorization and Sale of the Notes. For the purpose of paying the cost of the Project, there shall be borrowed pursuant to Section 67.12(12), Wisconsin Statutes, the principal sum of SEVEN MILLION ONE HUNDRED EIGHTY THOUSAND DOLLARS (\$7,180,000) from the Purchaser in accordance with the terms and conditions of the Proposal. The Proposal is hereby accepted, and the Chairperson and County Clerk or other appropriate officers of the County are authorized and directed to execute an acceptance of the Proposal on behalf of the County. To evidence the obligation of the County, the Chairperson and County Clerk are hereby authorized, empowered and directed to make, execute, issue and sell to the Purchaser for, on behalf of and in the name of the County, the Notes aggregating the principal amount of SEVEN MILLION ONE HUNDRED EIGHTY THOUSAND DOLLARS (\$7,180,000) for the sum set forth on the Proposal, plus accrued interest to the date of delivery.

Section 2. Terms of the Notes. The Notes shall be designated "General Obligation Promissory Notes"; shall be issued in the aggregate principal amount of \$7,180,000; shall be dated January 10, 2018; shall be in the denomination of \$5,000 or any integral multiple thereof; shall be numbered R-1 and upward; and shall bear interest at the rates per annum and mature on May 1 of each year, in the years and principal amounts as set forth on the Pricing Summary attached hereto as Exhibit B-1 and incorporated herein by this reference. Interest is payable semi-annually on

May 1 and November 1 of each year commencing on May 1, 2018. Interest shall be computed upon the basis of a 360-day year of twelve 30-day months and will be rounded pursuant to the rules of the Municipal Securities Rulemaking Board. The schedule of principal and interest payments due on the Notes is set forth on the Debt Service Schedule attached hereto as Exhibit B-2 and incorporated herein by this reference (the "Schedule").

Section 3. Redemption Provisions. The Notes maturing on May 1, 2026 and thereafter shall be subject to redemption prior to maturity, at the option of the County, on May 1, 2025 or on any date thereafter. Said Notes shall be redeemable as a whole or in part, and if in part, from maturities selected by the County and within each maturity, by lot, at the principal amount thereof, plus accrued interest to the date of redemption. If the Proposal specifies that any of the Notes are subject to mandatory redemption, the terms of such mandatory redemption are set forth on an attachment hereto as Exhibit MRP and incorporated herein by this reference. Upon the optional redemption of any of the Notes subject to mandatory redemption, the principal amount of such Notes so redeemed shall be credited against the mandatory redemption payments established in Exhibit MRP for such Notes in such manner as the County shall direct.

<u>Section 4. Form of the Notes</u>. The Notes shall be issued in registered form and shall be executed and delivered in substantially the form attached hereto as <u>Exhibit C</u> and incorporated herein by this reference.

Section 5. Tax Provisions.

(A) Direct Annual Irrepealable Tax Levy. For the purpose of paying the principal of and interest on the Notes as the same becomes due, the full faith, credit and resources of the County are hereby irrevocably pledged, and there is hereby levied upon all of the taxable property of the County a direct annual irrepealable tax in the years 2018 through 2026 for the payments due in the years 2018 through 2027 in the amounts set forth on the Schedule. The amount of tax levied in the year 2018 shall be the total amount of debt service due on the Notes in the years 2018 and 2019; provided that the amount of such tax carried onto the tax rolls shall be abated by any amounts appropriated pursuant to subsection (D) below which are applied to payment of principal of or interest on the Notes in the year 2018.

(B) Tax Collection. So long as any part of the principal of or interest on the Notes remains unpaid, the County shall be and continue without power to repeal such levy or obstruct the collection of said tax until all such payments have been made or provided for. After the issuance of the Notes, said tax shall be, from year to year, carried onto the tax roll of the County and collected in addition to all other taxes and in the same manner and at the same time as other taxes of the County for said years are collected, except that the amount of tax carried onto the tax roll may be reduced in any year by the amount of any surplus money in the Debt Service Fund Account created below.

(C) Additional Funds. If at any time there shall be on hand insufficient funds from the aforesaid tax levy to meet principal and/or interest payments on said Notes when due, the requisite amounts shall be paid from other funds of the County then available, which sums shall be replaced upon the collection of the taxes herein levied.

(<u>D</u>) Appropriation. The County hereby appropriates from proceeds of the Notes or other funds of the County on hand a sum sufficient to be irrevocably deposited in the segregated Debt Service Fund Account created below and used to pay the interest on the Notes coming due on May 1, 2018 and November 1, 2018 as set forth on the Schedule.

Section 6. Segregated Debt Service Fund Account.

(A) Creation and Deposits. There be and there hereby is established in the treasury of the County, if one has not already been created, a debt service fund, separate and distinct from every other fund, which shall be maintained in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. Debt service or sinking funds established for obligations previously issued by the County may be considered as separate and distinct accounts within the debt service fund.

Within the debt service fund, there hereby is established a separate and distinct account designated as the "Debt Service Fund Account for \$7,180,000 General Obligation Promissory Notes, dated January 10, 2018" (the "Debt Service Fund Account") and such account shall be maintained until the indebtedness evidenced by the Notes is fully paid or otherwise extinguished. The County Treasurer shall deposit in the Debt Service Fund Account (i) all accrued interest received by the County at the time of delivery of and payment for the Notes; (ii) any premium which may be received by the County above the par value of the Notes and accrued interest thereon; (iii) all money raised by the taxes herein levied and any amounts appropriated for the specific purpose of meeting principal of and interest on the Notes when due; (iv) such other sums as may be necessary at any time to pay principal of and interest on the Notes when due; (v) surplus monies in the Borrowed Money Fund as specified below; and (vi) such further deposits as may be required by Section 67.11, Wisconsin Statutes.

(B) Use and Investment. No money shall be withdrawn from the Debt Service Fund Account and appropriated for any purpose other than the payment of principal of and interest on the Notes until all such principal and interest has been paid in full and the Notes canceled; provided (i) the funds to provide for each payment of principal of and interest on the Notes prior to the scheduled receipt of taxes from the next succeeding tax collection may be invested in direct obligations of the United States of America maturing in time to make such payments when they are due or in other investments permitted by law; and (ii) any funds over and above the amount of such principal and interest payments on the Notes may be used to reduce the next succeeding tax levy, or may, at the option of the County, be invested by purchasing the Notes as permitted by and subject to Section 67.11(2)(a), Wisconsin Statutes, or in permitted municipal investments under the pertinent provisions of the Wisconsin Statutes ("Permitted Investments"), which investments shall continue to be a part of the Debt Service Fund Account. Any investment of the Debt Service Fund Account shall at all times conform with the provisions of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code") and any applicable Treasury Regulations (the "Regulations").

(C) Remaining Monies. When all of the Notes have been paid in full and canceled, and all Permitted Investments disposed of, any money remaining in the Debt Service Fund Account shall be transferred and deposited in the general fund of the County, unless the County Board of Supervisors directs otherwise.

Section 7. Proceeds of the Notes; Segregated Borrowed Money Fund. The proceeds of the Notes (the "Note Proceeds") (other than any premium and accrued interest which must be paid at the time of the delivery of the Notes into the Debt Service Fund Account created above) shall be deposited into a special fund separate and distinct from all other funds of the County and disbursed solely for the purpose for which borrowed or for the payment of the principal of and the interest on the Notes. In no event shall monies in the Borrowed Money Fund be used to fund operating expenses of the general fund of the County or of any special revenue fund of the County that is supported by property taxes. Monies in the Borrowed Money Fund may be temporarily invested in Permitted Investments. Any monies, including any income from Permitted Investments, remaining in the Borrowed Money Fund after the purpose for which the Notes have been issued has been accomplished, and, at any time, any monies as are not needed and which obviously

thereafter cannot be needed for such purpose shall be deposited in the Debt Service Fund Account.

Section 8. No Arbitrage. All investments made pursuant to this Resolution shall be Permitted Investments, but no such investment shall be made in such a manner as would cause the Notes to be "arbitrage bonds" within the meaning of Section 148 of the Code or the Regulations and an officer of the County, charged with the responsibility for issuing the Notes, shall certify as to facts, estimates, circumstances and reasonable expectations in existence on the date of delivery of the Notes to the Purchaser which will permit the conclusion that the Notes are not "arbitrage bonds," within the meaning of the Code or Regulations.

Section 9. Compliance with Federal Tax Laws. (a) The County represents and covenants that the projects financed by the Notes and the ownership, management and use of the projects will not cause the Notes to be "private activity bonds" within the meaning of Section 141 of the Code. The County further covenants that it shall comply with the provisions of the Code to the extent necessary to maintain the tax-exempt status of the interest on the Notes including, if applicable, the rebate requirements of Section 148(f) of the Code. The County further covenants that it will not take any action, omit to take any action or permit the taking or omission of any action within its control (including, without limitation, making or permitting any use of the proceeds of the Notes) if taking, permitting or omitting to take such action would cause any of the Notes to be an arbitrage bond or a private activity bond within the meaning of the Code or would otherwise cause interest on the Notes to be included in the gross income of the recipients thereof for federal income tax purposes. The County Clerk or other officer of the County charged with the responsibility of issuing the Notes shall provide an appropriate certificate of the County certifying that the County can and covenanting that it will comply with the provisions of the Code and Regulations.

(b) The County also covenants to use its best efforts to meet the requirements and restrictions of any different or additional federal legislation which may be made applicable to the Notes provided that in meeting such requirements the County will do so only to the extent consistent with the proceedings authorizing the Notes and the laws of the State of Wisconsin and to the extent that there is a reasonable period of time in which to comply.

Section 10. Designation as Qualified Tax-Exempt Obligations. The Notes are hereby designated as "qualified tax-exempt obligations" for purposes of Section 265 of the Code, relating to the ability of financial institutions to deduct from income for federal income tax purposes, interest expense that is allocable to carrying and acquiring tax-exempt obligations.

Section 11. Execution of the Notes; Closing; Professional Services. The Notes shall be issued in printed form, executed on behalf of the County by the manual or facsimile signatures of the Chairperson and County Clerk, authenticated, if required, by the Fiscal Agent (defined below), sealed with its official or corporate seal, if any, or a facsimile thereof, and delivered to the Purchaser upon payment to the County of the purchase price thereof, plus accrued interest to the date of delivery (the "Closing"). The facsimile signature of either of the officers executing the Notes may be imprinted on the Notes in lieu of the manual signature of the officer but, unless the County has contracted with a fiscal agent to authenticate the Notes, at least one of the signatures appearing on each Note shall be a manual signature. In the event that either of the officers whose signatures appear on the Notes shall cease to be such officers before the Closing, such signatures shall, nevertheless, be valid and sufficient for all purposes to the same extent as if they had remained in office until the Closing. The aforesaid officers are hereby authorized and directed to do all acts and execute and deliver the Notes and all such documents, certificates and acknowledgements as may be necessary and convenient to effectuate the Closing. The County hereby authorizes the officers and agents of the County to

enter into, on its behalf, agreements and contracts in conjunction with the Notes, including but not limited to agreements and contracts for legal, trust, fiscal agency, disclosure and continuing disclosure, and rebate calculation services. Any such contract heretofore entered into in conjunction with the issuance of the Notes is hereby ratified and approved in all respects.

<u>Section 12. Payment of the Notes; Fiscal Agent</u>. The principal of and interest on the Notes shall be paid by the County Clerk or County Treasurer (the "Fiscal Agent").

Section 13. Persons Treated as Owners; Transfer of Notes. The County shall cause books for the registration and for the transfer of the Notes to be kept by the Fiscal Agent. The person in whose name any Note shall be registered shall be deemed and regarded as the absolute owner thereof for all purposes and payment of either principal or interest on any Note shall be made only to the registered owner thereof. All such payments shall be valid and effectual to satisfy and discharge the liability upon such Note to the extent of the sum or sums so paid.

Any Note may be transferred by the registered owner thereof by surrender of the Note at the office of the Fiscal Agent, duly endorsed for the transfer or accompanied by an assignment duly executed by the registered owner or his attorney duly authorized in writing. Upon such transfer, the Chairperson and County Clerk shall execute and deliver in the name of the transferee or transferees a new Note or Notes of a like aggregate principal amount, series and maturity and the Fiscal Agent shall record the name of each transferee in the registration book. No registration shall be made to bearer. The Fiscal Agent shall cancel any Note surrendered for transfer.

The County shall cooperate in any such transfer, and the Chairperson and County Clerk are authorized to execute any new Note or Notes necessary to effect any such transfer.

Section 14. Record Date. The fifteenth day of each calendar month next preceding each interest payment date shall be the record date for the Notes (the "Record Date"). Payment of interest on the Notes on any interest payment date shall be made to the registered owners of the Notes as they appear on the registration book of the County at the close of business on the Record Date.

Section 15. Utilization of The Depository Trust Company Book-Entry-Only System. In order to make the Notes eligible for the services provided by The Depository Trust Company, New York, New York ("DTC"), the County agrees to the applicable provisions set forth in the Blanket Issuer Letter of Representations previously executed on behalf of the County and on file in the County Clerk's office.

Section 16. Official Statement. The County Board of Supervisors hereby approves the Preliminary Official Statement with respect to the Notes and deems the Preliminary Official Statement as "final" as of its date for purposes of SEC Rule 15c2-12 promulgated by the Securities and Exchange Commission pursuant to the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934 (the "Rule"). All actions taken by officers of the County in connection with the preparation of such Preliminary Official Statement and any addenda to it or Final Official Statement are hereby ratified and approved. In connection with the Closing, the appropriate County official shall certify the Preliminary Official Statement and any addenda or Final Official Statement. The County Clerk shall cause copies of the Preliminary Official Statement and any addenda or Final Official Statement to be distributed to the Purchaser.

<u>Section 17. Undertaking to Provide Continuing Disclosure</u>. The County hereby covenants and agrees, for the benefit of the owners of the Notes, to enter into a written undertaking (the "Undertaking") if required by the Rule to provide continuing disclosure of

certain financial information and operating data and timely notices of the occurrence of certain events in accordance with the Rule. The Undertaking shall be enforceable by the owners of the Notes or by the Purchaser on behalf of such owners (provided that the rights of the owners and the Purchaser to enforce the Undertaking shall be limited to a right to obtain specific performance of the obligations thereunder and any failure by the County to comply with the provisions of the Undertaking shall not be an event of default with respect to the Notes).

To the extent required under the Rule, the Chairperson and County Clerk, or other officer of the County charged with the responsibility for issuing the Notes, shall provide a Continuing Disclosure Certificate for inclusion in the transcript of proceedings, setting forth the details and terms of the County's Undertaking.

Section 18. Record Book. The County Clerk shall provide and keep the transcript of proceedings as a separate record book (the "Record Book") and shall record a full and correct statement of every step or proceeding had or taken in the course of authorizing and issuing the Notes in the Record Book.

Section 19. Bond Insurance. If the Purchaser determines to obtain municipal bond insurance with respect to the Notes, the officers of the County are authorized to take all actions necessary to obtain such municipal bond insurance. The Chairperson and County Clerk are authorized to agree to such additional provisions as the bond insurer may reasonably request and which are acceptable to the Chairperson and County Clerk including provisions regarding restrictions on investment of Note proceeds, the payment procedure under the municipal bond insurance policy, the rights of the bond insurer in the event of default and payment of the Notes by the bond insurer and notices to be given to the bond insurer. In addition, any reference required by the bond insurer to the municipal bond insurance policy shall be made in the form of Note provided herein.

Section 20. Conflicting Resolutions; Severability; Effective Date. All prior resolutions, rules or other actions of the County Board of Supervisors or any parts thereof in conflict with the provisions hereof shall be, and the same are, hereby rescinded insofar as the same may so conflict. In the event that any one or more provisions hereof shall for any reason be held to be illegal or invalid, such illegality or invalidity shall not affect any other provisions hereof. The foregoing shall take effect immediately upon adoption and approval in the manner provided by law.

Respectfully submitted this 7th day of November, 2017.

FINANCE COMMITTEE

Greg Weggeman, Chairperson
George Marthenze, Vice-Chairperson
Mark S. Winkel, Secretary
William C. Goehring
Roger Te Stroete

EXHIBIT A

Note Purchase Proposal

To be provided by Robert W. Baird & Co. Incorporated and incorporated into the Resolution.

(See Attached)

EXHIBIT B-1

Pricing Summary

To be provided by Robert W. Baird & Co. Incorporated and incorporated into the Resolution.

(See Attached)

EXHIBIT B-2

Debt Service Schedule and Irrepealable Tax Levies

To be provided by Robert W. Baird & Co. Incorporated and incorporated into the Resolution.

(See Attached)

EXHIBIT C

(Form of Note)

REGISTERED	UNITED STATES OF AMER STATE OF WISCONSIN SHEBOYGAN COUNTY	I	DOLLARS		
NO. R	GENERAL OBLIGATION PROMISS		\$		
MATURITY DATE:	ORIGINAL DATE OF ISSUE:	INTEREST RATE:	CUSIP:		
May 1,	January 10, 2018	%			
DEPOSITORY OR ITS NOMINEE NAME: CEDE & CO.					
PRINCIPAL AMOUNT:		HOUSAND DOLLARS			

FOR VALUE RECEIVED, Sheboygan County, Wisconsin (the "County"), hereby acknowledges itself to owe and promises to pay to the Depository or its Nominee Name (the "Depository") identified above (or to registered assigns), on the maturity date identified above, the principal amount identified above, and to pay interest thereon at the rate of interest per annum identified above, all subject to the provisions set forth herein regarding redemption prior to maturity. Interest is payable semi-annually on May 1 and November 1 of each year commencing on May 1, 2018 until the aforesaid principal amount is paid in full. Both the principal of and interest on this Note are payable to the registered owner in lawful money of the United States. Interest payable on any interest payment date shall be paid by wire transfer to the Depository in whose name this Note is registered on the Bond Register maintained by the County Clerk or County Treasurer (the "Fiscal Agent") or any successor thereto at the close of business on the 15th day of the calendar month next preceding the semi-annual interest payment date (the "Record Date"). This Note is payable as to principal upon presentation and surrender hereof at the office of the Fiscal Agent.

For the prompt payment of this Note together with interest hereon as aforesaid and for the levy of taxes sufficient for that purpose, the full faith, credit and resources of the County are hereby irrevocably pledged.

This Note is one of an issue of Notes aggregating the principal amount of \$7,180,000, all of which are of like tenor, except as to denomination, interest rate, maturity date and redemption provision, issued by the County pursuant to the provisions of Section 67.12(12), Wisconsin Statutes, for the public purpose of paying the cost of capital projects included in the County's 2018 capital projects budget, including County building improvements, construction of the Transportation Complex, recreation and conservation projects, airport improvements and other capital projects and equipment, all as authorized by a resolution of the County Board of Supervisors duly adopted by said governing body at a meeting held on December 19, 2017. Said resolution is recorded in the official minutes of the County Board of Supervisors for said date.

The Notes maturing on May 1, 2026 and thereafter are subject to redemption prior to maturity, at the option of the County, on May 1, 2025 or on any date thereafter. Said Notes are redeemable as a whole or in part, and if in part, from maturities selected by the County and within each maturity, by lot (as selected by the Depository), at the principal amount thereof, plus accrued interest to the date of redemption.

In the event the Notes are redeemed prior to maturity, as long as the Notes are in book-entry-only form, official notice of the redemption will be given by mailing a notice by registered or certified mail, overnight express delivery, facsimile transmission, electronic transmission or in any other manner required by the Depository, to the Depository not less than thirty (30) days nor more than sixty (60) days prior to the redemption date. If less than all of the Notes of a maturity are to be called for redemption, the Notes of such maturity to be redeemed will be selected by lot. Such notice will include but not be limited to the following: the designation, date and maturities of the Notes called for redemption, CUSIP numbers, and the date of redemption. Any notice provided as described herein shall be conclusively presumed to have been duly given, whether or not the registered owner receives the notice. The Notes shall cease to bear interest on the specified redemption date provided that federal or other immediately available funds sufficient for such redemption are on deposit at the office of the Depository at that time. Upon such deposit of funds for redemption the Notes shall no longer be deemed to be outstanding.

It is hereby certified and recited that all conditions, things and acts required by law to exist or to be done prior to and in connection with the issuance of this Note have been done, have existed and have been performed in due form and time; that the aggregate indebtedness of the County, including this Note and others issued simultaneously herewith, does not exceed any limitation imposed by law or the Constitution of the State of Wisconsin; and that a direct annual irrepealable tax has been levied sufficient to pay this Note, together with the interest thereon, when and as payable.

This Note has been designated by the County Board of Supervisors as a "qualified tax-exempt obligation" pursuant to the provisions of Section 265(b)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended.

This Note is transferable only upon the books of the County kept for that purpose at the office of the Fiscal Agent, only in the event that the Depository does not continue to act as depository for the Notes, and the County appoints another depository, upon surrender of the Note to the Fiscal Agent, by the registered owner in person or his duly authorized attorney, together with a written instrument of transfer (which may be endorsed hereon) satisfactory to the Fiscal Agent duly executed by the registered owner or his duly authorized attorney. Thereupon a new fully registered Note in the same aggregate principal amount shall be issued to the new depository in exchange therefor and upon the payment of a charge sufficient to reimburse the County for any tax, fee or other governmental charge required to be paid with respect to such registration. The Fiscal Agent shall not be obliged to make any transfer of the Notes (i) after the Record Date, (ii) during the fifteen (15) calendar days preceding the date of any publication of notice of any proposed redemption of the Notes, or (iii) with respect to any particular Note, after such Note has been called for redemption. The Fiscal Agent and County may treat and consider the Depository in whose name this Note is registered as the absolute owner hereof for the purpose of receiving payment of, or on account of, the principal or redemption price hereof and interest due hereon and for all other purposes whatsoever. The Notes are issuable solely as negotiable, fully-registered Notes without coupons in the denomination of \$5,000 or any integral multiple thereof.

No delay or omission on the part of the owner hereof to exercise any right hereunder shall impair such right or be considered as a waiver thereof or as a waiver of or acquiescence in any default hereunder.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, Sheboygan County, Wisconsin, by its governing body, has caused this Note to be executed for it and in its name by the manual or facsimile signatures of its duly qualified Chairperson and County Clerk; and to be sealed with its official or corporate seal, if any, all as of the original date of issue specified above.

	SHEBOYGAN COUNTY, WISCONSIN
	By:
	Thomas J. Wegner
	Chairperson
(SEAL)	
	By:
	Jon Dolson
	County Clerk

ASSIGNMENT

FOR VALUE RECEIVED, the undersigned sells, assigns and transfers unto

(Name	and Address of Assignee)
(Social Security or	other Identifying Number of Assignee)
the within Note and all rights thereunde	er and hereby irrevocably constitutes and appoints, Legal Representative, to transfer said Note on
the books kept for registration thereof,	with full power of substitution in the premises.
Dated:	
Signature Guaranteed:	
/ Park Trust Organism	(Danasitania Alamina Alama)
(e.g. Bank, Trust Company or Securities Firm)	(Depository or Nominee Name)
	NOTICE: This signature must correspond with the name of the Depository or Nominee Name as it appears upon the face of the within Note in every particular, without alteration or enlargement or any change whatever.
(Authorized Officer)	

SHEBOYGAN COUNTY ORDINANCE NO. 08 (2017/18)

Re: Amending Sections 72.15 and 72.32(43) of the Sheboygan County Shoreland Ordinance Regarding Lake Michigan Setback

WHEREAS, in 2012, the Sheboygan County Planning and Conservation Department was notified that Sheboygan County's Shoreland Zoning Ordinance needed to be revised and updated in order to be compliant with new statutory requirements and with more modern practices, and

WHEREAS, the Planning and Conservation Department, together with the Department of Natural Resources (DNR), put together a "stakeholder" group comprised at times of as many as 20 people representing a variety of parties with competing interests and charged the group with recommending code provisions which would be in compliance with new Wisconsin statutory and administrative requirements while at the same time balancing private property rights against the public interest in controlling the use of shorelands and wetlands, and

WHEREAS, one of the things that the stakeholder group recognized early on in its line-by-line review of the existent Ordinance was that Lake Michigan, with its sand beaches, rock cliffs, earthen bluffs, waves in excess of 15 feet, tides, seiches, rip currents, and wave run-up, has vastly different characteristics from inland lakes and rivers, and

WHEREAS, in recognition of the difference between Lake Michigan and inland lakes, the stakeholder group supported a standard that had been in place since the 1990s wherein Sheboygan County would calculate setbacks for Lake Michigan property utilizing an Ordinary High Water Mark (OHWM) for Lake Michigan as the line where an elevation of 582.7 feet above sea level intersects the shoreline, and

WHEREAS, this provision addressed health, safety, and welfare concerns of the Lake Michigan shoreline properties in both the northern part of the County with its steep bluffs and in the southern part of the County with its gently sloping sand beaches with dunes, and

WHEREAS, on November 6, 2012, the County Board enacted Ordinance No. 10 (2012/13) which completely revised Chapter 72 (the Shoreland Zoning Ordinance) which provided for the unique treatment of Lake Michigan property, and

WHEREAS, on July 12, 2015, the Wisconsin legislature enacted 2015 Wisconsin Act 55, the Budget Bill, which included as one of its provisions a new Wis. Stat. § 59.692(1d) prohibiting counties from enacting shoreline regulations that are more restrictive than state shoreland zoning standards, and

WHEREAS, the County has been informed by the DNR that the unique treatment of Lake Michigan shoreland property under its Shoreland Zoning Ordinance is now non-complaint with the new requirements of Wis. Stat. § 59.692(1d) and that the County is again being required to amend its Ordinance to treat Lake Michigan shoreland property just like any inland lake shoreland property, and

WHEREAS, the County Board finds this state-mandated ordinance change is not in the best interests of the citizens of Sheboygan County but is obliged to follow the statutory provisions to amend its Ordinance to be compliant with state law;

NOW, THEREFORE, the County Board of Supervisors of the County of Sheboygan does ordain as follows:

Section 1. <u>Amending Sections 72.15 and 72.32(43)</u>. Sections 72.15 and 72.32(43) of the Sheboygan County Code of Ordinances is hereby amended as follows (charges marked by redlining or strikethrough) (only those Sections or portions of Sections affected appear):

72.15(1)(a) Inland—Navigable Waters, except if exempt or reduced as hereafter provided.

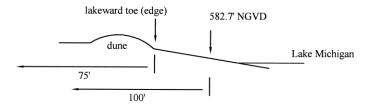
 Required Setbacks. All structures shall require a setback of at least seventy-five feet (75') from the OHWM although a greater setback may be required where otherwise regulated by the floodplain provisions of Chapter 73 of the County Code of Ordinances or other more restrictive ordinances.

(b) Lake Michigan.

- Findings of Fact. Lake Michigan possesses unique ecological characteristics, water level fluctuations, and erosion hazards, not found on other surface waters in Sheboygan County.
- 2. Required Setbacks. All structures shall be set back at least one hundred feet (100') from the OHWM elevation of 582.7' National Geodetic Vertical Datum (NGVD) or Mean Sea Level (MSL) or 75' from the lakeward toe of the natural primary dune, whichever is less.

Toe: The lowest point on the slope of a dune or bluff.

Lakeward toe: The toe or edge on the lake side of the dune.



(eb) Reduced Setback for New Principal Structures. A setback less than the seventy-five foot (75') required setback from the OHWM shall be permitted for a proposed principal structure and shall be determined as follows:

- Where there are existing principal structures in both directions, the setback shall equal the average of the distances the two existing principal structures are set back from the OHWM provided all of the following are met:
 - A. Both of the existing principal structures are located on an adjacent lot to the proposed principal structure;
 - B. Both of the existing principal structures are located within two hundred fifty feet (250') of the proposed principal structure;
 - C. Both of the existing principal structures are located less than seventy-five feet (75') from the OHWM; and
 - D. The average setback shall not be reduced to less than thirty-five feet (35') from the OHWM of any navigable water.

Functional appurtenances such as decks or porches that are attached to the proposed principal structure must comply with the reduced principal structure setback but shall not be used in the calculation of the reduced principal structure setback.

(43) **ORDINARY HIGH WATER MARK (OHWM)**. The point on the bank or shore up to which the presence and action of water is so continuous as to leave a distinctive mark by erosion, destruction, or prevention of terrestrial vegetation, predominance of aquatic vegetation, or other easily recognized characteristics.

Erosion scars, transitions in vegetation from aquatic to terrestrial types, cobbled beaches below the current waterline, and evidence of even-aged stands of woody vegetation paralleling contours or below the existing water line may all be indicators of current or historic OHWM. Only one (1) OHWM indicator need be present to establish an OHWM, but a number of indicators may be interpreted together to locate it at a given site. When the bank or shore is of such character that it is difficult or impossible to ascertain the point of OHWM, recourse may be had to the opposite bank of a waterway or to similar places on the shore of a lake or flowage to determine whether a given stage of water is above or below the OHWM.

Notwithstanding the above, and for zoning purposes only, the OHWM for the coastal reach of Lake Michigan extending from the City of Sheboygan south to the south County line may be determined by an elevation at 582.7 feet NGVD (National Geodetic Vertical Datum, also known as MSL, Mean Sea Level), an elevation equivalent to 581.4 feet IGLD (International Great Lakes Datum), as determined by the Bureau of Water Regulation & Zoning, Wisconsin Department of Natural Resources. Elevations shall be determined

141	by a registered professional surveyor, employing not less than five (5 uniformly distributed points of elevation, tied to a fixed reference point. The		
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143	OHWM shall be a line	e connecting these points.	
144			
145		rovisions. Because the County Board believes these	
146		erests of the citizens of Sheboygan County, the County	
147		this Ordinance to Governor Walker, the Secretary of the	
148		Resources, and to Sheboygan County legislative	
149		islature can fix Wis. Stat. § 59.692(id) to allow local	
150	deviations in shoreland zoning ordina	ances to address unique local conditions.	
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152	Section 3. Effective Da	ate. The herein Ordinance shall take effect upon	
153	enactment.		
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156	Respectfully submitted this 7th day of	f November, 2017.	
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159	PLANNING, RESOURCES, AGR	CULTURE, AND EXTENSION COMMITTEE*	
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161			
162			
163	Keith Abler, Chairperson	Fran Damp, Vice-Chairperson	
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165		<u> </u>	
166	Steven Bauer	James Baumgart	
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168		<u> </u>	
169		Curt Brauer	
170			
171			
172	Oppos	sed to Introduction:	
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174			
175			
176	*County Board members signing only		
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180	Countersigned by:		
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183			
184	Thomas Wegner, Chairperson	_	
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188	R:\CLIENT\08299\00018\00114689.DOCX	November 3, 2017, draft	

FISCAL NOTE November 2017

Ordinance No. 08 (2017/18) RE: Amending Sections 72.15 and 72.32(43) of the Sheboygan County Shoreland Ordinance Regarding Lake Michigan Setback

Funding:

No additional funding is required.

Respectfully Submitted,

Wendy A. Charnon, Finance Director

November 3, 2017